# The New-York Times.

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HELMBOLD.

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT OF BUCHU.
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AT THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE
THE HOTTENTOTS

have long used BUCHU for a variety of diseases: it was borrowed from those rude practitioners by the English and Dutch physicians, on whose recommendation it was employed in Europe, and has now come into general use. It is given chiefly in

Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, for Female Weakness and Debility, for Prolapsus and Bearing Down, or Prolapsus Uteri, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Retention or Incontinence of Urine,

and all diseases requiring the aid of a diuretic, arising from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. It is also recommended in cases of

DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, CUTANEOUS AFFECTIONS AND DROPSY.

To cure these diseases we must bring into action the muscles which are engaged in their various functions. To neglect them, however slight may be the attack, is sure to affect the bodily health and mental powers. Our FLESH and BLOOD are supported from these sources. Persons at every period of life, from

INFANCY TO OLD AGE,

and in every state of health, are liable to be subjects of these diseases. The causes in many instances are unknown. The patient has, however, an admirable remedy in

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

*Philadelphia Evening Bulletin Editorial, Sept. 15, 1865.*

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

His Solid and Fluid Extracts embody the full strength of the ingredients of which they are named. They are left to the inspection of all. A ready and conclusive test of their properties will be a comparison with those set forth in the United States Dispensatory. These remedies are prepared by H. T. Helmbold, Druggist, of sixteen year's experience in this city, and we believe them to be reliable; in fact we have never known an article lacking merit to meet with a permanent success, and Mr. Helmbold's success is certainly prima facie evidence. His Drug and Chemical Warehouse, in the City of New-York, is not excelled, if equaled, by any in this country, and we would advise our readers, when visiting that city, to give him a call and judge for themselves.

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HELMBOLD.

## FIVE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

### Arrival of the Nova Scotian at Portland.

### Disasters to American Shipping on the Coast of England.

### Important Speech by Mr. Bright on the Reform Bill.

### Conclusion of the Fenian Trials--Release of McCafferty and Mackey.

### Disastrous Fire in London---Two Million Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

### Reported Alliance Between France and Austria.

PORTLAND, Me., Friday, Jan. 19.

The steamship *Nova Scotian*, Capt. WYLIE, which left Liverpool at 12:30 P. M. on the 4th inst., and Greencastle on the 5th inst., arrived at this port at 6 o'clock this evening.

The steamships *Hibernian* from Portland, and *City of Dublin* from New-York, reached Liverpool at noon on the 3d.

The steamship *Hibernia*, from New-York, arrived at Glasgow on the 3d.

The steamship *Asia*, from Boston, arrived at Liverpool on the 31st ult.

The steamship *City of Boston*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 2d.

The steamships *Helvetia*, *Teutonia* and *Java*, from New-York, arrived at Queenstown on the 5th.

The steamship *North American* left Londonderry for Portland, on the 3d.

### THE RECENT GALES.

### Disasters to American Shipping.

There have been furious gales around the English coast, and many disasters are reported.

The ship *Meridian*, from New-York for London, was fallen in with by the *City of Boston*, off the Irish coast, disabled by loss of rudder, &c. Every effort was made in vain by the steamship *City of Boston* to get the ship before the wind, and the ship was finally abandoned. The crew were taken off by the *City of Boston*.

The *North American* put back to Londonderry on the night of the 30th, with machinery broken. She expected to sail again on the night of the 2d.

The steamer *St. Andrew*, which left Liverpool on the 30th ult., for New-York, put back to Ennishaven Light, near Londonderry, and landed the crew of the ship *Pleiades*, from Richibucto for Belfast, which was abandoned.

The ship *J. P. Wheeler*, from New-York for the Clyde, put into Oban on the 31st ult., leaky; had lost her sails and bulwarks, and was much damaged, and her crew were disabled. On the 30th, off the Mull of Galloway, spoke ship *Guy Mannering*, which requested her to remain by her and take off the crew, but she was lost sight of during the night.

Ship *Harvest Queen*, from Liverpool for New-York, put into Belfast on the 3d; bulwarks damaged, &c.

Ship *Emerald*, from Liverpool for New-York, put back on the 3d, leaky; lost her sails, rudder sprung, and must discharge.

Brig *Otter*, from Philadelphia for Havre, was totally wrecked in Clew Bay, near Westport. Part of her cargo, it was expected, would be saved.

Ship *New World*, from Liverpool for New-York, put back on the 1st; lost her sails and leaky.

Ship *Rodman Pratt*, from Liverpool for Baltimore, was in Ballinskilligs, dismasted. The Captain had telegraphed for a tug. If the weather moderated she might hold out. The crew were landed.

Ship *Leander*, from New-York for Liverpool, ran ashore near Crookhaven on the 31st ult., but got off on the 3d inst., and was not making much water.

Ship *Meridian*, from New-York for London, was abandoned off Cape Clear on the 1st inst. Crew saved.

Ship *Swanley*, from New-York for Queenstown, put into Barmory on the 30th ult.; cargo shifted, foremast sprung, &c.; crew exhausted; employed hands to pump.

Ship *John Fyfe* received considerable damage in the Clyde from a collision and would go into harbor.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

### Another Reform Speech by Mr. Bright.

Mr. BRIGHT had made another great speech on the reform question at Rochdale. He expressed his belief that Earl RUSSELL had taken up the question of reform with the energy of thirty years ago. The meeting adopted a memorial to Parliament praying for an extension of the franchise and voting by ballot.

The *Times* remarks that for the first time in his political life, Mr. BRIGHT speaks as a man conscious of responsibility for what he says. He recognizes the existence of persons who differ from himself. He speaks of considering not what would be abstractly best, but what a Cabinet reasonably may be expected to propose.

The *Herald* says his speech is the least offensive which Mr. BRIGHT has yet delivered outside of Parliament.

All the other morning papers have leading articles on the speech.

### Improvement in American Securities.

Satterthwaite's Circular, of the evening of the 3d says: "Since our last, the market for American securities has, as usual at this time of the year, been very inactive. On higher quotations from New-York, Five-twenties have improved nearly one dollar, closing at 65¼@65⅜. Illinois Central is now quoted ex-dividend at 77¾@78, equivalent to an advance of ¾ per cent., but Eries, after improving 1, close flat at ¾ under last week or 56½@57."

### The Fenian Trials.

The Fenian trials concluded at Cork on the 2d. Several more prisoners were convicted and sentenced. The trials of the remainder were adjourned to the assizes, and many were liberated on bail. JOHN MCCAFFERTY and W. MACKEY, being aliens, were admitted to bail on their own recognizances. The Judge told them if they left the country they would not be called for trial. These men were cheered through the streets by large crowds.

### Miscellaneous News.

The *Times* anticipates that by next January the Emperor NAPOLEON will have withdrawn his troops from Mexico and from Rome.

The London *Times* editorially urges acceleration in the rate of the repayment of the national debt, which, at the present rate, will not be extinguished till the year 2270. It quotes the propositions for the speedy repayment of the American debt as an evidence.

The British revenue returns for 1865 are highly satisfactory.

A great fire at the St. Catharines Dock warehouse in London had occurred. The loss was immense, consisting principally of hemp, jute, tallow, &c. A later dispatch says that the fire was one of the most dangerous that had occurred for years. An official estimate of the damage has not yet been ascertained; but the latest unofficial estimate runs as high as £400,000 sterling. There is little doubt but that it was incendiary.

The *Star* says the Colonial Office leaves the Jamaica Inquiry Commissioners quite free to conduct the inquiry in their own way.

Crewe Hall, the residence of Lord CREWE, and one of the finest Elizabethian buildings in England, was destroyed by fire. The loss was estimated at £120,000 sterling.

Official returns for the week ending Dec. 30 show a large increase of fresh cases of the cattle disease. For the present week the number was 6,256, and in the last week of December it was 7,693. The number in Yorkshire was 1,456; in Scotland, 1,975.

### CONTINENTAL NEWS.

### France.

NAPOLEON gave the usual New-Year's reception to the diplomatic body.

Count FAVORNEY, Second Secretary of the French Embassy at Washington, had had an audience with the Emperor.

The Emperor of Austria had sent the Order of St. Stephen of Hungary to the French Prince Imperial.

An alliance between France and Austria was spoken of.

The Bourse was firmer; rentes, 68fr. 52c.

### Prussia.

The Berlin *Staats Anzeiger*, in its non-official position, contains an article on the United States, in which it characterizes the President's message as eminently conservative, and lays stress upon the continued friendly relations between Prussia and the United States. The article points out the success of American institutions, and denounces the precipitate and unjust opinions which have been expressed by some Prussian journals friendly to, but improperly regarded as government organs.

### Italy.

The new Italian Ministry had been completed under the presidency of LA MARMORA.

It is stated that the new Minister of Finance will maintain the budget of his predecessor, with the exception of the army and navy estimates, which he will endeavor to reduce.

The Pope received the congratulations of the French army on the 1st inst. He returned thanks, and said it would probably be the last time he could bestow his blessing on them. He feared the enemies of the Church would go to Rome after the departure of the French troops; expressed his happiness that the past year had strengthened the bonds of peace and was an augury for a long day of peace and prosperity over the world.

### Spain.

The *Correspondencia* says the government knows of the revolutionary projects of those who mistake forbearance for weakness, and in any case is certain of defeating them.

### Hungary.

The Transylvania Diet has been officially notified that the representatives of Transylvania will shortly be summoned to the Diet at Pesth.

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

### The London Money Market.

CONSOLS steady and firmer. The discount demand at the Bank was comparatively moderate. The open market was well supplied at 7 per cent. Gold withdrawals from the bank still continued.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan 4—noon.

The Bank rate of discount has just been advanced to 8 per cent.

The *Times'* City Article says: Few persons now doubt that the main cause of the condition of our money market is to be found in a series of unlimited consignments of goods upon credit to America. We get no proportionate returns in bullion, cotton, wheat or other produce, the receipts being far below, instead of above, the usual quantities. The discount demand at the Bank yesterday, at the advanced rate, was of a full character. In the Stock Exchange, at the opening, the supply of money was rather good, and dealers, not expecting any fresh action at the Bank, offered readily, at short periods, at 5 per cent.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Jan. 4.

COTTON—Sales for four days 27,000 bales, including 9,000 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is firmer, with an advance of ¼d. Middling Uplands, 21d.

TRADE REPORT.

The Manchester market is firm and steady for GOODS and YARNS.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The BREADSTUFFS market is heavy, with but light inquiry, and prices are weak. Messrs. WAKEFIELD, NASH & CO. and others report: FLOUR dull and easier. WHEAT very dull, and has partially declined 1d.@2d. ℔ quintal. CORN inactive, with a slight decline; Mixed 29s. 6d.@29s. 9d.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The market is inactive. Messrs. RICHARDSON & CO., BIGLAND, ATHYA & CO., and others, report: BEEF quiet and steady. PORK quiet and steady. BACON heavy, and declined 1s.@2s. LARD dull and easier. TALLOW quiet.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

ASHES dull. SUGAR quiet and steady. COFFEE inactive. RICE, no sales. RESIN steady; sales small. PETROLEUM quiet at 2s. 11d. SPIRITS TURPENTINE quiet and steady.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 4.

BREADSTUFFS dull and easier. SUGAR steady. COFFEE quiet and steady. TEA firm, RICE steady. TALLOW firm at 48s. 3d. SPIRITS TURPENTINE firmer at 46s.@47s.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 4.

Consols closed at 87⅛@87¼ for money.

The Bank of England has advanced its rate of discount to-day to 8 ℔ cent.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

United States 5-20s, 65@65¼; Illinois Central Railroad, 77¾@78; Erie Railroad, 56½@57.

### Latest Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Jan. 5.

COTTON—Sales of the week 55,000 bales, including 7,000 bales to speculators and 13,500 bales to exporters. The market opened buoyant at the first of the week, with an advance of ¼ penny ℔ lb., which advance was subsequently lost, the market closing with a partial loss of ¼ penny ℔ lb. on the week, owing to the advance in the rate of discount to 8 ℔ cent. by the Bank of England. The authorized quotations are as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fair Orleans | 22¾d. | Middling Orleans | 21d. |
| Fair Mobile | 22½d. | Middling Mobile | 20¾d. |
| Fair Uplands | 22d. | Middling Uplands | 20½d. |

The sales to-day (Friday) were 8,000 bales, the market closing dull.

The total stock in port is 462,500 bales, including 176,000 bales of American.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is very dull and all qualities have slightly declined.

PROVISIONS—The market is easier. Beef is more steady.

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 5.

CONSOLS closed at 86⅝@86⅞ for money.

The Money market is flat under the advance in the bank rate, and operators are awaiting the telegraphic reception of American advices per steamship *Java*, which arrived off Queenstown to-day.

The weekly return of the Bank of England shows a decrease in bullion of £296,000.

The Bank of France has advanced its rate of discount to 5 ℔ cent.

There is no political news of importance to-day.

AMERICAN STOCKS—U. S. 5-20s, 64¾; Illinois Central Railroad, 76¾@77; Erie Railroad, 56@57.

GREENCASTLE, Friday, Jan. 5.

The steamships *Helvetia* and *Teutonia* from New-York have arrived.

The steamship *Java* from New-York has arrived off Queenstown.

## FROM THE RIO GRANDE.

### Correspondence Between Gens. Weitzel and Crawford.

The New-Orleans *Times* of Jan. 11 publishes the following:

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Jan. 1, 1866.

*Maj.-Gen. Godfrey Weitzel, Commanding District Rio Grande and Twenty-fifth Army Corps:*

GENERAL: Information has just reached me that a number of soldiers belonging to the army of Mexico, were this morning captured in battle by the soldiers of the (so-called) Emperor of Mexico, and that, by orders of the traitor MEJIA, they are to be shot to death early to-morrow morning. I wish, General, to protest, in the name of humanity, against this violation of the usages of civilized warfare, and request that you, on the part of the United States, prevent this atrocious murder of patriots, in cold blood, by the tools of the Austrian usurper.

The opinions of the people and of the government of the United States, in relation to the inhuman orders of MAXIMILIAN, are well known, and to permit the patriotic soldiers of a sister Republic, with which we hold diplomatic relations, to be butchered by orders of an usurper within sight of the United States flag and within sound of a camp of United States troops, is to prove false to every principle that an American citizen holds dear.

As an officer of the Mexican Republic, I call upon you, General, to prevent this dreadful crime.

I have the honor to be, General, with respect, your obedient servant,
R. CLAY CRAWFORD,
Maj.-Gen. Div. Mexican Army.

GEN. WEITZEL TO GEN. CRAWFORD.

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION OF THE RIO GRANDE,
BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Jan. 2, 1866.

*R. Clay Crawford, General of Division, Army of Mexico:*

General: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of yesterday.

I have notified Gen. MEJIA of the opinion which I firmly believe my government holds on that subject, and entered solemn protest, in writing, against the act.

Gen. MEJIA replies that he is obliged to obey the orders of his government.

I will notify my superiors of this, but I have positive written orders not to commence hostilities without instructions so to do.

I am, General, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,
G. WEITZEL,
Major-General Commanding.

From the same source we extract:

"Gen. CRAWFORD was shot at by the Mexicans over the river a few days since, while riding on our side, just below the town. Gen. WEITZEL sent an immediate protest to the traitors, which was received, and an apology was returned; but these insults are becoming rather too frequent to be looked upon coolly."

### The Troubles on the Rio Grande—Gen. Sheridan to Keep Order.

*From the Philadelphia Ledger.*

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Jan. 18.

The government is without any official advices with reference to the capture of Bagdad, and there can be no doubt but what it regrets the occurrence. Gen. SHERIDAN will likely proceed immediately from New-Orleans to the Rio Grande, in order by his personal presence and authority to keep the difficulty from spreading.

If it is found that any of our recognized forces were engaged in the capture of the French garrison, they will be summarily dealt with by the government, which is determined that its honestly-expressed pledge of neutrality shall not be violated with impunity.

The great trouble now to be apprehended is the shedding of more blood—both American and French—in the recapture of the town, which has, no doubt, ere this been effected. At last advices the Imperialists held all the roads between Matamoras and Bagdad—a distance of some seventy miles—and they also commanded the river, so that it would seem morally impossible that the "one hundred" or "four hundred fillibusters," so called, should escape capture or destruction.

The French Minister here is very reticent upon the matter, and will probably await official details of the affair, or instructions from home, before asking "explanations" from our government. I think news of the reoccupation of Bagdad by the French may be looked for within a week.

### The Strike on the Michigan Southern Railroad.

CHICAGO, Friday, Jan. 19.

The engineers' strike on the Michigan Southern Railroad is resulting in no detention to the passenger trains. Freight trains were stopped only 24 hours. Both passenger and freight trains are running regularly to-day. The strikers have all been discharged.

### The Northern Pacific Railroad.

BOSTON, Friday, Jan. 19.

Hon. J. GREGORY SMITH, ex-Governor of Vermont and manager of the Vermont Central Railroad, has been elected President of the new Board of Directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. The general offices of this company have been opened in Boston under the new management. The entire railroad interest of New-England has become closely identified with the Northern Pacific road, the construction of which will be commenced at the earliest practicable moment.

## THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

### FIRST SESSION.

SENATE....FRIDAY, Jan. 19.

COLLECTING SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill to restrict the expenses of collecting soldiers' claims against the government. It enacts that the dues of agents and attorneys for making out and causing to be executed the papers necessary to establish any claim of any commissioned officer or soldier in the regular army, volunteer or militia force of the United States, or for collecting a claim for bounty, or arrears of pay, shall in no case exceed ten dollars; provided that the expenses incurred in acknowledging the necessary affidavits in such claims before a notary public, justice of the peace, or other officers, shall be defrayed by the claimants; but shall in no case exceed the actual amount established by law for such acknowledgments. Any agent or attorney who shall demand or receive more than the above amount, or shall agree to prosecute any claim on condition of a per centum of any portion of such claim, or shall wrongfully withhold payment of proceeds of such claim to the claimant, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine of $300, or be imprisoned for two years, or both, according to the circumstances and aggravation of the offence.

The bill was referred to the Military Committee.

RELIEF OF CERTAIN OFFICERS.

Mr. RAMSEY introduced a bill, which was referred to the Military Committee, for the relief of certain officers of colored troops for services between the date of appointment and muster, in giving them pay for that time.

PETITION OF COLORED PEOPLE.

Mr. SUMNER presented the petition of colored citizens of the District of Columbia, asking for the abolition of all laws making distinctions on account of color, which was referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

THE FLORIDA SENATORSHIP.

Mr. DOOLITTLE—I rise to present the credentials of WILLIAM MARVIN, Senator elect from the State of Florida. In doing so, I desire to say that, personally, I have known this gentleman for nearly thirty years, and of his character and high standing during that period, and for his loyalty to the government of the United States during all this struggle, it gives me great pleasure to bear testimony. His service as a judge of the United States in the District of Florida, for many years, are known to the whole country. His ability as a judge in the administration of our laws and admiralty jurisdiction, are known, not only to the country, but to the world. One of the best works ever published on admiralty jurisdiction, which is often quoted in the courts of England, was written by him. And, Sir, it is with great pleasure that I can say it. Upon this subject, in my mind, there is a very great distinction. He is capable and willing to take the oath which Congress has prescribed as being necessary to be taken by every member of the House and of the Senate when they enter this body.

For myself, Sir, I should be prepared at this moment to ask that he should be sworn in at once and if the members of the Senate knew him as I know him, I can hardly conceive that there would be any objection. But, Sir, from deference to the opinions of others who surround me, who desire further time to look into the question which concerns the States in which the insurrection has existed, I shall not make that motion at this time, but intend to make a motion which, for the present, will dispose of the question. Before doing so, however, Mr. President, I desire to state, and I can do so in no better form nor clearer language than by quoting what was said by him when as Provisional Governor he was about to retire and surrender the administration of affairs of the State of Florida. Mr. DOOLITTLE quoted at length from the valedictory address of Gov. MARVIN, to which he referred.

Mr. SUMNER said he had no desire to discuss the question which arises upon the presentation of the credentials. He might say that there are many reasons for the expression of personal respect toward the gentleman who now appears as Senator from Florida. In many respects but not in all respects has he done well in the situation in which he was placed. I say undoubtedly not in all respects, for no person can read his speeches and say that he has done in all respects what the Governor of one of these States, at this time, should have done. But I have no desire to discuss his particular case. He (Senator DOOLITTLE) has alluded, however, to the condition of things in Florida. I wish to call attention to the actual condition of things there as represented by thoroughly competent witnesses whose characters are vouched for to me by the first citizens of that State.

Mr. SUMNER proceeded to read from letters stating that the people of Florida were disloyal, that the freedmen were being oppressed, and that the Union people were unjustly treated, &c., &c.

Mr. DOOLITTLE rose to reply, but Mr. GRIMES made a point of order that debate was out of order.

The Chair sustained the point, and the credentials were ordered to lie upon the table.

PENSION AGENCIES.

Mr. LANE, of Indiana, called up the bill in relation to pension agencies, giving the appointing power of pension agents to the President instead of as at present, to the Secretary of the Interior; and giving to the President, also, the right of defining the pension districts.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

Pending the consideration of the above subject, the morning hour expired, and the Chair announced that the bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau was in order, and this bill was accordingly taken up.

Mr. HENDRICKS, (Dem.,) spoke at length in opposition to the measure, alleging that the condition of the country rendered such legislation unnecessary, and, reading from the President's message to sustain the assertion that the people of the Southern States showed a willingness to acquiesce in the result of the war, he called attention to the report of Gen. GRANT and his idea of the best means of continuing the Freedmen's Bureau, which he said differed essentially from the provisions of the bill before the Senate. He objected to the bill as extending the jurisdiction over the Northern as well as the Southern States, and as an item of expense which the people ought not to be called upon to bear. It would cost, according to estimate, $12,000,000 for the ensuing year, an expense within $2,000,000 of the cost of maintaining the whole government under the administration of JOHN QUINCY ADAMS. The only section of the bill he would indorse was that proposing to set apart three millions of acres of public lands for homes for the freedmen. This he was willing to indorse because he believed something ought to be done for the freedmen. He denied the validity of the titles to the land given by Gen. SHERMAN to the negroes under an order issued at Savannah last Winter; holding that a Commanding-General could not transfer one man's property to the possession of another, except for the time during which he occupied the soil as a conqueror. The possession he said ceases with the departure of the army. He denied the right of Congress to purchase homes for freedmen. If freedmen were to be dependents they should be provided for by the States and not by the general government. But even if the constitution gave authority for this, it would not be wise or expedient to enact such a provision in a bill in these times, when deficiency bills ran up to millions of dollars. The seventh and eighth sections of the bill, which extended military jurisdiction over all persons to whom civil rights were denied by State law, practically abolishes all State lines and consolidates the powers of the government in a manner never intended by its founders.

Mr. TRUMBULL replied to the objections urged against the bill by Mr. HENDRICKS. The Freedmen's Bureau was established for the protection and care of a large class of people, who, as the result of the war, had been thrown upon the hands of the government, and must have perished, but for its care and protection. If the Senator from Indiana (HENDRICKS) denied the power of this government to protect people under such circumstances, he should remember that Congress recently appropriated half a million of dollars to make provision for destitute Indians, many of whom had rebelled against the government, and yet the Senator from Indiana had not raised his voice against that measure. The government has always taken care of such helpless persons as were thrown upon its care. The Freedmen's Bureau was not intended as a permanent institution. It was only designed to keep it in force until the persons made free by the war and the Constitutional Amendment were able to take care of themselves. Mr. TRUMBULL denied that the war power of the government ceased with the surrender of the rebel armies. The President and Gen. GRANT still regarded the South as in a state of insurrection. He read Gen. GRANT's late order, releasing from liability to the civil tribunals of the South persons in the military service of the government.

Mr. SAULSBURY inquired of Mr. TRUMBULL if he believed that Gen. GRANT had any constitutional authority to issue such an order.

Mr. TRUMBULL replied that he certainly did so believe. The Southern States had not yet been restored to their constitutional authority. Their civil governments were only tolerated by the military authorities. The Senator from Indiana (HENDRICKS) had referred to the bill as applicable to the State of Indiana. He (TRUMBULL) denied that it could have any application to Indiana, unless that State became in a state of revolt. The eighth section of the bill, he said, was explicit on this point.

While speaking on the subject of slavery, Mr. TRUMBULL was interrupted by Mr. SAULSBURY, who said he was the first to enter the Union under the constitution and the last to disobey that constitution. He was glad to say that she was the last slaveholding State, and that he was the last slaveholder in it. [Laughter in the galleries.]

Mr. TRUMBULL had no doubt that as Delaware had obeyed the constitution she would obey the amendment to it by abolishing slavery. [Applause in the galleries.]

Mr. TRUMBULL proceeded with his reply to Mr. HENDRICKS' objections, asserting the right of Congress to pass the bill before the Senate.

The question was then taken on the amendment confirming the titles to lands under Gen. SHERMAN's order, issued at Savannah, for three years, instead of forever as in the original bill.

The amendment was then adopted.

Pending the consideration of the subject the Senate adjourned.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

OUR MERCANTILE MARINE.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to the decrease of our mercantile marine, and suggesting immediate legislation in respect to the resolution of the House of Feb. 23d, 1865, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

PAY OF POSTMASTERS.

Mr. GRINNELL introduced a bill, which was referred to the Committee on the Post-Office, regulating compensation to the Postmasters by providing that the Postmaster-General shall readjust salaries once a quarter when there is a discrepancy of ten per cent. between the bases of commissions and salaries allowed.

TONNAGE TAX ON FLATBOATS.

On motion of Mr. MOREHEAD a resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of amending the act of July 14, 1862, so as to exempt from tonnage taxes all flatboats and barges on the western waters carrying the produce of owners to market and not used in hire or as common carriers.

THE MIAMI INDIANS.

On motion of Mr. STILLWELL, a resolution was adopted, instructing the Committee on Indian Affairs to report by bill or otherwise who constitute the tribe of Miami Indians in the State of Indiana, the names of persons having, it is claimed, been added to the list without the consent of the tribe to receive annuities.

CIRCULATING NOTES.

On motion of Mr. HOOPER, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, introduced a resolution, which was adopted, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the House what apportionment of the circulating notes, authorized by the National Currency Act, has been made in the different States, the District of Columbia and the Territories and as required by the amendment to that act approved March 3, 1865.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Mr. PRICE reported a bill from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds for the relief of CHAS. F. ANDERSON, which was adopted. It authorizes the payment of $75,000 in full for time, labor and expenses in preparing plans and drawings for the Capitol extension.

CAPTURED CANNON.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK, a resolution was adopted calling upon the Secretary of War for copies of the correspondence, which took place about June, 1865, between the Superintendent of the Military Academy and the Chief of Engineers of the United States Army in relation to the captured cannon during the rebellion, and preserving the same as public trophies at West Point.

STAMP DUTIES.

On motion of Mr. CULLOM, a resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of repealing that portion of the national revenue law in relation to stamp duties on written instruments, and referred to in Schedule B of said law.

PREVENTION OF SMUGGLING.

Mr. RICE, of Maine, introduced a bill to secure to African citizens certain privileges; and a bill further to prevent smuggling, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

NAVAL APPROPRIATIONS.

The House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. BLAINE, of Maine, in the chair, and proceeded to the consideration of the bill making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending June 30, 1867.

The item making an appropriation of one hundred and five thousand dollars for the purchase of Seavy's Island, Portsmouth Navy-yard, gave rise to debate.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, opposed it, maintaining that the appropriation was not to carry out any existing law; besides there was no necessity for enlarging that navy-yard now that the war was over.

Mr. STEVENS explained that Admiral SMITH was consulted, and it was ascertained that the navy-yard was so cramped for space that it was obliged to rent property for the purpose of carrying on its operations. Seventy or eighty acres were proposed to be acquired. If the property should be purchased it would be a matter of economy, inasmuch as there are buildings on the lands which could be occupied as officers' quarters without going to the expense of creating new ones.

Mr. SPALDING concurred in the views of the gentleman from Pennsylvania, and added that in time of peace we should prepare for war, and should not, therefore, put off our armor and the means of making it.

Mr. KASSON did not see anything but convenience which would justify the purchase, and said that in our present condition we should guard the public treasure and take proper measures for paying the public debt, and not incur any obligations not absolutely required by the public interests.

Mr. MARSTON concurred in the view last expressed, but for the reasons which he stated he believed that by the purchase there would be a great convenience in the enlargement of the yard, besides a large saving in money.

Mr. PIKE said the question was, what should be done with the navy?—whether we shall establish it on a permanent footing, to continue it, in fact, what it was intended to be, namely, a first-class power; or whether we should cause the navy to resume the old position on which it was formed before the war. The Committee on Appropriations had recommended a large increase for three or four of the navy-yards. They recommend an appropriation of half a million of dollars for the Charlestown Navy-yard; one and a half millions for the New-York Navy-yard, and a half a million for the Norfolk Navy-yard. This was one way of increasing our capacity for continuing and perpetuating our navy. Another proposition was to establish a new navy-yard at some proper place. The gentleman from Illinois (Mr. WASHBURNE) had opposed the appropriation on the ground that we carried on the war without the aid of increased navy-yards. This position was not well taken. In time of peace we did not need them; but during the war we had to resort to the private shipyards to build vessels. Everywhere, from Maine to the Potomac, private shipyards, foundries and machine-shops were working to their utmost extent for the government.

Mr. PATTERSON advocated the appropriation, showing that work could not only be done well, but cheaper, at the Portsmouth Navy-yard than elsewhere.

Mr. CONKLING was free to say, and was glad of this early opportunity of saying it, that whenever there was a fair doubt of the propriety of an appropriation, it was fair to give the government the benefit of it. At this time the presumption was against the appropriation, and he should set his face like a flint against any doubtful appropriation, believing that the responsibility of members was so unmistakable and so grave as to insist upon retrenchment and economy in every branch of the public service.

Mr. RICE, of Massachusetts, said that the Committee on Naval Affairs had cut down the appropriations in this bill to the extent of $5,000,000, and the first thing he did when this bill came up was to offer an amendment to save $800,000 more. No member of the government had displayed greater anxiety to retrench than had the Secretary of the Navy. He argued that it was absolutely necessary that the Portsmouth Navy-yard should be enlarged; otherwise the public interests would suffer.

Mr. WASHBURNE was not yet satisfied after what had been said that this purchase should be made, and he quoted from the report of Admiral SMITH to show that the island was not necessary for government purposes to make a first-class navy-yard. He claimed to have as great a pride in the navy as the gentleman from Massachusetts, and would do everything to uphold its honor and glory, but he was not under such pressure here as to vote for any measure unless there was a necessity for it.

Mr. ROLLINS briefly defended the proposed appropriation for the purchase of Seavy's Island, and said the gentleman himself had shown that it was necessary.

Mr. RAYMOND would not have the impression prevail that the Committee on Appropriations were less anxious for promoting commerce and saving money than the members who had spoken against the appropriation. That committee, after full examination, had come to the conclusion that in the long run money would be saved by the appropriation.

The House then voted and struck out the clause appropriating $105,000 for the purchase of Seavy's Island—67 against 40.

THE RECONSTRUCTION DEBATE.

The bill was then laid aside, and the House proceeded to the consideration of the President's annual message, when Mr. DEMING, of Connecticut, proceeded to express his views on that portion of it in which he said the President wisely referred to the House—the admission of members from the insurrectionary districts. Surrounding existing issues were on foot which stand out in broad relief. During the last four years we have been in a state of war with another government; both possessing a full knowledge of the meaning of that phrase, and of all the legal effects and liabilities belonging to a state of war. All the departments of this government and foreign nations had recognized war as existing between the United States and the Confederate States. After the military power of the rebels had been broken, their relations had been those of a vanquished enemy, with life, liberty, property and political system completely at the mercy of the conqueror. We have the right to hold the conquered enemy in the grasp of war until we obtain full security to the government, and until we can carry out all the pledges of good faith which we made during the progress of the war. He would not permit the organized rebels, called the Confederacy of States, to come back without the amplest guarantees. He would hold them where he had a right to hold them according to the mildest construction of the rights of the conqueror. He would hold them in the grasp of war until we obtain all the securities for the national safety and honor which we have a right to demand. By no consent of his should the public faith be jeopardized by the vote of any public enemy until the precious jewel of security shall be imbedded in the imperishable bulwarks of the constitution. He would require as a condition preliminary to readmission: First, that the government shall be absolutely protected from the repetition of rebellion by the insertion of a provision in the organic law.

2. That freedmen shall be secured in absolute equality with the whites before civil and criminal law, and endowed with every political right necessary to maintain their liberty.

3. That the public credit shall be protected as completely as it can be by organic law, and that there shall be no repudiation of the public debt.

4. That there must be protection from taxation, direct or indirect, for the payment of the rebel debt, and

5. An amendment to the constitution as proposed by Mr. BINGHAM, giving Congress power to make all laws necessary and proper to secure to all persons in every State equal protection to life, liberty and property.

More than this we might reasonably demand, but not a jot less can we receive. The country has been told that the South accepted the situation—so did PAYNE and the other conspirators. Some gentleman thanked God for the conversion of the Southern heart, which, for violent and vindictive passions, had become a reproach and a proverb of the past; but there was no loyalty in the South worthy of the name. He quoted from the report of Gen. CARL SCHURZ to show the South submitted as a necessity to the force of our arms, and said that the instrument of conversion was the "sword of ULYSSES," and now they wanted to steal back and strangle the government in the sanctuary. After a brief review of recent Southern legislation, especially in respect to negroes, he asked what faith could be placed in this generation of vipers. He would not take such bonds for their good behavior which they were at liberty to cancel or disregard. There was, he repeated, no loyalty there except dogged submission to the state of things, and they quietly bide the time when they can return to these halls to retrieve in the forum the misfortunes of the field. When the accumulated proof of the Southern animus should be brought before the conscience and intelligence of the North, there was not a man who could live under it, who sanctioned even for a moment the unconditional admission of these rebels to this floor, or who would permit their admission without requiring such guarantees as will abundantly secure us against their machinations hereafter. In conclusion, he said he was glad his feeble voice had spread this alarm. The rebels were in no condition to be admitted here, unless we sacrifice all the results of the war by constituting public enemies joint trustees with ourselves in guarding the most sacred treasures committed to our hands.

Mr. SMITH said the Congress should act with caution and prudence, and make haste slowly, and should reason in order to come to wise and just conclusions, so that freedom and peace may be secured to the greatest number of the people. He agreed with the position of the President, that no State is or ever was out of the Union. It was impossible, from the character of our government, to withdraw States from the Union, as the South attempted. No one was more opposed to treason and rebellion, with all the accompanying horrors, than himself, and he was fully impressed with the conviction that we should teach all men that treason is a crime, and must be punished. He was here to condemn those who brought on the war, but the war was over. There was not an armed rebel to be seen, and we had accomplished all we had undertaken, namely: To put down the rebellion, and thus dissipate the pretensions of a government separate from that of the United States. There were in the South large numbers of men who never abandoned their love of the Union and their devotion to the flag. Whatever the number of such citizens, whether large or small in the Southern States, or either of them, they were entitled to the protection of the government, and he was glad they were now protected and could reassert their freedom and social religious and political rights under the constitution. He argued that the southern States are states for all practical purposes, and part and parcel of the nation's life. Secession being wrong and a violation of the constitution, it seemed strange that any man, especially a public man, should maintain the position that they are out of the Union.

Before the gentleman concluded his remarks the committee rose, and the House adjourned till Monday.

MR. CONKLING'S RECONSTRUCTION RESOLUTION.

The following is a correct copy of the resolution recently sought to be introduced by Mr. CONKLING, of New-York, and in the transmission of which by telegraph several errors occurred:

*Resolved*, That in reëstablishing Federal relationships with the communities lately in rebellion, so as to permit them again to participate in administering the general government, the following are necessary and proper requirements, and ought to be secured by such measures as will render them, as far as possible, immutable:

1. The absolute renunciation of all the pretensions and evasions of secession as a doctrine and a practice.

2. The repudiation by the State and by the national government, of all public debts and obligations, including State and municipal liabilities contracted or assumed in aid of the late rebellion, and including, also, all claims by or on behalf of those who were in the military or naval service of the insurgents for bounty, pay or pensions, and all claims by persons not loyal to the United States for damages suffered by reason of the rebellion, and for advances made in its aid.

3. The assurance of human rights to all persons within their borders, regardless of race, creed or color, and the adoption of such provisions against barbarism, disorder and oppression, as will relieve the general government from the necessity of standing guard over any portion of our country to protect the people from domestic violence and outrage.

4. The impartial distribution of political power among all sections of the country, so that four million people shall no longer be represented in Congress in the interest of sectional aggrandizement, and at the same time be excluded from political privileges and rights.

5. The election of Senators and Representatives in truth loyal to the United States, and never ringleaders in the late revolt, nor guilty of dastardly betrayals which preceded the war, or of atrocities which war cannot extenuate.

## UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

### Lien for Supplies—It Does Not Attach for Moneys Loaned to Discharge Liens.

Chief Justice Chase presiding.

*Puig Mix & Souliere* vs. *The Ship James Guthrie.*—The libel in this case was filed in the District Court for the Southern District of New-York, to recover moneys advanced to the master at Mobile in 1856, and to enforce lien therefor. The charter of the ship provided that the owners should keep the vessel "provided with every requisite, and with men and provisions necessary for such a vessel." The ship was lying at Mobile under liens for supplies to the amount of about $4,000, and could not sail until such liens were discharged. It was finally arranged between the master and the libelants that the former should draw a bill of exchange upon her consignees at Cadiz, the place of her destination, which the latter would cash.

The bill was not paid, and upon the first opportunity the libelants sought to enforce a lien on the ship for the amount. The court below dismissed the libel, holding, first: that when the bill of exchange was purchased by the libelants there was no outstanding liability of the ship for repairs or supplies which could, within the principle of maritime law, be made to inure as a charge or lien, *per se*, upon the ship; that that original debt had been satisfied by the master by means of this personal loan to him, for which the security of the vessel was never asked or obtained; and, second, that this being a bill or draft, representing the amount of the disbursements expended in supplies and repairs to the ship, did not carry with it, by its own efficiency, a lien on the ship for the satisfaction of the amount; and that no custom in the port of Mobile to the contrary, if proven, could justify the adoption of the practice as one resting on principle or called for by expediency. Appeal was taken from that judgment to the Circuit Court, where it was affirmed, the Court refusing to consider the facts only so far as to satisfy itself that no lien attached for the money advanced.

The case was therefore brought here on appeal from that decision, the appellants contending that a ship being in a foreign port, and money being required for the necessary disbursements to get her to sea, any party making advances for that purpose acquires a lien on the vessel, by the general maritime law and the civil law, without any instrument of hypothecation, or any express contract for such lien; that the libelant's lien was not waived or impaired by taking the master's bill of exchange; that the libelant's lien is further sustained by the custom at Mobile and New-Orleans, which custom gives to such disbursement bill a lien on the vessel; that the lien was prosecuted diligently, the suit being brought on the first entrance of port by the ship after the protest of the bill of exchange; that the demand against the vessel is in all respects meritorious—the ship-owners who had chartered the vessel, and were bound by the charter, had the benefit of the advance; that any subsequent purchase of an interest in the vessel was taken subject to the lien, and would be charged with it, and certainly in this case where the purchaser had notice of the lien.

The respondents maintain that there was no lien, because there was no advance for the purchase of supplies, the ship being then ready for sea; that the money being advanced to enable the master to pay for supplies already purchased and shipped, no lien attached, and because the advance was not the promoting means of obtaining the supplies; that the proofs did not show that there was any hypothecation of the ship to secure the advance made by the libelants; that there is no rule or principle of maritime law which confers upon the purchaser or holder of a bill of exchange drawn by a master against the freight, to provide means for paying the ship's disbursements, a lien upon the vessel in the event of a disaster which prevents the freight being earned, or in any other event; that the bill of exchange itself contains the whole contract of the master and of the owners in whose behalf it is drawn; that it contains no hypothecation of the vessel or reference to it, but as construed by universal mercantile usage, it expressly limits the payees and subsequent holders to the personal liability of the master and owners, and to the freight earned, as the sole source of payment.

The court now hold (in affirmance of the judgment below) that there is no lien in such a case; that there could be no lien except for the purchase money for the supplies furnished the ship, and that the fact that the money advanced by libelants was used in paying for the supplies taken in by the ship does not affect the case nor change the rule. The advance could not take the place of the supplies in respect to the lien, which it had discharged. The supplies being paid for, the lien was discharged and none attached in respect to the money advanced.

Charles Tracy for appellants; Joseph H. Choate for respondents.

DECISIONS IN CASES REPORTED.

*A New-Yorker Victimized—Distinction Between Public and Private Laws.*—The county of Iowa issued bonds to aid a railroad running through it, under an act of the Legislature authorizing all counties and towns through which the railroad passed to aid in its construction. The constitution of the State requires all general laws to be published before they become operative or of any force or effect, and makes it the duty of the Secretary of State and Attorney-General to classify the laws into two general classes—the one to embrace all laws of "a general nature," joint resolutions and memorials, and the other to include all laws required to be published, not embraced in the former class.

The bonds were issued and passed into the hands of third parties and thence to Wall-street, before the act authorizing such aid to the road had been published. It was then published by the proper authorities as a *private or local law*. Subsequently the action was brought in the United States Court for the District of Wisconsin, to recover on about $80,000 of these bonds, as a test case for large amounts, and there was a division of opinion on the question as to the nature of the law—whether private or general—and it came thence to this court on a certificate of division, where it was now held, after exhaustive argument, per opinion by Justice SWAYNE, that the law should be held to be a general law and required to be published as such before of any force or effect. This decision renders the bonds worthless, and gives Wall-street a lesson in prudence.

AN UNSUCCESSFUL BID AT A CHANCERY SALE CONFERS NO TITLE ON THE BIDDER.

*Levi S. Blossom* vs. *The Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad Company.*—The plaintiff in this case at a sale in chancery of the defendants' railroad, was the highest bidder, but the property was not struck down to him, the sale being from time to time adjourned, and finally discontinued altogether, and the decree satisfied of record at the instance of the creditors who had brought suit.

The plaintiff was advised that he had an inchoate title to the property under his bid, and he applied to the court by petition to have the sale of the mortgaged premises confirmed to him. The petition was denied on the ground that the decree of sale was satisfied of record by the parties to the cause, who had directed the master to discontinue the sale.

The proceedings were in the United States District Court for Wisconsin, and having been affirmed at the circuit, were brought here for review, the sole question being whether or not a party bidding at a chancery sale does in virtue of being the highest bidder, acquire title to the property offered at the sale.

The court now hold (per opinion by Justice CLIFFORD) that such a bid does not become a contract between the bidder and the parties offering the property for sale until the bid is accepted and the property struck down to the bidder; that the bid requires the assent of both parties to make it a contract, which assent is only obtained and the action made binding, by the consummation of the purchase and sale by offer and acceptance.

## NORTH CAROLINA.

### Message of Gov. Worth—He Recommends the Discontinuance of the Freedmen's Bureau in North Carolina—He Leaves the Black Code to the Judgment of the Legislature.

RALEIGH, N. C., Friday, Jan. 19.

GOV. WORTH's message was read before the Assembly to-day. He recommends the early appointment of magistrates, and that the acts of the provisional clerks and sheriffs performed since the Provisional Governor was relieved be confirmed by the Legislature. He recommends that the Attorney-General have a fixed salary and reside at the capital, and not be required to ride the circuit. He recommends that all laws passed during the war unsuited to their present condition or in conflict with their allegiance, or with the Constitution of the State or United States be repealed. The Governor hopes the time is not distant when the United States will perceive we are ready to perform all our obligations to the National government. He advises the adoption of a judicious militia code, and the reorganization of the militia of the State. He reviews the condition of the banks, and advises an amendment to the charters of banks and railroads, to allow them to take stock in national banks. The State debt, exclusive of the war debt, is nearly $14,500,000. He advises the issue and sale of State bonds to pay interest on the State debt. Taxes to meet liabilities would be more than double former taxes, and more than the people in their impoverished condition could pay. The Governor would not be understood as being despondent relative to State affairs. He says we must rely chiefly upon our virtue and persevering industry; says we must protect the laborer and punish vagrants. The Governor says when the Legislature shall have appointed justices of the peace, and the courts are restored, the machinery of the civil government will be about complete. He recommends a stay law for the benefit of debtors if constitutional mode can be devised. GOV. WORTH thinks there will be no necessity for continuing the Freedmen's Bureau after the jurisdiction of the courts is restored. The blacks can get justice from the courts, and all conflict of authority will be prevented. He refers the Legislature to the commission appointed by the convention to review the code touching the blacks, makes no specific recommendation, but leaves the matter with the Assembly. He also refers to the collection of taxes by Federal officers and regrets that our Senators and Representatives have not been admitted into Congress. He closes as follows: "I pray God a returning sense of patriotism and justice will ere long correct the prejudices of the time, and carry out the wise system so successfully begun and perfected so far as depended on the Executive authority, for the restoration of the States, of a constitutional and harmonious Union, and that He will inspire all of us with the wisdom and disposition to do right."

## LOUISIANA.

### Stock-Raising—Plantation Sales—Low Prices—Finances in the Baton Rouge Parish.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, Jan. 18.

Gen. HOOD has returned from his Northern trip.

The planters in Lafayette, Vermillion and Colcasieu Parishes, West Louisiana, have opened a system of planting on a small scale. The cattle interest in that section is very large and valuable, and, requiring but few hands, begins to attract more attention than before the war.

Fine plantations of twenty acres, with improvements, near Baton Rouge, sold for $2,000. Two hundred acres, near Port Hudson, sold for $21,000.

The City of Baton Rouge created a sinking fund of one-fourth of all the money coming into the treasury, to pay all its outstanding liabilities, including its bonds. It is estimated that the war has occasioned to the Parish of East Baton Rouge alone a debt of over $12,000,000. More than thirty parishes were raided over during the war. Three hundred millions will not cover the loss. This is the advertised estimate of Baton Rouge.

The river is rising at Baton Rouge, and the water is causing chasms and crevices.

Gov. WELLS had appointed CHARLES C. JONES and BENJAMIN HALL, Courier, Commissioners of Deeds for the State of New-York.

## FLORIDA.

### Provisional Gov. Marvin Relieved—D. S. Walker, the Governor Elect, Recognized.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Jan. 19.

The government has relieved the Provisional Governor, MARVIN, and recognized D. S. WALKER as the constitutionally elected Governor of Florida.

## CINCINNATI.

### The Mill Creek Bottom Land—Death of Hon. John G. Davis.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Jan. 19.

At a meeting of the property-holders of Mill Creek Bottom, a resolution was adopted appointing a committee to petition the Legislature to empower the City of Cincinnati to condemn all the overflowed lands of Mill Creek Bottom for the use of the city. The amount of land subject to overflow is about one thousand acres, two hundred of which it is proposed to use for the erection of a basin and dock for shipping; the balance to be sold at appraised value.

HON. JOHN G. DAVIS, Ex-Member of Congress, died at Terre Haute yesterday.

### Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Friday, Jan. 19.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT declined 1c., closing quiet at $1 23@$1 23½. CORN dull at 43c. OATS quiet. HIGHWINES inactive. PROVISIONS dull. MESS PORK declined 25c.@50c., closing more sellers than buyers at $26 50@$26 75; bulk Sides in moderate request; Sides, 14c.; Shoulders, 11c.@11½c. GREEN MEATS quiet; Hams, 15½c.@16c.; Pickled and English Meats inactive and nominal. LARD quiet at 17c.@17½c. Hogs less active and declined 10c.@15c.; sales at $9 62½@$10; Dressed Hogs declined 25c.@50c.; sales at $10 75@$11 25, closing dull at outside for lots averaging 250 lbs. and upward. RECEIPTS—2,300 bbls. Flour, 11,500 bushels Wheat, 6,500 bushels Corn, 12,500 bushels Oats, 8,500 Live Hogs, 3,600 Dressed Hogs. SHIPMENTS—3,700 bbls. Flour, 1,400 bushels Wheat, 2,400 bushels Corn, 16,000 bushels Oats.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Jan. 19.

FLOUR and WHEAT unchanged; no sales. HOGS nominal; rates $11@$11 50; receipts 5,000 head. MESS PORK dull and heavy; city held at $29; small sales at $28 50. Nothing doing in GREEN MEAT. LARD closed dull at 17½c. WHISKY, $2 25, free. GOLD, 139⅝.

### Albany Cattle Market.

ALBANY, Friday, Jan. 19.

The cattle market has ruled decidedly against sellers, there being very little disposition to buy on the part of what few New-Yorkers are here, and but little more on the part of the Brighton buyers. It is considered the decline from last week's prices averages ¼c.@½c. ℔ lb. live, while several sales were made at figures ¾c. lower. Several hundred will go to Brighton, but the owners still hold an interest in most of those shipped for New-York. Prices on sales made here ranged from 4½c. to 9½c. One or two droves of choice extra are held at 10c., which a week ago would have quickly brought 10½c. last week. Receipts for the week, 4,900. SHEEP have declined ½c. ℔ lb., the ranges being 6c.@7½c. Hogs in good request at 10c.@11c. Receipts, 10,000, of which 5,700 were shipped directly to New-York.

# THE OTERO MURDER.

## Trial of Pellecier, the Alleged Accomplice of Gonzales.

## The Jury Difficulty—The "Vitiating" Tendencies of Newspapers.

## Opening of the Case for the Prosecution.

KINGS COUNTY OYER AND TERMINER.

Before Judge Gilbert and Justices Hoyt and Voorhies.

The trial of PELLICIER an alleged accomplice of GONZALES, the murderer of Señor Otero, was commenced yesterday in the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer before Judge GILBERT, of the Supreme Bench. It had been supposed that no jury could be found in Kings County which could render an impartial verdict on account of the wide spread publicity given the trial of GONZALES. In other words counsel assume that a man who reads the newspapers is not as fair as one who does not. It would seem to us that the opinion of the intelligent men who keep posted on the events of the day should be preferred to the judgment of twelve ignorant men who neither know nor care to know what is going on about them. It appears absurd to argue that the mind of an honest man is not sufficiently self-poised to entertain *de novo* evidence brought before it on a trial, even if it had been impressed with facts similar or dissimilar before. At the opening of the court yesterday morning the prisoner was brought in and placed at the side of his counsel, J. D. TOWNSEND and WM. R. HYSLOP, Esqrs., of New-York. He has a pleasanter face than GONZALES although the latter had a smile singularly sweet and winning; his face was clean shaven, his hair and eyes jet black, his complexion dark brown, his *toute ensemble* being eminently Spanish. He sat quietly and in an apparently unconcerned manner, neither offensively indifferent nor nervously anxious. The popular feeling which has manifested itself to an indecent extent during the past week seemed somewhat abated, but the progress of the trial will develop it as before. while the practice of walking the prisoner handcuffed and guarded from the jail to the Court House through the public streets, and followed by hundreds of yelling vagabonds, whets this morbid appetite and makes the demonstration as offensive to law as it is to decency. Even GONZALES after being convicted was paraded through the streets, followed and preceded by an infuriated mob of ignorant and vengeful wretches, while he, bowed down with the weight of misery and torment consequent upon conviction, struggled hard and bravely to bear up against the tide, and conducted himself like a man.

THE JURY.

The first thing in order was the procuring of a jury, but before that was done, Mr. TOWNSEND said: May it please the Court, at the opening of the term, I made a motion to postpone the trial of PELLICIER. The motion was overruled, but I desire again to suggest a postponement of it until such time as an unbiased jury can be obtained, and until witnesses as to the character of PELLICIER can be sent for. The order made by the Court concerning the suppression of the District-Attorney's opening in the case of GONZALES, was, in my opinion, perfectly proper and should have been enforced. The evidence in the case is now familiar to every one, and peculiarly so to these jurors who have heard the whole of it as it fell from the lips of the witnesses, or have read it in the columns of the newspapers. The District-Attorney has made several misstatements concerning my client, to one of which I will allude; he said that at one time he was an itinerant glazier; this is not so, for we have investigated his course of life carefully, during the past two years. VIELA has stated that he did not know GONZALES; this we can show if we are granted time to be false, and we shall be enabled to connect VIELA beyond a doubt with the commission of the murder. Has not the prisoner some rights, and shall he not be granted the free exercise of all his privileges? We feel that we have a good defence to make, and feeling thus, we make our application in earnestness and in good faith.

THE COURT AND THE PRESS.

*Judge Gilbert*—There is no doubt that an atrocious murder has been committed here, and it is due to the administration of justice that the trial should go on. The newspapers have, it is true, given wide publicity to the details of the case, and the attention of the people is largely attracted to it. If it be ascertained on a fair trial to empanel the jury, that in consequence of these publications in the newspapers the public mind has become so entirely vitiated that an impartial jury cannot be obtained, we will have to send the case up to the Supreme Court for removal and trial in another county.

The jurors were then drawn and called by Mr. STEVENS, the Clerk, in the following order:

CHARLES N. PAYNE—Had formed an opinion. Rejected.

ED. H. QUINN—Read the trial after he had been summoned as a juror, and formed an opinion. Rejected.

A. L. ROE, No. 201 Union-street, merchant—Read about the murder at the time it was committed; had formed an opinion, and still has the same opinion. Rejected.

STEPHEN COYLE—Read about the murder, but formed no opinion in regard to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner.

Counsel for defence challenged Mr. COYLE for favor.

The Court appointed E. L. SANDERSON and M. OTIS as triers to try the competency of the juror.

He was decided as competent, and challenged peremptorily by the counsel for the defence.

HERMAN BUCK—Was present part of the time of the Gonzales trial; thought he had a settled opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner. Rejected.

S. B. COLWELL—Read the case at the time of the murder; read Mr. DE WITT'S speech on the trial of GONZALES; had a settled opinion about it. Rejected.

JAMES MCKINNEY, farmer, Flatbush—Read an account of the murder of OTERO in the papers; thought he he had expressed an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner; at all events he had an opinion now.

WILLIAM SHERRY, shipsmith—Was called on the Gonzales trial; had never read anything about the case, and had no opinion. Peremptorily challenged by counsel for defence.

TIMOTHY C. ABBEY, No. 241 Navy-street: Was present part of the time during the trial; read the papers about it; had formed an opinion as to the guilt and innocence of the prisoner, and that opinion still existed. Set aside.

JOHN VANDYKE, Myrtle-avenue, near Jay-street. Set aside.

DOMINICUS SNEDEKER, salesman in a New-York house. Set aside.

HENRY WEBBER, Vanderbilt-avenue, near Park; in the baking business. Challenged peremptorily.

CHARLES DANA, manufacturer; had conversed with his wife about the matter, but expressed no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner; had no present opinion as to his guilt or innocence. The question as to his competency being left to the triers, Messrs. SANDERSON and OTIS, they decided in the negative.

EDWARD B. PLIMPTON. Set aside.

ISRAEL SAYRE and CHARLES GIBNEY. Set aside.

JACOB FLANDERS was perfectly unbiased and unprejudiced. Peremptorily challenged.

WM. H. DUNN, a flour inspector. Had been present during the trial of GONZALES, and read an account of the murder of OTERO in the newspapers. Had formed an opinion as to the guilt of the prisoner, which still remained. Set aside.

WM. A. SAAL set aside.

GEORGE B. JONES. Had no present opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused. It would require evidence to remove the impression formed on his mind.

The COURT—That forms no legal disqualification.

Mr. TOWNSEND—Will your Honor charge the triers that the juror's mind must be like a clean sheet of paper, and without prejudice or bias against the prisoner?

The Court so charged, and the triers pronounced him incompetent.

JOHN H. NEWBALL, grocer, corner of Park-avenue and Oxford-street. Set aside.

CHARLES THAYER, ROBERT BEAVER, JOHN R. GLOVER, HY. MORRISON, and JOHN DENTON, having been read an account of the murder and trial in the newspapers, and formed an opinion, were set aside.

The first juror was obtained at 12 o'clock, in the person of CHARLES W. BOGART, farmer, Canarsie.

THOMAS DOCKUM. Challenged peremptorily.

PETER H. RUMPH, WILLIAM GILLMORE, and ANDREW BRADY. Set aside.

GEORGE C. CLOSE; had not been at the trial of GONZALES; read something of the murder of OTERO; formed an impression but not a fixed opinion as to the guilt of PELLICIER. Challenged for favor, tried and found competent.

JOSEPH M. BAKER, merchant—Had an opinion. Rejected.

CHARLES O'CONNER, book-keeper; formed an opinion. Set aside.

GEORGE W. GAGE—Had no opinion as to the guilt of the prisoner. Challenged for favor, tried and declared competent. Peremptorily challenged by defence.

WILLIAM MCDONNELL, clerk—Had an opinion. Set aside.

JOHN M. LAURENCE, coal-dealer—Set aside. Had formed an opinion.

WM. H. MILLS—Had formed an opinion which he still held. Set aside.

SAMUEL ALVIN, hotel-keeper—Had an opinion. Set aside.

JAMES CHADBORNE—Was present during the trial of GONZALES, and had an opinion as to the guilt of the prisoner. Set aside.

W. H. OTIS—Was not present at the trial of GONZALES; did not read the evidence in the case; read about the killing of OTERO at the time, but formed no opinion. Accepted and sworn.

ALBERT CLOCK had expressed an opinion. Set aside.

WM. H. HOYT, farmer, Canarsie; heard of the killing of OTERO; never read of it; had no opinion on the subject. Peremptorily challenged by counsel for the defence.

JOHN H. MACAULEY had an opinion of the guilt of PELLICIER. Set aside.

PETER G. VOORHEES, farmer, Gravesend; had an opinion. Set aside.

GEORGE CHRISTOPHER was present at the trial of GONZALES; had formed and expressed an opinion as to the guilt of the prisoner. Set aside.

SIDNEY GREEN had read of the case and formed an opinion, but not such a one as could not be set aside by evidence. Accepted and sworn.

RICHARD M. HOOLEY was not present at the trial of GONZALES; read a portion of it; had an opinion as to the guilt of PELLICIER. Set aside.

DR. VAN ZANDT had an opinion as to the guilt of PELLICIER. Set aside.

JAMES H. CARPENTER, paper dealer, was present during the trial of GONZALES; read all he could of it in the paper had an opinion. Set aside.

JAMES FITZGERALD had formed an opinion. Set aside.

SAMUEL E. WARNER had no opinion. Challenged by favor for defence; tried and declared incompetent.

JOHN BEAM had no opinion. Accepted and sworn.

WILLIAM C. PARKER, merchant, had an opinion as to the guilt of the prisoner. Set aside.

J. W. OSBORN had an opinion. Set aside.

DANIEL CANNON was not present during the trial of the GONZALES case; read the evidence in the papers, and had formed an opinion as to the guilt of the prisoner. Set aside.

JOHN E. LAPERE, merchant, read a portion of the testimony in the trial of GONZALES; had formed an opinion as to PELLICER'S guilt; had it now. Set aside.

CHAS. MILLER and MOSES CASSELL. Set aside.

VERDINAND ZOGBAUM, HENRY GRAEF, HENRY DICKINSON, ROBERT S. DOWNS, OWEN MCGOVERN, J. H. LADD, JOHN JONES, JR., were severally set aside.

LEWIS MORRIS, the next juror called, was found competent and sworn.

CHARLES W. RICKS, BENJAMIN P. SHERMAN, BROCK CARROLL, GEORGE WYCKOFF, BENJAMIN MORRISON, ALFRED PERIGO, were set aside.

JAMES HOWELL, JR., iron railing manufacturer, found competent, was sworn.

JAMES DORAN set aside.

ALEXANDER MILLER, No. 16 South Fourth-street, found competent, was sworn.

RICHARD S. CHAPPEL, formerly a merchant, residing at No. 59 First-place, found competent, was sworn.

GEORGE A. BELL—set aside. IRA MILLSPAUGH—peremptorily challenged. WILLIAM G. KOWENHOVEN—set aside. ABRAHAM BARRY—set aside.

ABRAHAM KNOX, No. 95 Bond-street, found competent, was sworn.

SIMON G. COZINE, JAMES M. WADE, THOMAS ROWE, ALEXANDER JACKSON, WILLIAM BROOKS, EDWARD INGLIS, HENRY A. DAVIDSON, THOMAS FITZHARRIS, ELIJAH BLISS, O. DRAPER, REUBEN DANIEL, were set aside.

FREDERICK SHERWOOD, No. 13 Lafayette-avenue, was accepted and sworn.

JAMES HALL, peremptorily challenged. PETER DE NYSE, set aside. DANIEL S. DARLING, peremptorily challenged. AUGUSTUS C. BALDWIN, set aside. JOSEPH C. FRICKES, set aside. GEORGE EVANS, set aside. ERNEST MYERS, peremptorily challenged. THOMAS DOBSON, peremptorily challenged. ALEXANDER M. WHITE, set aside. JOHN B. NESMITH, peremptorily challenged.

At 2 o'clock, DANIEL S. ARNOLD, of No. 26 Monroe-place, was found competent and sworn.

This completed the twelve, the jury consisting of

| | |
|---|---|
| Geo. C. Close, | James Howell, Jr., |
| Chas. W. Bogert, | Richd. S. Chappell, |
| Wm. H. Otis, | Abraham Knox, |
| Sidney Green, | Fredric Sherwood, |
| John Bean, | Alex. Miller, |
| Zenis Morris, | Dan'l S. Arnold. |

Judge MORRIS, the District-Attorney, then opened the case for the prosecution, going over the same ground as in the Gonzales' case, and narrating quite graphically the circumstances which connect, according to his theory, the acts of GONZALES and PELLICIER. We have so recently published all that Judge MORRIS had to say on the subject, that it cannot be necessary to repeat it. He spoke at some length and with his usual force and eloquence, after which, at the request of Mr. TOWNSEND, the Court adjourned.

Among the audience were several beautiful ladies from St. Thomas and a number of lady witnesses from the Hotel de Cuba, prominent among whom was Miss JENNY SANDS, whose appearance and evidence created a great sensation in the former trial.

# LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

## AN AUDACIOUS ROBBERY.

### A Bank Messenger Knocked Down by Highwaymen—Nearly $20,000 Stolen—Escape of the Thieves.

One of the boldest robberies ever perpetrated was successfully achieved yesterday morning, in William-street, near Beekman, by which nearly $20,000 in money and checks were secured and carried on by the thieves. The circumstances of the case are as follows: SAMUEL TERRY, a lad about 16 years of age, employed as a messenger in the Farmers' and Citizens' National Bank of Williamsburgh, was sent to the Park National Bank, in this city, with a satchel containing $7,000 in United States Treasury and National Bank notes and some $7,000 in checks, which he was to deposit in the Park Bank. TERRY crossed the East River by the Roosevelt-street ferry, and on reaching the New-York side of the river proceeded by the most direct route for the Park Bank, in Beekman-street, near Park-row. As he was turning the corner of William and Beekman streets he noticed two men driving up the street in a butcher's cart, and wearing soldiers' blue overcoats. Immediately after, the cart stopped and one of the men sprang from it, directly in front of TERRY. As he did so he struck the boy in the face with a pistol, as alleged by TERRY, knocking him down, and at the same time snatching the satchel containing the funds in his possession. After receiving his plunder the thief jumped into his cart and drove off before any one could secure either him or the money.

As soon as the messenger recovered from the effects of the knock-down blow, and the shock occasioned by the loss of the money, TERRY gave chase to the cart and its occupants, but on meeting an officer of the Fourth Precinct he gave up the pursuit and related the circumstances of the outrage perpetrated upon him. The officer joined with the boy in the chase, and succeeded in tracing the two men as far as New-Chambers-street, where he lost sight of them. They passed Capt. THORNE, of the Fourth Precinct, but as he was not aware of the circumstance they were not stopped. Finding that no arrest could be made young TERRY proceeded to the Oak-street Station-house, and afterwards to the Second Precinct Station-house, and at both places lodged his complaint and requested assistance. At that time his statement was that the satchel had contained $11,000 in money and $70,000 in checks. His statement was subsequently confirmed by the Cashier of the Williamsburgh Bank. But these figures were materially modified during the afternoon, when Capt. DE CAMP, of the Second Precinct, learned from the teller of the bank that the checks only amounted to $7,000, thus reducing the total amount over $60,000, and the actual sum taken by the thieves to about $18,000.

Although the messenger stated that he had been knocked down at the time of the robbery, several men who had witnessed the occurrence say that he was not knocked down, but that the satchel was wrested from his grasp. Up to the latest accounts of this singular affair, no accurate descriptions of the persons of the thieves had been obtained by the police. They are, however, making strenuous exertions to secure their arrest, with the slight clue in their possession. They are supposed to be what are generally known as "lug" thieves, who go about the city on the watch for carcasses of sheep or hogs, hanging outside of butcher's shops, or for stray bales or boxes of goods which they pick up and carry off in their carts. At a late hour yesterday afternoon, a reward of one thousand dollars was offered by the Williamsburgh bank for the recovery of the money. As a matter of course the payment of the checks has been stopped.

### New Fire Department at the Navy-yard.

A new and efficient Fire Department has been organized at the Navy-yard under the supervision of Capt. A. M. PENNOCK. It consists of eight engines, four hose companies and two hook and ladder companies, and is manned by the employes of the various departments of the yard. These men have been thoroughly drilled and are frequently called out by an alarm for the purpose of testing their efficiency. In the event of a fire taking place in the yard, or its immediate vicinity, these companies could be on the ground almost immediately, and from what we have seen of them we have no hesitation in saying that they would perform their duty as well as any of our metropolitan fire companies. The following is a list of the companies, showing how they are officered and manned:

*Engine Company No.* 1.—(Steamer).—Foreman, Peter C. Brown; Assistant Foreman, George Walters; manned by 50 machinists.

*Tender to Engine Company No.* 1.—Foreman, David McMullen; Assistant Foreman, John Hughes; manned by 20 machinists.

*Engine Company No.* 2.—Foreman, George Staley; Assistant Foreman, George Douglass; manned by 50 sailmakers.

*Engine Company No.* 3.—Foreman William Bell; Assistant Foreman, Frank B. Shelley; manned by 50 blacksmiths.

*Engine Company No.* 4.—Foreman, Stephen Philips; Assistant Foreman, Christopher Connor; manned by 50 ship carpenters.

*Engine Company No.* 5.—Foreman, Abraham Bloodgood; Assistant Foreman, Richard Newell; manned by 30 joiners.

*Engine Company No.* 6.—Foreman, William Cheeney; Assistant Foreman, Robert McGee; manned by 30 laborers.

*Engine Company No.* 7.—Foreman, William J. Thorne; Assistant Foreman, Samuel H. Wilson.

*Hose Company No.* 1.—Foreman, Andrew Veith; Assistant Foreman, Joseph Erkenbrack; manned by 15 yard laborers.

*Hose Company No.* 2.—Foreman, Peter McCollough; Assistant Foreman, Charles McQuinley; manned by 15 boiler-makers.

*Hose Company No.* 3.—Foreman, Henry McCullough; Assistant Foreman, Robert McKnight; manned by 15 engineer's laborers.

*Hose Company No.* 4.—Foreman, Michael Purcell; Assistant Foreman, Jas. McNamee; manned by 15 dredgers' helpers.

*Hook and Ladder Company No.* 1.—Foreman, William Mason; Assistant Foreman, William Joines; manned by 30 riggers.

*Hook and Ladder Company No.* 2.—Foreman, Thomas Hughes; manned by 30 men from the Ordnance Department.

### The Streets and the Street Cleaning Contractors.

In several places in Broadway yesterday the slush and mud were from six to eight inches deep and at the street corners pools of unknown depth had accumulated. In front of the Astor House, the street was impassable for pedestrians, while the sidewalks, and those who made use of them were liberally bespattered by every passing vehicle.

In the contract made with Messrs. BROWN, DEVOE and KNAPP for the cleaning of the streets there is a section which reads as follows:

SEC. 7. The streets shall be kept conveniently passable for vehicles during the Winter, and the cross-walks and all gutters intersecting the same shall be kept clear of snow and ice, and the culverts of the sewers shall be kept free and clear, so that the water shall not be prevented from flowing through them.

A dozen men, if they commenced at an early hour in the morning, could do all that the specifications require, so far as our principal thoroughfare is concerned, but no attempt of the kind was made yesterday—not a culvert was opened or a gutter cleared.

The contractors a few days ago drew their semimonthly pay. When next pay-day comes round, the Street Cleaning Commissioners, it is to be presumed, will refuse to audit the contractors' bills, and will call them to account for this gross violation of their agreement.

### Fine Arts.

MR. BRACKETT'S PAINTINGS.

BRACKETT has two fish-pieces on exhibition at Goupil's, in the truthful execution of which he well sustains his reputation as one of our best painters in this *specialité* of art. The larger painting is the full-length portrait of a salmon newly landed, the life yet lingering in the dulling eye, and the blood still trickling from his quivering gill. Such a prize as would test the angler's patience and try his line, but reward him well for the labor of a long hour's play and the inconveniences of late breakfast and wet boots.

The smaller painting, a basket of trout, will find still more admirers, although a less pretentious picture. In coloring it is admirably true to nature, being entirely free from the common fault in the treatment of such subjects—undue brilliancy. Thrown out of their basket by the touch of a careless foot, they lie upon the sward so plump and tempting that you half regret the absence from the picture of the owner of the rod and wheel which rest in the immediate foreground, in the very natural desire to see the perpetrator of such a goodly morning's work. The surrounding landscape, the glimpse of river in the first, and the rippling brook in the second picture, are judiciously given in the sober gray tints of the misty morning which precedes the drizzly day—just such a day when flies wing low, and the salmon and the trout bite eagerly.

BUST OF WM. CURTIS NOYES, BY PARKE.

There is now on exhibition, at the Law Library in Chambers-street, a bust in marble of the late WILLIAM CURTIS NOYES, from the chisel of R. H. PARKE.

While it is a labor of much patience and artistic skill to give to the insensate stone the marked peculiarities of face and form, this, alone, cannot be called true art; but when with every lineament as we knew it, we also recognize something of the spirit which breathed within the flesh, struggling to give life itself to the inanimate marble, our admiration is unqualified, for in this we recognize the labor of inspiration—the work of genius.

Admirable throughout for that faithfulness to detail in execution so recognizable in the delicately chiseled furrows of the forehead, and the minute but expressive lines about the eyes and mouth, this portrait bust of Mr. NOYES possesses the still greater excellence of telling something of the inner man as truthful as the outline of the features or the gracefully adjusted modeling of the drapery. Seen in profile, as it now stands, to those who knew Mr. NOYES but casually, the likeness is perhaps most striking, but to those who knew him well there is that which cannot fail to call for recognition and admiration in whatever light it may be looked at.

## POLICE COURTS.

### Jefferson Market—Before Justice Ledwith.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

PHILIP LYMAN, residing at No. 37 Lispenard-street, stated that at an early hour yesterday morning as he was passing through Broome-street, in a state of partial intoxication, he was attacked by MICHAEL MACKEY and THOMAS HANNA, and robbed of a pocket-book containing $3 in United States Treasury notes. CAROLINE LOZIER, living at No. 498 Broome-street, testified that she witnessed the occurrence, stating that the accused knocked LYMAN down and took from his pataloons pocket the money contained in the pocket-book. The witness gave the alarm, calling for the police, when MACKEY came over to her and threatened to "break her jaw if she made any more noise." Officers FOGARTY and STEVENSON, of the Eighth Precinct, hearing the disturbance, came up and arrested the two men charged with the robbery. Both the prisoners were committed for trial without bail. HANNA is 22 years of age and a native of Ireland. MACKEY is 18 and a native of New-York.

BASE INGRATITUDE.

JAMES FITZGERALD, residing at No. 2 Clark-street, stated that on the 13th of December last he met JAMES SIMPSON, who told him that he had no place to sleep, and asked if he could not go and sleep in complainant's dwelling. Taking pity on SIMPSON, Mr. FITZGERALD took him home and allowed him to lie down on the sofa, and, having locked the door, the family all went to bed. About 4 o'clock the next morning the host rose and found that his lodger had departed. After making investigations he also discovered that a coat and some other articles of clothing, valued at $30, had been carried off. Officer CRITTENDEN, of the Eighth Precinct, arrested the accused, and he was committed to answer in default of $1,000 bail. SIMPSON is 19 years of age, and a native of Philadelphia.

### Essex Market—Before Justice Mansfield.

RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS.

On the 12th inst. 2,323 pounds of cast-iron pipe valued at $700, intended for heating apparatus, were landed on the dock of Ward's Island by Messrs. JOSEPH NASON & Co., steam fitters, No. 61 Beekman-street, were putting up a set of steam fittings in the buildings situated on the island. During the night the whole lot disappeared from the dock, and no trace of the thieves could be found. Special Detective MCLEOD, of the Thirteenth Precinct, was detailed to work up the case. He discovered the missing pipe a day or two since in the yard in rear of the junk-shop No. 18 East-street, kept by JAMES CLARK. The officer arrested CLARK and CHARLES DUGAN, who was in the shop acting as salesman, on a charge of receiving stolen property. CLARK attempted to "square it," as he termed it, with the officer, offering to pay the owners of the pipe $150, and the officer $50. He failed in his attempt. On being brought before the court, CLARK stated that he had paid $150 for the pipe. Both prisoners were committed for trial in default of $1,000 bail each. CLARK is 45 years of age, DUGAN 21, and both are natives of Ireland.

### The New-York Hospital—Annual Report of the Managers.

From the report of the Managers of the New-York Hospital for the past year, it appears that the whole number of patients who received treatment during the year was 2,858. The time occupied by them, in the aggregate, was 12,890 weeks, of which 4,855 weeks were by patients able to pay, 6,512 weeks by seamen, and the remainder by those who contributed nothing to their support.

The cost of maintaining the institution was $106,546, which shows an average of $8 03 as the weekly cost for each patient, while the charge per week has been $5 for women and $6 for men. The number of cases of accidents and injuries brought in by the police or by friends of the patients was 641; of which number 545 came from below Broome-street. The number of inquests held by the coroner in the institution was 129; and 325 deaths occurred in the hospital during the year.

The hospital is now in debt to an amount exceeding $100,000, of which over $25,000 was incurred during the past year. The sole productive property of the institution consists of two mortgages yielding an income of $61 60. The State has contributed nothing to the support of the hospital since 1859, and the City Government has invariably declined to render any aid whatever.

The hospital is capable of accommodating about 500 patients, and its arrangements for the purpose are as good as can possibly be desired. Nothing but money is wanting to enable the managers to render the institution of great and increasing benefit to the community.

## GENERAL CITY NEWS.

UNPAID LABORERS.—About one hundred and fifty laborers who have been employed by MCCOOL & WARNOCK, under the contract made with the Croton Aqueduct Department for the paving of the streets, assembled in the City Hall yesterday morning to endeavor to ascertain whether the resolution adopted by the Common Council directing the Comptroller to settle their claims, would be approved by the Mayor. The resolution it appears, has not yet been sent to His Honor for approval, but it is understood that measures are in progress by which the poor fellows will be enabled to get their money within a short period. MCCOOL & WARNOCK were, it seems, unable to complete their contract, and after employing a large number of laborers, inspectors and others, left them to get their money in the best way they could.

COLLISION.—Yesterday morning a railroad car belonging to the American Express Company collided with a milk-wagon, driven by DUKE MERRITT, in Hudson-street, opposite the premises of the Express Company, the result being the total demolition of the wagon, and the fracturing of one of Mr. MERRITT's legs. The injured man was conveyed to the New-York Hospital for treatment. He resides on the corner of Bedford and Flushing avenues, Brooklyn.

DEATH OF MR. W. W. DE FOREST.—Mr. WILLIAM WHEELER DE FOREST, one of our oldest and most prominent merchants, died yesterday morning at the ripe age of 72. He was for many years engaged as a ship-owner in the South American trade, and by his prudence, industry and integrity acquired an ample fortune. His liberality was well known, and his support of the government during the rebellion was unwavering.

PRESENTATION.—On Thursday evening Mr. DEXTER, Superintendent of Station F, New-York Post-office, was the recipient of a massive seal ring, presented by the employes of the station. Accompanying the gift was a series of resolutions, elegantly executed in the highest art of penmanship. Mr. JACOB L. MILLER, in a neat and eloquent speech, made the presentation in behalf of his associates, to which Mr. DEXTER replied in his usual happy manner.

OFFICERS OF THE PRISON ASSOCIATION.—In the list of officers given in our issue of yesterday, the following names of members of the Executive Committee were omitted: John A. Bryan, Edward Cooper, Edmund Coffin, Hon. Charles J. Folger, Gaylord B. Hubbell, Salem H. Wales, Mark Hoyt, A. S. Van Duzer and Edward Jones.

THE AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.—A public meeting will take place at the Cooper Institute on Wednesday evening, Jan. 31, to ratify the amendment to the constitution abolishing slavery. Mr. GEO. SMITH will preside, Rev. SELLA MARTIN will deliver an oration, and Mr. FREDERICK DOUGLASS, Mr. CHEEVER, and others will be present on the occasion.

THE FUNERAL OF GEN. JUDAH.—The remains of the late Gen. HENRY M. JUDAH, of the United States Army, will reach Westport, Conn., to-day, and will be buried there at 12 o'clock. The friends of the family can take the 9:30 o'clock train and arrive there in time for the funeral.

## BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE MURDER OF THE MATE OF THE SCHOONER JOHN BOYNTON.—The investigation into the circumstances of the murder of ROBERT MITCHELL, the first mate of the schooner *John Boynton*, Capt. NATHAN A. REED, was resumed before Coroner LYNCH yesterday afternoon. The murder was perpetrated by a river thief, who boarded the vessel lying at anchor roff Rike's Island, on the night of the 30th of December last. The mate rose from his berth, and in attempting to capture the fellow was shot through the heart, from the effect of which he died almost instantly. GEORGE A. SCHOFIELD, the pilot of the *Boynton*, was sworn. His evidence was a mere repetition of that heretofore given. No new facts were elicited, and the inquest was further adjourned until Wednesday next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

AN ALLEGED BURGLAR FOUND SECRETED IN A STORE HOUSE.—A man named HENRY SMITH was brought before Justice CORNWELL yesterday, on the charge of feloniously entering one of WHEELER's storehouses, in Furman-street, on Thursday night. The attention of a private watchman was attracted by a light in the building, and informing the police, an entrance was gained, and the accused was found secreted behind some boxes on the second floor. As the doors and shutters were all found to be secure it is inferred that he entered in the day time, and remained secreted until night, when he intended to accomplish his object. The accused waived examination and was committed to await the action of the Grand Jury on the charge of burglary.

PAYMENT OF BOUNTY CLAIMS.—The total amount of bounty claims paid by the committee of the Kings County Board of Supervisors up to yesterday, was $305,282 47. There are about 800 claims still to be presented. The committee will hold daily sessions until every claim is satisfied.

SLIGHT FIRE.—About 6 o'clock last evening there was an alarm of fire in the Second District, caused by a leak in a still of the Crystal Oil Works, corner of Sullivan and Ferris streets. The flames were extinguished with a few pails of water. Damage trifling.

### Skates and Skating.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Jan. 15, 1866.

*To the Editor of the New-York Times:*

I have just read in your valuable paper, of the issue of the 12th, an article on skates and skaters. There are a few errors in the otherwise well written essay which would give a wrong impression if not corrected.

First, as regards the New-York Club skate manufactured by Messrs. BARNEY & BERRY: They are without doubt the finest specimen of such goods in this market. But at the same time the credit of the invention does not belong to Mr. MACMILLAN. It is true he did put such a skate in the market in 1863; but at the same time the firm of MARSDEN BROTHERS, of Sheffield, had manufactured a skate in almost all respects similar. I do not wish to give the credit of the invention of this beautiful form of skate to a foreign firm, for the drawings were furnished by a gentleman of this city, whose name I do not remember. Messrs. SMITH, of Cliff-street, WOODHAM, of Broadway, and A. J. DUPIGNAC, of the New-York Skating Club, also deserve their share of credit for the same.

Secondly, in regard to the championship. Mr. ALEX. MACMILLAN is not the champion of this city. Each or any of the gentleman afterward named in that article are superior in grace and elegance to him, as anyone posted on skating matters will allow. If Mr. MACMILLAN claims the championship, why does he not challenge any one in this city to a tilt on "zero's highway," and thus fairly settle the matter. If he should do so, he would give immense satisfaction to all concerned.

By giving this hastily written communication a place in your columns, you will greatly oblige the fraternity, and more particularly

AN IRON-CLAD.

### Vagrant and Vicious Children—The Truant Home, of Brooklyn.

*To the Editor of the New-York Times:*

In your article to-day in relation to Brooklyn children, I know you do not mean to convey any erroneous impressions. You would not, knowingly, discourage older enterprises, with which you may not be familiar, while encouraging *new* ones which may have elicited your especial interest.

That there are a very large number of neglected and vicious children in this city, no one will dispute; and that the authorities have been somewhat at fault in not providing for their restraint and care is also true, but it does not follow that much may not have been done. We have several institutions devoted to the interests of children: The Protestant Orphan Asylum, the Home for Destitute Children, the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, the Episcopal Orphan House, the Nursery connected with the Almshouse, and the Juvenile House of Industry, or the Truant Home, established under the act of 1853, for the care and instruction of idle and truant children.

These institutions, with their auxiliaries, have constantly in charge, probably, between *one* and *two* thousand children, and are accredited with good management and success. All these, except the Truant Home, are designed mainly for the unfortunate, while to this are sent by the authorities the *idle* and *truant* connected, for the most part, with our public and other schools. Only the most incorrigible of these are sent, and generally upon complaint or with the concurrence of parents and guardians, and come, most of them, from comfortable homes. Five efficient officers from the Sanitary Police are detailed for the enforcement of the law as connected with the schools, and the institution is under the supervision of the city government and has had under its training, since its establishment in 1857, *one thousand* children, about ninety per cent. of whom are believed to have been corrected of their waywardness and to be doing well.

An average of about 120 have been accommodated in the premises now occupied, and appropriations have been made for the erection during the present year of new and commodious buildings.

From copies of report sent you will learn more particularly.

I have thus noticed your article, because your allusion to the "Truant Act" seemed to convey a wrong impression. The application to the Legislature to which you allude, is designed to effect a transfer of the "Home" from the city to the Board of Education, which it is thought by some would be advantageous.

It will be seen that we are without any provision for the *vicious* and *degraded vagrant* children. The former are sent to the New-York House of Refuge, and the latter are now in the way of being provided for by the efforts of the "Children's Aid Society," so auspiciously inaugurated. They will occupy a most important and distinctive field, and we bid them God-speed.

A. C. VAN EPPS, Superintendent.

"TRUANT HOME," Brooklyn, Jan. 18, 1865.

SUFFERING ON THE PLAINS.—Throughout this section of the country the weather has been remarkably mild during the entire Winter months. On the plains, however, there has been intense suffering, resulting in the loss of property and life. The Santa Fe stage, fifteen days out, arrived yesterday morning, bringing a through mail and full load of passengers. The conductor reports several trains snow bound on the route, and immense suffering as liable to both man and beast. A man aged 30 years, frozen to death, was picked up between Forts Lyon and Dodge. His body was brought to the latter place and interred. Should the cold weather continue, the thousands of animals, and hundreds of human beings now on the plains without shelter or protection, will be subjected to rigors which it will take all of flesh and blood to withstand.—*Journal of Commerce, Kansas City, Jan.* 10.

## LAW REPORTS.

### The Counterfeit Cigar Stamp Case.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

The examination in the counterfeit cigar-stamp case was resumed before Commissioner Osborn yesterday morning.

*Joseph Fuchs*, being sworn, testified that he had bought cigar-stamps from the defendant, Witcheling, three or four times; the last time, enough for two hundred thousand cigars; he had sold the stamps again with which defendant had supplied him; the stamps were used on cigar-boxes. Witness produced some of the stamps which he had purchased from the defendant.

*Cross-examined*—The note for $250 which I gave him was in part payment for the stamps and also for some money he loaned me; I gave the note last December; I was not the drawer of the note, but the indorser; it was drawn by Moss and Falk; I have sold them domestic cigars; I sold them were stamped by a United States Inspector; the stamps were not like these.

*August Walter* being sworn, testified as follows: I am an electrotyper; I know the defendant; I have known him six years; he works in a place where I have worked; I have done work for him; what I did was strip-work; I electrotyped some plates; I don't know what they were, as I cannot read English; I think I should know them again. (Plates shown to witness.) These look like the plates I had, but I cannot remember the design exactly; I think these look like it; I made twenty electrotype plates of the strip he brought me; they were not all one size; I gave the electrotypes to the defendant; the first time I made five for him, the second time four; and the last time ten.

*Cross-examined*—I cannot say certainly that these are the plates; but some of them look like my work; they are all broken up and I cannot tell sure till I see them whole; I know what he brought me was fancy engraving and fancy cuts; I cannot remember a single word nor device; I have electrotyped imitation Havana cigar labels frequently.

*Re-direct*—They are not the same shape as these; the labels are all different, some long and some short.

*George McLeod* testified as follows: I am a police officer; I arrested the defendant in Chatham-square; I have seen these broken plates before; I found them at No. 19 Chatham-street, at a printer's named Beer; the defendant's place of business is in the same house; a young man named Mylich gave them to me.

*Emil Mylich* testified as follows: I work at Mr. Beer's; I know the defendant; he was in the same shop; I have seen these strips before; I saw them first in the office of Beer rolled up in an apron; I gave them to Mr. Beer next morning; I don't know to whom the apron belonged.

The defence called several witnesses to prove the character of the defendant, and this closed the testimony. The parties are to submit points on Tuesday next.

### United States District Court.

Before Judge Betts.

On Tuesday last the Marshal made return of process duly served in the following cases:

The United States *vs.* four bottles and one canteen containing ottar of roses; United States *vs.* three casks containing whisky; United States *vs.* forty-six gold chains and other valuable jewelry; United States *vs.* fourteen boxes of smoking tobacco, marked in a diamond, "Maggie Mitchell."

On motion of Mr. Clarkson, Assistant United States District-Attorney, an order of condemnation and confiscation was ordered to be entered in all the above cases.

### Wills Admitted—Bequests to Charitable Institutions.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

Before Surrogate Tucker.

The Surrogate has, during the past week, admitted the wills of the following named persons: Ezekiel P. Johnson, George Haines, Edward Bremer, John F. Brown, Wm. B. Ireland, James Barnes, Henry A. Hart, Anthony Scheitbin, Malvina B. Lawrence, George Newhouse, Washington H. Rodman, Sarah Robinson and Patrick McBarron.

The will of the latter bequeaths $500 to the Archbishop of New-York, to be expended in helping to build the Roman Catholic Cathedral in Fifth-avenue; $500 to the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum; $300 to the Institute of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, and $200 to the institution known as the Sisters of Mercy in Houston-street. Sarah Robinson, by her will bequeaths the sum of $2,000 to the Treasurer of the House of Mercy, to be applied to charitable purposes as may be directed by the society.

### The Deputy Tax Commissioners' Case.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Judge J. F. Barnard.

The Court yesterday directed a peremtory mandamus to issue, compelling the Comptroller to pay the Deputy Tax Commissioners the salaries for the time they were deprived of office through the appointment of Messrs. Woodruff and Purser.

### Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—JAN. 19.

By Justice McCunn.

Milton W. Harvey *vs.* Jane W. Harvey; motion granted. Philip Motz *vs.* John Roach; order granted. Rebecca Boxius *vs.* Isaac Rosenthal; motion for receiver granted. August Baumann *vs.* George Kramer; motion for receiver granted. George R. Wilmot *vs.* Russell T. Troll; both motions denied without costs; papers in the Clerk's office.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—JAN. 13.

By Justice Sutherland.

Fish *vs.* Fish; report of referee confirmed and judgment of divorce granted. A. H. Ward *vs.* The Wilmington and Manchester Railroad Company; report confirmed and judgment ordered. Isabella Ayres *vs.* Philip Ayres; reference ordered.

By Justice Barnard.

In the matter of the application of Charles J. Dodge for mandamus, motion granted for peremptory writ of mandamus. Nicholas McCormack et al, at the suit of Horace A. Miller et al; motion denied with $10 costs to abide the event of the action. James McHenry *vs.* R. G. Hazard et al; order settled.

### Court of General Sessions.

Before Judge Russel.

A BRACE OF BURGLARS.

David Anderson and Edward Hussey, on the morning of the 1st of January, broke into the grocery-store No. 59 University-place, and carried away therefrom money amounting to $30. They were yesterday arraigned, pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary in the third degree, and were remanded for sentence.

A LESSON TO BURGLARS.

Edward Noland broke into the premises No. 8 Jackson-street, occupied by John Hood, on the night of the 30th of December, 1865, and stole shirts and overalls of the value of $17. Yesterday he was tried, convicted and sentenced to the State Prison for the term of twenty years. The prisoner is now 25 years of age.

A PERFORMER ON THE BANJO.

William Brown, a young gentleman particularly partial to other people's banjos, and having a large appetite for flour, indicated the propensities of his nature, on various occasions, by appropriating seven barrels of flour, valued at $70, and a banjo valued at $75, was tried, convicted and sentenced to the State Prison for the term of five years.

BROKE INTO A FURNISHING-STORE.

Joseph Coulter and Wm. H. Sands, on the night of the 2d of January, broke into the furnishing-store of Richard S. Devereux, No. 13 Park-place, and stole scarfs, ties, shirts, &c., of the value of $1,000. Sands pleaded guilty of an attempt at burglary in the third degree, and was sentenced to the State Prison for two years. Coulter was tried, convicted, and sentenced to confinement in the State Prison for five years.

ACQUITTED.

John McEneany, charged with stealing $6 from James Ryan, of No. 651 West Forty-second-street, on the 21st of December, 1865, was tried and acquitted.

SENTENCES.

John Goodman, convicted of manslaughter in the fourth degree, was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

John McGinley, convicted of burglary in the third degree, was sentenced to the State Prison for three years.

Margaret Brady, convicted of an attempt at grand larceny, was sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months.

Joseph Eaton, convicted of receiving stolen goods, was sentenced to the State Prison for the term of three years.

# MONETARY AFFAIRS.

### Sales at the Stock Exchange—JAN. 19, 1866.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $10,000 | U. S. 6s, '81 C. | 103¾ | 32 | Western U. Tel. | 51 |
| 10,000 | do | 104 | 190 | do | 50½ |
| 15,000 | U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'62 | 103⅜ | 100 | Quick. Min. Co. | 41½ |
| 4,000 | do | 103⅝ | 100 | Ashburton C. | 13½ |
| 5,000 | U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'64 | 101½ | 200 | Schuylkill Coal | 16 |
| 20,000 | U. S. 6s, 5-20 R.'65 | 102 | 200 | do ...s30 | 15¾ |
| 15,600 | U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'65 | 101⅝ | 100 | Pac. Mail Scrip | 203 |
| 50,000 | do | 101¾ | 700 | N. Y. Cen. | 92¾ |
| 1,000 | U. S. 5s, '71 C. | 97 | 300 | do | 92½ |
| 2,000 | Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. First Series | 99⅛ | 200 | do | 92⅜ |
| 1,000 | do | 99⅞ | 100 | do | 92½ |
| 120,000 | do..2d Series. | 98⅞ | 300 | do | 92⅜ |
| 51,50C | do | 99 | 200 | Erie Railroad | 89⅞ |
| 500 | do.3d S..Small | 98⅝ | 1200 | do | 89⅝ |
| 10,000 | do | 99 | 300 | Hudson River R. | 103 |
| 5,000 | U.S.6s, 1 Yr. Cer. New issue | 98⅞ | 500 | do ...s15 | 103 |
| 9,000 | do | 98⅝ | 10 | N H & Hart. R. | 170 |
| 11,000 | N.Y.St.7s, Bounty Loan | 100 | 200 | Reading R. | 100¼ |
| 10,000 | N. Car. 6s | 85⅞ | 500 | do ...s30 | 100¾ |
| 4,000 | Mo. 6s, issued to Pacific R. | 80 | 300 | do ...b30 | 101 |
| 10,000 | Missouri 6s | 77¼ | 100 | do | 101 |
| 2,500 | Ohio 6s, '81 | 93 | 300 | do ...s10 | 101 |
| 3,000 | Tenn. 6s, '90 | 88 | 400 | do ...2d call. | 101¼ |
| 30,000 | Ohio & M.Cer | 26¼ | 100 | Mich. Cen. R. | 103½ |
| 2,000 | N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83. | 91 | 900 | M. S. & N. I. | 69 |
| 1,000 | Hud.R.2d S.F.Bs | 101 | 400 | do | 68⅞ |
| 2,000 | Alt. & T. H. Inc. | 75 | 400 | do ...s10 | 68⅜ |
| 1,000 | Chi.& N.W.1stM. | 83⅝ | 300 | do ...s60 | 68 |
| 9,000 | do | 84 | 100 | Cleve. & Pitts. | 78 |
| 2,000 | C.&N.W.S.F.Bs. | 91 | 100 | do ...s10 | 78 |
| 5,000 | At. & G.W.1st M. Ohio Division | 97½ | 2000 | do | 78 |
| 17,000 | M.&Mo.L.G.Bs. | 50 | 1600 | do ...2d call | 78¼ |
| 8,000 | Harlem 1st M | 100 | 200 | Chic. & N. W. ...b10 | 31½ |
| 6,000 | Chi. & Mil. 1st M. | 85 | 300 | do | 31⅜ |
| 5 | Bank of America | 133 | 700 | do | 31⅝ |
| 5 | Bank of Commerce | 104 | 100 | do ...s30 | 31 |
| 6 | do | 104½ | 500 | do ...2d call | 31⅝ |
| 50 | do | 105 | 500 | Chi. & N.W.Pr. | 56⅝ |
| 50 | Shoe & Leather Bk. | 102½ | 1500 | do | 56⅝ |
| 450 | do | 102 | 100 | do ...s30 | 56½ |
| 10 | Continental Bank | 97 | 200 | do | 56⅝ |
| 227 | Del. & Hud. C. | 135½ | 310 | Chi. & R. I. | 102 |
| 100 | Cen. Coal Co. | 43 | 500 | do | 102¼ |
| 100 | do ...s60 | 41 | 100 | do | 102⅛ |
| 300 | Cumb. Coal Pr. | 44 | 100 | do | 102½ |
| 100 | do | 44¼ | 800 | do ...s10 | 102 |
| 500 | do | 44½ | 100 | P., Ft.W.& C. ...b5 | 94⅞ |
| 160 | Nor. & Wor. R. | 96 | 100 | do ...s10 | 94⅝ |
| | | | 100 | do ...s3 | 94⅞ |
| | | | 1000 | do | 94⅝ |
| | | | 500 | do ...s10 | 94⅝ |
| | | | 100 | do ...2d call | 94½ |
| | | | 100 | do | 94⅝ |

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $5,000 | U. S. 6s, 5-20s. C.'62 | 103⅜ | 100 | Mich. S.&N.I. R. | 69⅛ |
| 20 | Bank of New-York | 112 | 500 | do | 69⅜ |
| 155 | West. U. Teleg'h | 50 | 200 | Cleve. & P. | 79 |
| 200 | N. Y. Central | 92⅝ | 400 | do | 79¼ |
| 300 | do | 92⅝ | 2500 | do | 79⅛ |
| 100 | Cum. Coal Pr. ...b10 | 44¼ | 200 | Chi. & N. W. ...b5 | 31¾ |
| 1000 | Erie Railroad | 90 | 100 | Chi. & N. W. Pr | 57 |
| 400 | Reading R. | 101¼ | 200 | Chi. & R. I. ...s30 | 102 |
| 100 | Cleve. & Tol. | 105 | 200 | P., F. W. & C. | 94¾ |

2¼ O'CLOCK BOARD.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 | U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'65 | 101⅞ | 800 | Reading R. ...s30 | 101 |
| 7,000 | U. S. 5s, '74.Cou. | 95⅞ | 500 | do ...s30 | 101¼ |
| 25,000 | U. S. 6s, 1 yr.Cer. New Issue | 98⅞ | 2000 | P., Ft. & Chi. | 96 |
| 15,000 | Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. First Series | 99 | 300 | do ...s30 | 94⅞ |
| 100 | Canton Co. | 44½ | 600 | M. S. & N. I. R. | 70 |
| 200 | Cumb. Coal Pr. | 44¾ | 200 | do ...s60 | 69 |
| 500 | do | 44⅞ | 400 | do | 68⅞ |
| 20 | N. Y. Central | 93 | 3000 | Cleve. & Pitts. | 81½ |
| 100 | do | 92⅞ | 200 | do | 81⅞ |
| 100 | Quick. Min. Co. | 41½ | 2000 | do | 81⅞ |
| 100 | At. Mail S. Co | 125 | 200 | do ...s60 | 79⅞ |
| 100 | Pacific M. S.Co.s60 | 200 | 300 | Chic. & N. W. | 31⅝ |
| 300 | Erie Railroad | 90⅛ | 1300 | Chi. & N. W. Pf. | 57 |
| 200 | do | 90⅛ | 100 | do ...s30 | 56⅝ |
| 50 | Hud. R. R. | 103½ | 50 | Chi. & R. I. | 102½ |
| | | | 100 | do | 102⅝ |

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 500 | Schuylkill Coal..s30 | 16 | 100 | Erie Railway | 89⅞ |
| 300 | do ...s3 | 16 | 500 | do ...c | 89⅝ |
| 100 | do | 16 | 200 | do | 89⅝ |
| 600 | Mariposa Pref. | 18 | 100 | do ...c | 89⅝ |
| 100 | Cum. Coal | 44¼ | 300 | Chic. & R. I. | 101⅛ |
| 200 | Wolf C. D. Co. | 82½ | 100 | do ...c | 101½ |
| 200 | N. Y. Cen. R. | 92⅞ | 100 | do ...s3 | 101 |
| 700 | do ...s3 | 92⅝ | 100 | do | 101 |
| 100 | Hud. Riv. R. | 103⅞ | 100 | do ...c | 100⅞ |
| 1300 | Reading R. | 100⅞ | 100 | do ...b3 | 101 |
| 200 | do | 100⅝ | 100 | do | 100⅞ |
| 400 | do | 100¾ | 200 | do | 100⅝ |
| 100 | M. So. & N. I. | 68⅞ | 200 | do ...s3 | 100⅝ |
| 500 | do ...s3 | 68⅞ | 100 | do | 100⅜ |
| 450 | do | 68⅝ | 100 | do | 100⅝ |
| 400 | do ...b3 | 68⅞ | 100 | do ...s3 | 100⅜ |
| 200 | do | 68⅝ | 300 | do | 100⅞ |
| 200 | do | 68⅞ | 200 | do | 100⅜ |
| 600 | do | 68⅜ | 200 | Chi. & N. W. | 31 |
| 500 | Cleve. & P. ...x-d. | 77⅞ | 100 | do | 30⅞ |
| 500 | do | 77⅝ | 100 | do ...b3 | 30⅞ |
| 2000 | do | 77¾ | 200 | do | 30⅜ |
| 2700 | do ...s3 | 77⅞ | 900 | Chi. & N.W.Prf. | 56⅞ |
| 600 | do ...s3 | 77⅝ | 100 | do | 56⅝ |
| 200 | do | 77¼ | 200 | P.,F.W. & C.x-d. | 94 |
| 200 | do ...c | 77⅜ | 100 | do ...c | 94¼ |
| 600 | do ...c | 77½ | | | |

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | Canton Co. ...s3 | 44 | 200 | Mich. S. & N. I. | 69⅛ |
| 100 | Cum. Coal | 44 | 100 | do ...b3 | 69⅛ |
| 100 | do ...b30 | 44½ | 300 | do | 69⅛ |
| 1000 | Schuylkill Coal.b30 | 16¼ | 100 | do ...c | 69⅛ |
| 1000 | do | 16 | 300 | do ...s3 | 69⅛ |
| 100 | Quick. Min. Co. | 41¼ | 300 | do ...b3 | 69⅛ |
| 200 | Wolf C. D. C. | 85⅞ | 1000 | do ...s60 | 68⅞ |
| 200 | New-York Cen. | 92⅝ | 300 | do ...s3 | 68⅞ |
| 100 | do ...c | 92¼ | 100 | do ...s30 | 69 |
| 100 | do ...b3 | 92¼ | 700 | Clev. & P. x-d. | 79⅜ |
| 100 | Erie Railroad | 90 | 2300 | do | 79⅛ |
| 600 | do ...s3 | 90 | 1000 | do | 79⅜ |
| 100 | do ...c | 90⅛ | 700 | do | 79¾ |
| 1400 | Reading R. | 101⅛ | 1000 | do ...s3 | 79¾ |
| 100 | Chic. & N.W. ...b15 | 31½ | 700 | do | 79⅜ |
| 100 | do | 31½ | 500 | do ...s60 | 78⅞ |
| 100 | do ...s3 | 31⅜ | 200 | Chic. & Rk. Is. | 102⅜ |
| 100 | do | 31⅜ | 200 | Chi. & N. W. P. | 56⅞ |
| 200 | P., F.W.&C.x-d. | 94⅞ | | | |

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | Cum. Coal | 44½ | 500 | Clev. & P.x-d ...s3 | 82¼ |
| 100 | do | 44½ | 300 | do | 82⅜ |
| 100 | Schuylkill Coal.s15 | 15⅞ | 100 | do | 82⅜ |
| 200 | do ...s3 | 16 | 2100 | do | 82⅛ |
| 200 | do ...b8 | 16⅛ | 700 | do | 82⅜ |
| 100 | do ...b30 | 16½ | 500 | do ...b10 | 82⅝ |
| 100 | Wolf Cr. D. C. | 84⅞ | 1000 | do | 82⅜ |
| 1200 | Erie R. | 90 | 500 | do ...s60 | 79¾ |
| 500 | do ...s3 | 90⅛ | 300 | do | 82⅜ |
| 500 | do ...s3 | 90⅛ | 400 | do ...s3 | 82⅝ |
| 300 | do | 90⅛ | 3600 | do | 83 |
| 100 | New-York Cen. ...s3 | 93 | 600 | do | 82⅝ |
| 100 | Reading R. ...b3 | 101⅛ | 800 | P.,F.W.&C. ...x-d | 95⅛ |
| 2100 | Mich. S. & N. I. | 70 | 100 | do ...s3 | 95⅛ |
| 200 | do ...s3 | 70 | 200 | do | 95⅛ |
| 300 | Chic. & N. W. | 31⅝ | 400 | do | 95⅜ |
| 600 | Chic. & N. W. P.s60 | 57 | | | |

FRIDAY, Jan. 19—P. M.

The abundance and cheapness, when loaned on call, of money balances in this market the present week, are quite universally felt in business circles, as well as conceded by financial opinions in Wall-street. And there would seem to be nothing in the current movements of trade and exchange to disturb this ease. These movements are remarkably healthy and satisfactory. The large customs duties paid, and now being paid, on foreign goods since the new year, and the activity of the domestic factories in New-England and the Middle States, denote the preparations for an old-fashioned Spring trade. The continued heavy receipts of cotton at the Southern ports attest the ability of the exchanges to meet the present scale of importation, without much loss of bullion and without the further transmission of United States stocks, though the latter will undoubtedly continue on a fair scale without much reference to the fluctuations in gold.

Now the surprise to some people may be why this assured ease in money, this almost certain health and substantial prosperity in trade, should not tell more emphatically on United States securities at home. But there is no astonishment expressed, whatever regret there should be felt on this point, among those who closely observe the mischievous and factious and querulous discussion of the state of the government finances, the credit of the currency, and the "duty" of the Secretary of the Treasury; partly because it suits certain speculators for panic and depression on the Stock Exchange to indulge and encourage such views, but mainly because a considerable portion of the daily press can be nothing on financial or currency topics, unless critical and fault-finding. Some of these journalists have never forgiven Mr. CHASE or the government because the war was carried through with greenbacks. They refuse now to be comforted unless legal-tender is forthwith repealed and the greenbacks left to float as best they may as in competition with gold and siver. Others, on the opposite hand, admitting that greenbacks did carry through the war, are for dispensing with them at once in peace, or for subjecting them, as well as the National Bank currency, to prompt gold payments. One prominent paper of this class, though contending most persistently for some months past that the high credit of the government on emerging from the war should command money in the markets of the world at four, or at most five ℘ cent., *now* suffers its money column to insist that the attempt to borrow at five ℘ cent. gold interest would be a great blunder, and the hesitation of the Secretary to pay six ℘ cent. gold for 40 years straight out, an equal mistake! Is this sudden change one of principle, looking to the permanent well-being and credit of the Treasury, its present necessities, or the enormous difference to the tax-payers between six and five ℘ cent. in forty years, or a sinister suggestion merely for the day by way of breaking down competition in values generally? We shall not stop to decide the question. It is bad enough to know that some of our neighbors are now so bent upon punishing everybody, (except themselves,) and all corporations, especially the richer railroads, that have prospered of late years, on the suspicion that they must be "speculators," *because* they have prospered, that the public credit is not what it once was in their good opinion.

But such happily is not the prevailing feeling in the public press. There is more financial croaking in New-York than any other quarter, for the reason, we suppose, that there must be more fuel for occasional excitement and panic, and more "conservative" journalism on such subjects here than anywhere else. The mischief, wicked but short-lived, which is thus done; the unnecessary disturbance to confidence thus created, are sometimes serious for the moment, but, as in the present instance, they ought not to be suffered to inflict permanent injury on the public credit or the material or commercial advancement of the country. It will not do so. We venture to say that if the present money market continues, another month will not roll round without an appreciation of from 3@5 ℘ cent. in the government securities of all or nearly all descriptions, preceded by the most unequivocal signs from the government that no new loans are required on any terms for the deficiencies of the Treasury, and that no funding process will be entered upon now or hereafter on terms less advantageous to the public credit than the basis of par for a 10-40 years 5 ℘ cent. stock, or 103@105 ℘ cent. for a 5-20 years 6 ℘ cent. stock. There is nothing pressing to be funded to require harder terms, and amidst all the gratuitous advice and clamor to early gold payments and immediate funding, the Secretary has doubtless discovered, even before the present stage of the discussion, that he will be able, when the proper time comes, to fund hundreds of millions of his outstanding obligations in a cheap and easy money market, (of his own making if need be,) at *five* ℘ cent. in gold, than tens of millions at *six* ℘ cent. in gold under pressure and panic and the resulting disturbance to trade *and his sure revenues*.

It is not a little singular that some of our neighbors who complain of a demoralized currency, and insist upon an early return to the old standard, are expressing objections to the privilege to the Secretary of the Treasury of making the interest of part of his 5 ℘ cents. payable in Europe. If such a privilege is exercised, it will certainly be to promote foreign exchanges, without the proper adjustment of which gold payments can never be resumed. If these authorities even desire to help the Secretary keep down the price of gold, in the absence of actual gold payments, they ought not to object to the power which this arrangement would place in the department over the foreign exchanges, and indirectly over the Gold Room. We have seen in the last six months that this arena of speculation was practically shorn of its control of the market for mischief, by the constant sales of gold from the Treasury to meet the chief business demand, to wit: for customs. The price ranged from July to January from 143 to 148, averaging about 145 ℘ cent. It has since fallen below 140, and the government will now find it much easier to hold it between 130 and 140 for the next few months than at the previous range, provided the Secretary is left entirely free to do so, in all emergencies or contingencies of the foreign exchange and Custom-house demand.

Money is in unusually large supply. Call loans are generally quoted as low as 4@5 ℘ cent. on Government and other unexceptionable collaterals; and prime discount at 6@7 ℘ cent. ℘ annum, with a very moderate inquiry for accommodation at even these cheap rates. The Sub-Treasury balance is being steadily increased, standing this evening as high as $81,926,033, on receipts of $2,119,102, against disbursements of $1,051,399.

The railway and miscellaneous stock list was depressed at the opening calls. Hudson River shares fell 1½, Erie 1¼, and most other speculative favorites receded a fraction, on an average business. There was a slight improvement in Reading shares and in Cumberland Coal stock, in each of which the dealings assumed a more confident form. At the 1 o'clock sales speculation was decidedly more vigorous, and prices were much firmer, especially in Pittsburgh and Reading shares. The later movements at the boards and in the street, on the whole indicated a sustained market, on a fair inquiry.

Government coin-bearing bonds were a fraction easier on a moderate business, pending the receipt of fresh advices from Europe, which are expected momentarily. There was no pressure to sell, however, and no disposition to make any important concessions. Seven-thirties yielded a fraction, the demand having been less urgent, but the offerings were comparatively light, at the modified quotations. Compound-interest notes were steady, on a fair business.

At 4 o'clock prices stood about as follows as compared with Thursday afternoon:

| | Thurs. | Frid. | | Thurs. | Frid. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. 10-40s | 93⅞ | 93⅝ | Northwest | 31½ | 31⅜ |
| U. S. 5-20s | 104 | 103⅞ | N. West Pref. | 56⅝ | 57 |
| U. S. 7.30s | 99⅞ | 99⅝ | Rock Island | 101⅞ | 102⅜ |
| N. Y. Central | 92⅝ | 93¼ | Fort Wayne | 94⅞ | 95⅛ |
| Erie | 90⅛ | 90 | Cumb'land Coal | 44¼ | 44½ |
| Hudson | 104⅞ | 104 | Quicksilver | 41¼ | 41¼ |
| Reading | 101 | 101 | Mariposa | 13½ | 13½ |
| Mich. Southern | 68⅝ | 70¼ | Canton | 44 | 44 |
| Illinois Central | 126 | 126 | Ohio Certificates | 25½ | 25¾ |
| Pittsburgh | 78⅜ | 83½ | American Gold | 138⅛ | 138⅝ |
| Prairie du Chien | 96 | 96 | Bills on London | 108⅜ | 108⅝ |

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Merchants' | 110 | Metropolitan | 120 |
| Mechanics' | 110 | People's | 112 |
| America | 133 | Market | 110 |
| Tradesmen's | 130 | Nassau | 107 |
| Fulton | 150 | Shoe and Leather | 102½ |
| Merchants' Exch'ge | 100 | Corn Exchange | 113 |
| Leather Manufact's | 175 | Continental | 97 |
| State of New-York | 104 | St. Nicholas | 104 |
| Commerce | 104 | Commonwealth | 98 |
| Mech's Bk'g Asso'n | 103 | Importers' & Traders' | 98 |
| Broadway | 225 | Manufac. & Merch'ts | 100 |
| Ocean | 94 | Central National | 108 |
| American Exchange | 110½ | First National | 210 |
| Bank of the Republic | 110 | Fourth National | 97 |
| Hanover | 108 | Ninth National | 107½ |
| Irving | 107 | | |

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883 | 91 | Chi. & N. W. 1st M. | 83⅝ |
| N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887 | 91 | Han.& St. Jos. L. G. | 90 |
| N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76 | 103½ | Lack. & West'n Bonds | 98 |
| Erie 1st M., '68 | 99 | Tol. & Wab. 1st M. Ex | 90 |
| Erie 7s, 2d mort., '79 | 102 | Tol. & Wab. 2d M. | 75 |
| Erie 7s, 3d mort., '83 | 98 | Gal. & Chic. Ext. | 100 |
| Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880 | 96 | Chi. & R. I. 1st M | 98 |
| Erie 7s, 5th mort., 1888 | 93½ | Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund | 96 |
| Buf. N.Y.& E. 1st M. '77 | 93 | Pitts., Ft.W.& Ch.. 2d | 92 |
| Hud. R. 7s, 2ds. S.F.'85 | 101 | Pitts.,Ft.W.& Ch.. 3d | 89 |
| Hud. R. 7s, conv., '67 | 95 | Cleve. & Pitts. 2d Mort. | 90 |
| Harlem 3ds, '68 | 93 | Cleve. & P. 3d m. con. | 85 |
| Mich. C.new 1st M.8's 82 | 111 | Cleve. & P. 4th mort. | 78 |
| Chi., B. & Q.8 ℘c. 1sts | 109½ | Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st M | 50 |
| Mich. So. 7 ℘ c. 2ds | 99 | Chic. & Al. 1st M. | 93¼ |
| Mich.S.& N.I.S.F.7 ℘c. | 94 | Atlantic & G. W. 1st M. | 97½ |
| Ill. Cen. 7 p. c. 1875 | 106 | Ohio & Miss. 1st mort. | 79 |
| Alton & T.H. 2d M. pf. | 80 | Peninsula R.R. bonds | 75 |
| Alton & T.H. 2d M. in. | 74 | Mil. & St. Paul 1st M. | 78 |
| Chi. & N. W. S. F. | 91 | Marietta & Cin., 1st M. | 84¾ |
| Chi. & N. W. Int. B. | 80 | Chi. & Mil. 1st M. | 85 |

The Gold fluctuations to-day were represented by the quotations 138⅜@138⅞@137⅞@138¼, closing heavily, on a very feeble speculative movement. The customs demand was moderate, reaching $344,000, chiefly met by coin certificates, of which the government office issued during the day $142,980. The *Henry Chauncey*, from Aspinwall, delivered to-day a California treasure freight of $799,707. Sterling Exchange has been quiet and heavy at 108⅜@108⅞ for bankers' 60-day bills, and 107⅞@108 for prime commercial do.

Another old and highly esteemed merchant, Mr. W. W. DE FOREST, died this morning in his 72d year. He had amassed a large fortune, chiefly in the South American trade. He was one of our most public spirited citizens.

The following are the footings of the last Boston Bank Statement, as compared with the two previous reports:

| | Jan. 15. | Jan. 8. | Jan. 1. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Capital | $41,900,000 | $41,900,000 | $41,900,000 |
| Loans | 92,959,364 | 92,245,129 | 91,421,477 |
| Specie | 1,029,105 | 1,031,327 | 801,415 |
| Legal Tender Notes | 20,438,014 | 19,914,065 | 19,807,300 |
| Deposits | 40,939,870 | 41,718,132 | 38,451,794 |
| Circulation (National) | 21,946,595 | 21,806,180 | 21,497,354 |
| Circulation (State) | 1,273,948 | 1,328,793 | 1,404,721 |

The Third National Bank of this city was admitted to the Clearing-house yesterday, by a unanimous vote.

The internal revenue of the government from theatres and other places of public amusement in Boston, for the three months ending Jan. 12, as returned to the United States Assessor for the Third District, were $159,023, as follows:

Museum, three months, $38,659; Music Hall, three months, $10,830; Morris Brothers, three months, $16,133; Buckley's, October, $2,671; Buckley's, November, $2,788; Buckley's, December, $2,926; Tremont Theatre, three months, $4,373; Boston Theatre, three months, $52,982; Theatre Comique, November, $4,113; Theatre Comique, December, $6,234; Howard Athenæum, October, $8,956; Howard Athenæum, November, $8,368.

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $3,902,895. The following is the summary for the week:

| | CONSUMPTION DIRECT. Pkgs. | Value. | WAREHOUSED. Pkgs. | Value. | WITHDRAWN. Pkgs. | Value. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Man. of Wool | 1,865 | $910,757 | 1,312 | $555,254 | 584 | $275,987 |
| Man. of Cotton | 1,331 | 474,123 | 965 | 331,148 | 694 | 218,641 |
| Man. of Silk | 538 | 598,911 | 133 | 186,533 | 142 | 193,691 |
| Man. of Flax | 1,297 | 461,630 | 640 | 172,312 | 463 | 130,089 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,132 | 187,605 | 67 | 24,622 | 35 | 21,354 |
| Total | 7,263 | $2,633,026<br>1,269,869 | 3,117 | $1,269,869 | 1,918 | $839,732<br>2,633,026 |
| Total entered | | $3,902,895 | Total marketed | | | $3,472,758 |

The debt of the State of New-York as it existed on the 30th of September *last, not including the bounty debt*, was as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Canal debt | $19,424,585 49 |
| General fund debt | 6,050,954 37 |
| Total | $25,475,539 86 |
| The bounty loan on Dec. 10 was | 25,566,000 00 |
| Total | $51,041,537 86 |

At the close of the year the Comptroller estimated that the bounty debt would ultimately reach $27,000,000. The certificates of this bounty debt were issued to the cities, counties and towns of the State, to reimburse bounties paid by them. Chapter 325 of the laws of 1865 provided for the submission to the people, at the general election in November, of the question whether the debt should be created or not, in accordance with the provisions of the constitution. The election resulted in a very large majority for the debt, pledging the faith of the State in the most solemn form. The bounty debt is therefore as regular and as valid a State obligation as either the canal or general fund debt. It has twelve years to run, at 7 ℘ cent., and is now changing hands at 99¼@99½.

## BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,

(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)

30 Wall Street, N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

N. Y. STATE 7 PER CENT STOCK, 7-30 NOTES AND COMPOUND NOTES BOUGHT AND SOLD BY THE NATIONAL CURRENCY BANK, No. 2 Wall-st., corner of Broadway.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Fourth National Bank on the 9th inst., the members of the former Board of Directors were unanimously elected, and at a subsequent meeting of the board, P. C. Calhoun, Esq., was in the same manner reelected President.

## GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Jan. 19, 1866.

ASHES—The market for Pots is dull, and prices are heavy, at $7 50@$7 75.

BEESWAX—There is no change in Yellow Western. The demand is still moderate. We quote at 45c.@46c.

COPPER—American Ingot is steady, with a moderate business doing; sales of 75,000 lbs. Lake and Baltimore at 38½c.@40c., chiefly at 39c.@39½c. New Sheathing and Yellow Metal are without change. We quote at 55c. for the former and 40c. for the latter.

CANDLES—Remain steady, but the market is quiet. We quote Adamantine at 23c.@25½c.; Sperm 40c.@42c., and Patent at 50c.@52c. Sales of 100 boxes Adamantine on private terms.

COTTON—The market is dull and heavy, and prices somewhat nominal, at 51c.@52c. for Middlings, with sales of 1,500 bales.

COFFEE—There has been an active business in Rio to-day, and prices are extremely firm for all prime parcels. The common grades are somewhat irregular. Sales of 5,000 bags Rio, ex *Carioca*, to arrive, at 15c.; 1,000 bags, ex *Undine*, at 15c.; 2,957 bags, ex *Katharina*, at or about 14¼c.@14½c., all gold, in bond; and 1,000 bags ex *Agnes*, in Baltimore, on private terms. We also hear rumors of two other cargoes being taken, but the report needs confirmation. Other kinds are firm and in demand. Sales of 350 bags Porto Rico at 21½c., and 250 bags St. Domingo, in bond, at 12½c., gold.

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report today is as follows: *Jobber's Prices.*—Brown Sheetings—Salmon Falls A, 81½c.; Shawmut, 31½c.; Pocasset A, 28c.; Pocasset K, 28c.; Pocasset 40-inch, 32½c. Bleached Shirtings—New-York Mills, 52½c.; Harris No. 1, 38c.; Harris No. 2, 32½c.; Columbia A, 28c.; Canoe, 21c. Prints—Merrimac W, 28c.; Pacific, 26c.; Allen, 23½c.; Arnold, 23c.; Wamsutta, 21c.; Victory, 22½c. Delaines—Hamilton Woolen Company, 29c.; Hamilton Manufacturing Company, 25c. Ginghams—Glasgow, 28c.; Hartford, 26c. Canton Flannels—Laconia F, 42½c.; Hamilton, 37½c.; Nashua, 30c. Ticks—Amoskeag A, 60c.; Amoskeag B, 55c.; Amoskeag C, 50c. Stripes—Amoskeag, 50c.; Thorndike, 34½c.; Uncasville, 32c. Denims—Amoskeag, 55c.; Haymaker, 47½c.; Wide World, 37½c. Spool Cotton—Coats', $1 10; Willimantic, 93c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, 20 to 50 hoops, 87½c. to $1 05; Empress Trail, $1 25; S. T. & A. T. Meyers' I X L, in excellent demand at former prices. The following dispatches have been received at the Dry Goods Exchange to-day: Chicago, Jan. 18.—Trade better, with more confidence and regularity in prices. St. Louis, Jan. 18.—Trade very dull; lower prices expected. Cincinnati, Jan. 18.—No improvement in trade; there is very little doing. Baltimore, Jan. 18.—Market quiet; no change in prices. Providence, Jan. 18.—Market hardening; business fair. Louisville, Jan. 18.—Trade fair and prices firm. Philadelphia, Jan. 18.—Market inactive; no change in prices.

DYEWOODS—Are quiet, but holders generally demand an advance, especially Logwoods, which are in small supply; small sales of St. Domingo at $25@$27 currency, and 20 tons Jamaica on private terms; the currency price is about $27.

FISH—Dry Cod are inactive and prices are nominal at from $7@$9 25 for St. George's and Grand Bank. Mackerel are in fair jobbing demand at full previous prices. Smoked and Pickled Herrings are quiet and prices are nominal in the absence of sales.

GREASE—We notice sales of 60,000 lbs. at 12c.@13c.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for Western and State Flour is less active, and prices are lower, the decline being 10c. ⅌ bbl. on the low, and 15c.@20c. on the medium grades. Superfine State, however, is more firmly held. Trade and family brands are without change, but are quiet. The sales are 7,900 bbls., at $6 90@$7 30 for Superfine State; $7 75@$8 05 for Extra State; $8 15@$8 40 for Fancy State; $7 90@$8 25 for the low grades of Western Extra; $8 40@$8 75 for Shipping Ohio; $9@$11 20 for trade and family brands; $11 35@$15 25 for St. Louis Extras. Buckwheat Flour is dull and heavy, at $3 75@$4 12½ ⅌ 100 lbs. Canadian Flour is only in limited demand, and prices are fully 10c. ⅌ bbl. easier. Sales of 300 bbls., at $7 90@$8 20 for the low grades of Extra, and $8 30@$11 for trade and family Extras. Southern Flour is dull, but in prices we have no particular variation to note; sales of 480 bbls. at $9 20@$10 50 for mixed to good Superfine Country Baltimore, &c., and $10 60@$15 50 for trade and family brands. Rye Flour is dull and unchanged, though the market is heavy; sales of 100 bbls. at $5@$6. Corn Meal is inactive, and in the absence of sales prices are nominally the same as last quoted.

GRAIN—The business in Wheat has been only to a moderate extent, and prices are lower. Holders, generally, are more disposed to realize, and to do so, a decline of fully 1c.@2c. ⅌ bushel on Spring would have to be submitted to; Winter Wheat is firmly held, though quiet; sales of 22,000 bushels old Amber Milwaukee at $1 75@$1 78, the latter price afloat. Barley is dull and prices favor the buyer. Barley Malt is firm; sales of 600 bushels State at $1 45. Oats are easier; only a moderate retail business doing. The sales are 50,000 bushels, in lots, including unsound Western at 40c.@45c., by the carload; State at 55c.@56c., by the carload, and Jersey and Southern at 58c.@55c. Rye is dull and nominal. Corn is lower and in less active demand, shippers awaiting steamer's news now due. The sales are 32,000 bushels, including unsound at 82c.@83c.; Western mixed at 85c.@87c. in store, and 89c. afloat. Jersey Yellow at 84c.@85c., and Southern do. at 88c.

HAY—The market continues dull and heavy; sales of 200 bales, at 75c.@80c. for shipping, and 80c.@85c. for retail lots.

HEMP—Manila is dull but steady; small sales making at 11c.@11½c., gold; other kinds are dull and nominal, the same as last quoted.

HOPS—The home trade are still buying quite freely, and prices are well sustained; sales of 200 bales at from 20c.@40c., and 70c. as to growth and quality.

LEAD—Pig is dull but steady; small sales at $9 62½@$9 71 for Spanish; German Refined and English Bar 12c., and Sheet and Pipe 16c.

LIME—Rockland is in moderate request, but prices are without change. Sales of 350 bbls. Common at $1 70, and 500 bbls. Lump at $2.

MOLASSES—The market is steady and fairly active; sales of 50 bbls. New-Orleans at $1 10@$1 25, and 204 hhds. Porto Rico at 65c.@80c.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits of Turpentine is dull, only a retail business done, say 20 to 50 bbls., ranging from 97c.@$1 02. Raisins are dull, and prices favor buyers; sales of 200 bbls. Common at $5 75@$6; 100 bbls. Strained and No. 2 at from $6 25@$9. No. 1 Pale and White is quoted from $10@$18. Tar is dull, but steady; small sales at $3@$4 50 for Domestic and Foreign. Pitch is nominal.

OILS.—City Linseed continues firm and a fair inquiry prevails, sales at $1 43@$1 44; Crude Whale is dull and nominal at $1 50; Crude Sperm is quiet but steady at $2 50; manufactured oils are inactive and nominal. Lard oil is moderately active and steady, sales of 150 bbls. at $1 95@$2 for Summer and Winter. We notice sales of 50,000 lbs. Palm Oil at 13½c., which is an advance.

PETROLEUM.—The market for Crude is less active, but in prices we have no change to note, though a very heavy feeling prevails at the close; small sales on the spot at 34c.: no disposition to operate for the future. Receipts 356 bbls. Refined in bond is quiet but steady; sales of 500 bbls. at 55c.@56c. Receipts 711 bbls. Benzine (60c@63c. gravity) is quoted at 38c.@40c.

PROVISIONS—Pork is lower, but a better business was done at the decline, the market closing heavy. For future deliveries sales of 6,500 bbls., at $29 75@$30 50 seller January; $30 buyer do.; $29 25@$29 87½ seller February; $28 87½@$29 seller March. The sales cash and regular are 5,000 bbls. at $29 for old Mess; $29 87½@$30 25 for new do.; the outside figures both future and on the spot early in the day. Beef is in fair demand and steady; prices of 375 bbls. at $11@$14 for old plain Mess; $16@$19 for new do.; $13@$16 for old Extra, and $20@$24 for new do. Tierce Beef is nominal. Beef Hams are in demand and firm; the small supply checks business; we quote $40@$41 for Western; sales last evening of 155 bbls. Beef Tongues at $34. Cut Meats are quiet but steady; sales of rough Shoulders at 10½c., and Green Hams from block at 16c. Bacon is moderately active; sales 142 boxes Cumberland Cut at 14½c., and short Ribbed, seller Feb. 16. Dressed Hogs are dull; slaughterers refuse to sell at present price. We quote at 12½c.@12½c. for Western, and 12½c.@13c. for city. Lard is in fair demand, but lower; sales of 1,000 pkgs. at 16½c.@17½c. for No. 1, 17½c.@17½c. for city, 18c. for prime do. in bbls., and 18c.@18½c. for Western.

RICE—The market is rather heavy; sales of 50 tcs. Carolina at 12c.@13c., and 1,800 bushels Para Paddy on private terms.

SUGARS—Raw Sugars continue moderately active, and though we still quote at 11½c.@11½c. for fair, and 11½c.@11½c. for good refining, the outside figure can hardly be obtained. Sales of 759 hhds., at 11½c.@14c. for Cuba, 15½c. for Demerara, and 11½c. for Martinique, and 789 boxes Havana at 12¼c.@14½c. Refined are dull at 18c. for hards. Messrs. STUART now quote their refined sugars thus: best crushed, 18c.; granulated, 17½c.; ground, 17½c.; white A, 17c.; yellow C, 16½c., cash ⅌ lb.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is in less active demand, and is easier; sales at 12½c.@13½c. Timothy Seed is in limited demand, at $3 75@$4 12½. Rough Flax Seed is moderately active, at $2 80@$3 ⅌ bushel. Calcutta Linseed is quiet, but prices are without material change.

STEARINE—The market is heavy; sales of 160,000 lbs. City at 16c.@17c. for good to prime.

TALLOW—The market is more active, and a shade firmer, notwithstanding the more liberal arrivals; sales of 165,000 lbs., at 12½c.@12½c. for Western, and 13c.@13½c. for city.

WHISKY—The market is more active, and prices may be quoted a shade firmer; sales of 270 bbls. at $2 27@$2 28 for State, and $2 28 for Western.

FREIGHTS—There is but little doing. The engagements to Liverpool are 200 bbls. Flour at 2s.; 400 boxes Bacon at 17s. 6d.; 400 bales Cotton at 7-16d., and per steamer, 1,000 bales Cotton at ⅜d.@½d., and 800 bags Clover Seed at 30s. A bark was chartered to Venice on private terms.

## FAMILY MARKETING.

### Current Retail Prices at the Principal Markets.

FRIDAY, Jan. 19, 1866.

The following table, revised weekly, will be found to contain correct quotations of the retail prices of all the principal articles of food, &c., at Washington and Fulton Markets, and is given as a guide to purchasers there, or from outside dealers. The prices of inferior goods are not quoted, our outside figures being for the best qualities of their kind in the market.

The changes to note this week are few and unimportant. First-class Butter is quite scarce, inferior qualities plentier, and a shade lower. Mutton is cheaper, but other meats and Poultry remain about the same. Vegetables are scarce and dear. Fish, with the exception of one or two kinds, are unchanged in price.

BREAD, FLOUR, MEAL, &c.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fine Wheat Loaf | $ 5 | @ | 10 |
| Household Loaf | 5 | @ | 10 |
| Boston Brown Loaf | — | @ | 10 |
| Crackers, soda, ⅌ lb. | 10 | @ | 12 |
| Crackers, fancy, ⅌ lb. | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Flour, extra family, ⅌ bag of 24½ lbs. | 1 15 | @ | 1 30 |
| Flour, extra family, ⅌ bbl. | 11 00 | @ | 13 00 |
| Flour, family, ⅌ bag of 24½ lbs. | 1 00 | @ | 1 32 |
| Flour, family, ⅌ bbl. | 9 00 | @ | 11 00 |
| Flour, self-raising, ⅌ bag of 6 lbs. | 45 | @ | — |
| Flour, Graham, ⅌ bag of 25 lbs. | 1 40 | @ | — |
| Indian Meal, ⅌ bag of 25 lbs. | 70 | @ | 75 |
| Oatmeal, ⅌ bag of 25 lbs. | 1 25 | @ | — |
| Hominy and Samp, ⅌ lb. | 6 | @ | — |

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS, &c.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Butter, first quality, ⅌ lb. | $ 45 | @ | — |
| Butter, second quality, ⅌ lb. | 35 | @ | — |
| Butter, cooking, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | 35 |
| Cheese, choice, ⅌ lb. | 22 | @ | — |
| Cheese, common, ⅌ lb. | 15 | @ | 18 |
| Cheese, pine-apple, ⅌ lb. | 38 | @ | — |
| Eggs, ⅌ dozen | 60 | @ | — |
| Lard, prime, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | — |
| Lard, ordinary, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 22 |
| Suet, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |

MEATS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Beef, porter-house steak, ⅌ lb. | 35 | @ | 40 |
| Beef, sirloin, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | 35 |
| Beef, round, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Beef, roast, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | 35 |
| Beef, other cuts, ⅌ lb. | 12 | @ | 18 |
| Livers, ⅌ lb. | 12 | @ | 15 |
| Hearts, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | 40 |
| Pork, steak, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |
| Pork, sausages, ⅌ lb. | 22 | @ | — |
| Pork, larded, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | — |
| Pigs, roasters, each, ⅌ lb., 30c. | 3 50 | @ | — |
| Lamb, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Mutton, hind quarters, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Mutton, fore quarters, ⅌ lb. | 12 | @ | 15 |
| Mutton, chops, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Country Sausage, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | — |
| Tripe, ⅌ lb. | — | @ | 12 |
| Veal, quarters, ⅌ lb. | 15 | @ | 30 |
| Veal, cutlets, ⅌ lb. | 45 | @ | — |
| Venison, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | — |

BACON, HAMS, POULTRY AND GAME, &c.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bacon ⅌ lb. | $ 23 | @ | — |
| Hams, whole ⅌ lb. | 23 | @ | 28 |
| Hams, retail, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | 28 |
| Shoulders, ⅌ lb. | 18 | @ | — |
| Beef, corned, ⅌ lb. | 12 | @ | 22 |
| Beef, smoked, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | — |
| Beef Tongues, each | 1 25 | @ | — |
| Bologna Sausage, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |
| Chickens, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | 28 |
| Chickens, Prairie, ⅌ pair | 1 25 | @ | 1 37 |
| Ducks, ⅌ lb. | — | @ | 35 |
| Ducks, black and mallard, ⅌ pair | 1 50 | @ | 2 00 |
| Fowl, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | 30 |
| Geese, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Turkey, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | — |
| Pigeons, stall, ⅌ doz. | 2 50 | @ | 3 00 |
| Partridges, ⅌ pair | 1 25 | @ | 1 50 |
| Quail, ⅌ doz. | 4 50 | @ | 5 00 |
| Woodcock, ⅌ pair | — | @ | — |
| Snipe, yellow leg, ⅌ pair | — | @ | 1 25 |
| Squab Pigeons, each | 40 | @ | — |
| Rabbits, ⅌ pair | 75 | @ | 1 00 |
| Curry Hen, ⅌ pair | 1 75 | @ | 2 00 |
| Hares | — | @ | 1 25 |

FISH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bass, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | 30 |
| Cod, ⅌ lb. | 10 | @ | 12 |
| Eels, ⅌ lb. | 15 | @ | 20 |
| Flounders, ⅌ lb. | 15 | @ | — |
| Haddock, ⅌ lb. | 10 | @ | — |
| Herring, ⅌ lb. | 8 | @ | — |
| Mackerel, each | — | @ | — |
| Cod, dried, ⅌ lb. | 11 | @ | — |
| Clams, soft, ⅌ 100 | 1 00 | @ | — |
| Clams, hard, ⅌ doz. | 10 | @ | — |
| Crabs, ⅌ doz. | 25 | @ | 30 |
| Eels, smoked, ⅌ lb. | — | @ | — |
| Herrings, smoked, ⅌ bunch | 15 | @ | — |
| Lobster, ⅌ lb. | — | @ | 10 |
| Mackerel, salt, each | 10 | @ | 25 |
| Perch, ⅌ lb. | — | @ | 15 |
| Pickerel, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Salmon Trout, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Smelts, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 25 |
| Sturgeon, ⅌ lb. | — | @ | 12 |
| Sun-Fish, ⅌ lb. | 12 | @ | 15 |
| White Fish, ⅌ lb. | 15 | @ | 25 |
| Weak Fish, ⅌ lb. | 16 | @ | — |
| Mackerel, smoked, ⅌ lb. | 16 | @ | 18 |
| Oysters, stewing, ⅌ 100 | 75 | @ | — |
| Oysters, Saddlerock, ⅌ 100 | 2 00 | @ | 3 00 |
| Oysters, pickled, ⅌ 100 | 3 00 | @ | 4 50 |
| Salmon, smoked, ⅌ lb. | 27 | @ | 30 |
| Shad, smoked, ⅌ lb. | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Scallops, ⅌ quart | 35 | @ | — |
| Herrings, smoked, ⅌ bunch | 15 | @ | — |
| Eels, smoked | 25 | @ | — |
| Halibut, smoked | 20 | @ | — |
| Finnan Haddock | 16 | @ | — |
| Smoked White Fish | 18 | @ | — |

GROCERIES, &c.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tea, English Breakfast, ⅌ lb. | $1 20 | @ | $1 30 |
| Tea, Green, ⅌ lb. | 1 00 | @ | 2 00 |
| Tea, Mixed, ⅌ lb. | 1 00 | @ | 1 30 |
| Coffee, (roast in bean) ⅌ lb. | 44 | @ | 60 |
| Coffee, (roast, ground) ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 50 |
| Coffee, green, ⅌ lb. | 35 | @ | 50 |
| Coffee, rye, barley, &c., ⅌ lb. | 12 | @ | 50 |
| Sugar, brown, ⅌ lb. | 15 | @ | 18 |
| Sugar, crushed, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |
| Sugar, crystalized, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |
| Syrup, ⅌ gallon | 1 30 | @ | — |
| Molasses, ⅌ gallon | 1 20 | @ | — |
| Candles, tallow, ⅌ lb. | — | @ | 20 |
| Candles, sperm, ⅌ lb. | 36 | @ | 42 |
| Candles, adamantine, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | — |
| Rice, ⅌ lb. | 11 | @ | 12 |
| Soap, family, ⅌ lb. | 10 | @ | 14 |
| Starch, ⅌ lb. | 10 | @ | 13 |
| Maccaroni, ⅌ lb. | 14 | @ | 34 |
| Barley, Pearl, ⅌ lb. | [illegible] | @ | — |
| Honey, ⅌ jar of half lb. | 35 | @ | — |
| Sago, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |
| Tapioca, ⅌ lb. | 22 | @ | — |

FRUIT.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Apples, ⅌ peck | $ 80 | @ | $1 00 |
| Apples, ⅌ barrel | 6 00 | @ | 6 50 |
| Pears, ⅌ peck | — | @ | 2 50 |
| Grapes, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | 1 00 |
| Lemons, ⅌ dozen | 25 | @ | 35 |
| Oranges, ⅌ dozen | 80 | @ | — |
| Apples, dried, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |
| Peaches, dried, ⅌ lb. | 25 | @ | — |
| Fruit in cans, ⅌ can | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Dates, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | — |
| New Figs, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | — |
| New Lemon Peel, ⅌ lb. | 45 | @ | — |
| Citron, ⅌ lb. | 60 | @ | 70 |
| Green Ginger, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | — |
| Prunes, sugar, ⅌ lb. | 50 | @ | — |
| Prunes, common, ⅌ lb. | 20 | @ | — |
| Raisins, ⅌ lb. | 30 | @ | 35 |
| Currants, Zante, ⅌ lb. | 22 | @ | — |
| Chestnuts, ⅌ quart | 30 | @ | — |
| Cocoanuts, each | 10 | @ | 15 |
| Hickory nuts, ⅌ quart | 20 | @ | — |
| Cranberries, ⅌ quart | 15 | @ | 18 |
| Hazel nuts, ⅌ quart | 25 | @ | — |

VEGETABLES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cabbage, ⅌ head | $ 20 | @ | 25 |
| Cabbage, red, ⅌ head | 25 | @ | [illegible] |
| Carrots, ⅌ bunch | 6 | @ | — |
| Cauliflower, each | — | @ | — |
| Celery, ⅌ bunch | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Chicory, ⅌ head | — | @ | 15 |
| Lettuce, ⅌ head | 10 | @ | 15 |
| Onions, ⅌ quart | 8 | @ | 10 |
| Onions, seedling, ⅌ quart | 25 | @ | — |
| Kohlrabs, ⅌ bunch | — | @ | — |
| Potatoes, ⅌ peck | 50 | @ | — |
| Potatoes, ⅌ bbl. | 3 00 | @ | 4 00 |
| Potatoes, sweet, ⅌ peck | 1 00 | @ | — |
| Parsnips, ⅌ bunch | 8 | @ | 10 |
| Pumpkins, each | 50 | @ | 75 |
| Radishes, ⅌ bunch | 6 | @ | 8 |
| Spinach, ⅌ half peck | 30 | @ | — |
| Squash, each | 15 | @ | 25 |
| Turnips, ⅌ peck | 50 | @ | — |

SUNDRIES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Beans, dry, ⅌ quart | $ 13 | @ | — |
| Peas, split, ⅌ quart | 13 | @ | — |
| Salt, 7 lbs ⅌ bag | 22 | @ | — |
| Pickles, in jars, each | 50 | @ | 1 00 |
| Coal, ⅌ bushel | 65 | @ | — |
| Coal, ⅌ ton | 10 00 | @ | 11 00 |
| Wood, kindling, ⅌ load | 5 00 | @ | 6 00 |
| Kerosene, ⅌ gallon | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Milk, ⅌ quart | 12 | @ | — |

## CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

### BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

SPECIAL SESSION.

THURSDAY, Jan. 18, 1866—3 o'clock P. M.

The board met in the chamber of the Board of Aldermen, pursuant to the following call:

*E. M. Hagerty, Esq., Clerk of the Board of Councilmen:*

SIR: You are respectfully requested to convene the Board of Councilmen in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, on Thursday, January eighteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at three o'clock P. M., for the purpose of transacting such business as may come before the board.

CHAS. KOSTER,
ANTHONY HARTMAN,
GEORGE H. MACKAY,
MORRIS A. TYNG,
FRANCIS A. THOMAS,
HUGH O'BRIEN,
CORNELIUS FLYNN,
ISAAC ROBINSON,
JAMES LONG,
JAMES G. BRINKMAN,
GEORGE HETTRICK,
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
J. WILSON GREEN,
JOHN STACOM,
CLEMENT WATTS,
EDWARD COSTELLO,
M. HALLORAN,
MILNOR IMLAY,
A. H. KEECH.

Present—J. Wilson Green, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenny, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, White, Mackay, Tyng, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—23.

The reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting was dispensed with.

PETITIONS.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Petition of John Gilbertson for permission to receive and deliver goods in front of his premises, number four Broadway.

In connection therewith Councilman O'Brien presented for adoption the following resolution:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John Gilbertson, to receive and deliver goods in front of his premises, number four Broadway, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Petition of the Anglo-American Free Church of St. George the Martyr, for remission of tax.

In connection therewith, the President presented for adoption the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Clerk of Arrears of Taxes, &c., for an amount sufficient to pay the taxes of the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, assessment for sewer in Sixth-avenue, confirmed December twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and assessment for opening Madison-avenue, confirmed October nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, which are now liens upon the church property of the Anglo-American Free Church of St. George the Martyr, on Forty-fourth-street, New-York City, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Stacom—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Henry Devlin to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number four hundred and seventy-seven Pearl-street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Stacom—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Henry Devlin to place a sign in front of his premises, number four hundred and seventy-seven Pearl-street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Costello—

Resolved, That two gas-lamps be placed in front of the house occupied by the Sisters of Charity, number three hundred and fifteen East Tenth-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Councilman Pullman moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Lamps and Gas, when appointed.

Which was lost.

The resolution was then adopted.

By Councilman Koster—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals to repair Pier number sixty-two, East River, immediately.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Robinson—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to C. H. Hebbe to keep a wagon in front of his premises, number one hundred and forty-four Laurens-street, the same not to interfere with public travel, and to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Flynn—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Daniel Conner to keep a stand for the sale of newspapers on the northwest corner of Broadway and Dey-street, he having obtained the consent of the occupants of the premises in front of the same, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Brinkman—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Michael Kunts to receive and deliver goods in front of his premises numbers seventy-seven and seventy-nine Essex-street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Kenney—

Resolved, That Second-street, from the Bowery to Avenue D, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement, when appointed.

By Councilman Stacom—

Resolved, That the name of Michael Rooney, of number fifty-one Mulberry-street, be added to the list of blind persons.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the name of William Spence, of number nineteen Marion-street, be added to the list of blind persons who are to receive the sum of fifty dollars from the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Councilman Flynn—

Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs be and they are hereby authorized and directed to procure a stand of colors for the use of the Fifty-fifth Regiment, New-York State National Guard.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Brinkman—

Resolved, That the name of Sarah Hamilton, residing at number twenty-eight Norfolk-street, be placed upon the list of blind persons who are to receive a donation of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Councilman Flynn—

Resolved, That the name of James Hollohan, residing at number twenty Morris-street, be added to the list of blind persons who are to receive fifty dollars as a donation from the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Councilman Hettrick—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John G. Browning, of numbers ninety-six, ninety-eight, one hundred, one hundred and two and one hundred and four North Moore-street, to receive and deliver goods in front of his said place of business, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council, provided the same does not interfere with public travel.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Flynn—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John C. King to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number fifty-seven and a half Vesey-street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Resolved, That One Hundred and Nineteenth-street, from Third to Fourth avenue, be regulated and graded, curbed and guttered, and flagged with four feet flags.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads, when appointed.

By Councilman Flynn—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to employ a suitable person as keeper, and to take charge of the Bowling-green Park.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Hartman—

Resolved, That the name of Catharine Uhl, residing at number one hundred and thirty-eight Third-street, a blind person, be placed by the Comptroller upon the list of such persons for a donation of fifty dollars.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Councilman Halloran—

Resolved, That the name of John R. Farrington be substituted for the name of J. W. Somerindyke, lately appointed a Commissioner of Deeds, said Somerindyke having failed to qualify, and the said Farrington is hereby appointed in his place.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices, when appointed.

Subsequently Councilman Halloran moved that such reference be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

Councilman Keenan moved that the paper be laid upon the table.

Which was carried.

By Councilman Halloran—

Resolved, That the sidewalks in Eighty-sixth-street, between Third and Fifth-avenues, be flagged and reflagged, and regulated, and the curb and gutter stones reset where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads when appointed.

By Councilman Halloran—

Resolved, That the Harlem Gaslight Company be and they are hereby authorized and directed to lay gas-mains and place street lamps in One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, from the Third to the Fourth avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Halloran—

Resolved, That the Harlem Gaslight Company be and they are hereby authorized and directed to cause a gas-main to be laid and street lamps to be placed in Eighty-seventh-street, from the First to the Third avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Keech—

Whereas, Deeming it our privilege to act on behalf of our fellow-citizens, and that it is in accordance with public opinion to give opportunity for the due observance of the birthday of the illustrious Washington, and

Whereas, During four years of sectional strife his name was a watchword of hope for the safety of our Union, to all patriotic and loyal citizens, it is now peculiarly appropriate, when the blessings of peace cover our united country, that we should give reverence to one whose precepts and example gave him the noble attribute of the Father of his Country, and whose memory saved to us a nation—proving to the world that the name of Washington is still "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen;" therefore, be it

Resolved, That, if the Board of Aldermen concur, a joint special committee of five members from each board be appointed to make suitable arrangements for the celebration of the twenty-second of February, the birthday of Washington, and that the sum of —— dollars be and hereby is appropriated to defray the necessary expenses for the same.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Tyng—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby granted to Thomas K. Fletcher, to exhibit dry goods and also to stand his window shutters in front of his premises, number two hundred and sixty Third-avenue, provided the same does not interfere with the public travel, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby granted to William K. Peyton to exhibit and receive dry goods in front of his premises, numbers two hundred and seventy-two and two hundred and seventy-four Bowery, provided the same does not interfere with the public travel, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Pullman—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby requested to send to this board for its information a statement of all the real estate and other property owned by the city, showing whether the same be leased or rented, or wholly non-productive, to whom, if any, so leased or rented, the amount of money received and due from such lessees or tenants, and the cost of collecting it.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Mackay—

AN ORDINANCE

FOR REGULATING RAILROAD CARS RUNNING IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK AT THE INTERSECTION OF TRACKS.

I. It shall be the duty of the driver of each and every railroad car running in the City of New-York, on all railroad lines where the tracks of such lines intersect each other, to reduce the speed of their horses to a walk on approaching a point fifty feet from such intersection, and continue such speed till the cross-track is passed.

II. Any violation of the foregoing ordinance shall be punishable by a fine of not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for each offence.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads, when appointed.

INVITATIONS.

An invitation was received from the John Wildey Association to attend their Third Annual Ball, on January twenty-nine, at the Alker Rooms.

Which was accepted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Street Commissioner transmitting an apportionment of assessment for opening Ninety-sixth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.

Which was received and ordered on file.

PAPER FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Preamble and resolution of Board of Aldermen, as follows:

Whereas, Under and in pursuance of covenant nine of the contract made in pursuance of an act of the Legislature, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, for the repairs of the street pavement, the said contract was, on the twentieth day of December last declared, for cause, annulled by the Croton Aqueduct Board; and,

Whereas, Certain of the laborers employed under said contract, and certain inspectors appointed by said board to supervise the work under the same, have not been paid for the services rendered or labor performed by them respectively; and,

Whereas, Said persons are in immediate need of said moneys for the support of themselves and their families; therefore, it is

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay to each of said laborers and inspectors the amount claimed by them respectively, for labor or services rendered or performed as aforesaid, provided that each claim be accompanied by an affidavit on the part of the claimant as to its correctness; such amount as may be necessary to meet said claims to be taken from the appropriation under the head of "Street Repaving and Repairs," and the Comptroller to hold such claims as liens against the aforesaid contract.

(By Board of Councilmen, January fifteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, resolution amended by inserting after the word "affidavit" the words "and such other evidence as the Comptroller may require;" and by adding thereto the following: "But nothing in this resolution contained shall authorize the said Comptroller to make any payments under such contract, excepting the claims specifically enumerated herein, and the assignments and liens executed and filed before the thirtieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, when said contract was annulled.")

(By Board of Aldermen, January seventeen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, amended by striking out all after the words "before the," in the amendment of the Board of Councilmen, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "January thirty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six;" also by adding the following: "And that the Croton Aqueduct Board be required to draw their requisition upon the Comptroller for the amount due upon the said contract, up to the date of annulment of the same, and in case any suit being brought against the Comptroller in making the payment herein authorized, the Common Council will indemnify and save harmless the said Comptroller from any damages sustained by him in carrying out this resolution.")

Councilman Keech moved that said resolution be amended by striking therefrom the words following: "But nothing in this resolution contained shall authorize the said Comptroller to make any payments under such contract, excepting the claims specially enumerated herein, and the assignments and liens executed and filed before January thirty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six; and that the Croton Aqueduct Board be required to draw their requisition upon the Comptroller for the amount due upon said contract, up to the date of annulment of the same, and in case any suits being brought against the Comptroller in making the payment herein authorized, the Common Council will indemnify and save harmless the said Comptroller from any damage sustained by him in carrying out this resolution."

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keech, White, Tyng, Roberts, Pullman—5.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenny, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Green, Mackay, Thomas, Halloran, Hettrick, Imlay—18.

The amendment of the Board of Aldermen was then concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenny, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, Green, White, Mackay, Tyng, Thomas, Halloran, Hettrick, Imlay—21.

Negative—Councilmen Roberts, Pullman—2.

Petition of James H. Busch for permission to flag sidewalk and set curb and gutter stones at his own expense, opposite his two lots on south side of Forty-seventh-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

(By Board of Aldermen, January fifteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, prayer of the petitioner granted.)

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads, when appointed.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to F. F. Vetters to keep coaches in front of his premises, numbers one hundred and sixty-eight, one hundred and seventy and one hundred and seventy-two Allen-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John B. Karcher to place a sign in front of his place of business, number seventy-three Grand-street, said permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the name of John Fettrich, recently appointed a Commissioner of Deeds, be changed so as to read William Fettrich.

Which was referred to Committee on Salaries and Offices, when appointed.

Resolved, That the name of John McGuire recently appointed Commissioner of Deeds, be changed so as to read William McGuire.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to James Tate to keep a sign in front of his premises, number eighty-eight Franklin-street, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the name of James J. Holwell, on the list of Commissioners of Deeds appointed, be changed so as to read James J. Colwell.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John Wood to keep a show-case in front of his premises, number two hundred and eight Bowery, said permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That E. Rogers be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in the place of H. Ulrich, recently appointed, but who has failed to qualify.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices, when appointed.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Sylvester Lacy to place a stand on the sidewalk opposite number one hundred and ninety-two Chatham-street, for the sale of notions, permission to occupy the same having been received from the owner or occupant of the premises, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the name of John O'Connor, superseded by appointment of Daniel P. Oakley, in the list of Commissioners of Deeds recently passed by Common Council, be amended to read Charles O'Connor.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to I. Adler to keep a sign and image in front of his own premises, number two hundred and eleven Greenwich-street, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the name of John J. Russell, recently appointed a Commissioner of Deeds, be changed to John Jacob Russe.

Councilman Pullman moved to amend said resolution by adding thereto the words "the same being a clerical error."

Which was carried.

The resolution as amended was then adopted.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Joseph Des Roesbers to exhibit goods in front of his own premises, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Councilman Keech moved that said resolution be returned to the Board of Aldermen.

Which was carried.

Resignation of Bernard Reilly as a Commissioner of Deeds, and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That James Callery be and is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place of Bernard Reilly, resigned.

(By Board of Aldermen, January seventeen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, resignation accepted and resolution adopted.)

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices, when appointed.

Subsequently, Councilman Hartman moved that such reference be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then concurred in.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and is hereby authorized and directed to drudge out Fulton Market-slip, between piers twenty-two and twenty-three East River.

Which was referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, when appointed.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to William C. Browning and Company to receive and deliver goods in front of their premises in Pearl-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Thomas Gregg to exhibit goods on the sidewalk in front of premises number two hundred and thirteen Greenwich-street, he having obtained permission from the occupant of the premises, said permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he hereby is requested to take the necessary legal steps to recover from the sureties of McCool & Warnock the damages sustained by the Corporation in consequence of the non-fulfillment of the contract for the paving and repairing of streets, dated August eleven, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Which was concurred in.

Resignation of Hugh Reilly as a Commissioner of Deeds, and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That George E. Therry be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place of Hugh Reilly, who has failed to qualify.

(By Board of Aldermen, January seventeen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, resignation accepted and resolution adopted.)

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices, when appointed.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Margaret Higgins to keep a stand in front of number one hundred and forty Cherry-street, she having obtained permission from the property-owners, the same to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Councilman Keenan moved to amend said resolution by striking out the words "number one hundred and forty," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "northwest corner of Catharine and."

Councilman Pullman moved to further amend said resolution by adding thereto the words following: "Provided the same does not interfere with the public travel."

Which was lost.

The resolution as amended was then adopted.

Resolved, That the Clerk of the Common Council be and he is hereby authorized and directed to procure and furnish each member of the Common Council with a suitable badge, together with the staves of office, stationery, maps, and such books as may be necessary to aid them in the discharge of their official business.

Councilman Keenan moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Arts and Sciences, when appointed.

Which was carried.

He subsequently moved that the vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Preamble and resolution as follows:

Whereas, On the breaking out of the rebellion in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, the Common Council, with the approval of our patriotic citizens, incurred liabilities to the extent of one million dollars, which were disbursed through the Union Defence Committee in moving forward troops from the city to the seat of war, supplying them with arms and ammunition, thus making them at once available to the United States Government; and,

Whereas, Only a small portion of the said amount has been repaid by the United States; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of Congress from this city be and they are hereby requested to urge the payment by the United States Government the balance unpaid of the amount expended in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, through the Union Defence Committee, in furnishing United States troops with arms and ammunition, including all the expenditures connected therewith.

Which was concurred in.

Preamble and resolution as follows:

Whereas, A resolution donating the sum of one thousand eight hundred and six dollars to the Church of the Immaculate Conception was approved by His Honor the Mayor, December twenty-eight, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; and,

Whereas, Said sum was made from the petition attached to the report, and a clerical error having been made in the amount to the sum of one hundred and eighty-two dollars and forty-three cents; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of M. P. Morrough, Treasurer of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, for the sum of one hundred and eighty-two dollars and forty-three cents, to enable her to pay assessments against the said church property, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities, when appointed.

Petition of the Rector, &c., of the Twenty-fourth-street Methodist Episcopal Church for a donation to pay taxes for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of A. K. Sanford, Pastor of the Twenty-fourth-street Methodist Church, for the sum of forty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest, as a donation to said church, to be applied by the said pastor in payment of taxes for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty on property of said church, known as Index number nine hundred and sixty-five, Ward number three thousand six hundred and eighty-three, north side of Twenty-fourth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, and taxed to A. J. Post for the said year, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities, when appointed.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Sister Helene, of the Industrial School in Forty-second-street, for the sum of two thousand dollars, as a donation to said institution, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was lost for want of a sufficient number of votes, as follows:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenny, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, Green, Halloran—14.

Negative—Councilmen Stacom, White, Mackay, Tyng, Thomas, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—9.

Councilman Stacom moved that said vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

Councilman Keech moved that said paper be referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities, when appointed.

Which was carried.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Trustees of the Congregation of Beth Hamadrash, for the sum of one hundred and thirty-six dollars and twelve cents, with interest, as a donation, to enable said Trustees to redeem the property of said congregation from sale, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities, when appointed.

Councilman Koster moved that the board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the board stood adjourned to Monday, twenty-second instant, at two o'clock P. M.

EDWIN M. HAGERTY, Clerk.

## FOREIGN HOTELS.

PARIS

### GRAND HOTEL DE LOUVRE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.

SITUATED IN THE MOST
CENTRAL PART OF PARIS,
RUE DE RIVOLI AND
PLACE DU PALAIS ROYAL.

Six hundred bedrooms at from 3f. to 20f.; sixty sitting-rooms, at from 4f. to 20f.; a richly decorated dining saloon, table d'hote at 6 o'clock; public coffee and dining-rooms; choice wines; dinners served a la carte, both in the dining-room and private apartments; reading and conversation saloons; also, saloons for musical, wedding and other parties; all newspapers and serial publications received; divans, coffee, smoking and billiard rooms; numerous bath rooms; carriages on the premises; first-class private equipages at command; omnibuses running to all the railway stations; postal letter-box; telegraph office day and night; photographic studio; a staff of servants speaking all languages.

VENICE.

### GRAND HOTEL VICTORIA.

This large and first-rate establishment, greatly improved and enlarged, is situated in the most central position of Venice, and close to the Piazza Sn. Mario, the principal theatres and churches. The Grand Hotel Victoria, containing 180 bedrooms and private apartments, furnished with every modern requisite, has been reopened on the 14th of November, 1865, under the management of Mr. ROBERT ETZENSBERGER, so well known to American tourists from the Schweizerhof at Lucerne, and the Hotel de Rome at Rome. He is at the same time proprietor of the

HOTEL DE MILAN,

at Majolica, (near Cadenabbia,) Lake of Como—a very comfortable, quiet house, beautifully situated and admirably well adapted for persons who intend to spend some time on this charming lake.

## HOTELS.

ASHLAND HOUSE, NOS. 307 TO 313 4TH-AVENUE and No. 102 East 24th-st.—A private family hotel, with all the accommodations and conveniences of the largest establishments. Transient board $3 per day; permanent board, single person, from $12 to $15 per week. Apartments for one or two families if applied for soon.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

### FEMALES.

WANTED—BY AN HONEST AND ABLE WOMAN, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, or to assist in the washing; is perfectly competent and considers a permanent home more than wages. Can be seen at No. 950 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A very respectable English widow; would take charge of an infant from its birth; would be competent to attend a lady in her accouchement. Can be seen for two days at No. 403 4th-av., from 10 till 4 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid, or to take care of children; can do plain sewing; good reference. Call for two days at No. 310 West 19th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE and well recommended woman as downstairs domestic; no objection to do housework; is a very good cook, excellent washer and ironer. Call at No. 404 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN woman to do general housework or mind a child in a gentleman's family; city reference given from last place. Call or address Mrs. HANNAH, No. 180 8th-av., between 54th and 55th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOMAN, to go out by the day washing or to attend to sick persons. Apply at No. 118 West 27th-st., top floor, Room No. 15.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE FEMALE, A situation as seamstress; is perfectly competent to all kinds of sewing; reliable, and would make herself useful. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 950 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse; no objections to the country; good reference given. Apply or address No. 241 West 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid in a private family. Best of reference. Apply or address No. 115 Laurens-street, near Prince.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WISHES to engage by the week or month; can do all kinds of sewing; terms moderate; would not object to leave the city; references satisfactory. A note addressed L. A., Station F, will meet prompt attention.

A RESPECTABLE MARRIED WOMAN, having lost her baby two weeks old, wants one to wet nurse at her residence, No. 135 Varick-st., third floor.

DOMESTICS, SERVANTS, HELP, &c., advertising for situations, places, homes, &c., in the DAILY TRIBUNE, are charged only 25 cents.

### MALES.

WANTED—AS COACHMAN OR GROOM; A single young man who is a good and careful driver and who understands the care and management of horses, harness, carriages, &c., and who is willing to make himself useful in a garden, or occasionally, if required, to wait on table, desires a situation either in the city or country; can give the best of references. May be seen at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 397 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CARVER OR waiter, either in a private family, hotel or club-house, by a young man, with the best of reference, and who is perfect master of his business; either in city or country. Can be seen at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 397 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A THOROUGHLY competent single man, English, as groom, driver, &c.; can manage a garden if required; country preferred; the best references given. Call on or address S. TYRRELL, No. 92 Chatham-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A STORE BY A young Catholic man, 22 years old; can read and write correctly, and can be highly recommended for honesty, sobriety and industry; no objections to hard work. Address R. O., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GARDENER, who has some knowledge of farming, from first next month. Address Box No. 780 New-York Post-office, stating terms and references.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION in a wholesale house as assistant book-keeper, clerk or porter; is willing, and not afraid of work; good reference. Address J. W., Box No. 163 *Times* office.

AN ENGINEER WHO CAN FIX STEAM or gas pipes, do his own repairing, use carpenters' tools; also, paint well, wishes to meet with an engagement; first-class references will be given; no objection to the country. Address ENGINEER, Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN CONNECTED WITH the press in this city would like an engagement as New-York correspondent of a weekly country paper. Address N. D., Box No. 122 *Times* Office.

## HELP WANTED.

$1,500 PER YEAR.—WE WANT AGENTS everywhere to sell our improved $20 sewing-machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder*. All other cheap machines are *infringements*. Circulars *free*. Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

BUSINESS FOR ALL.—MALES AND FEMALES, with capital or without, seeking for the most pleasant, reputable and profitable business, will call upon or address, for particulars, the Bartlett Sewing Machine Company, No. 569 Broadway, New-York.

See fifth page of this paper.

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED—ACCURATE by habit, quiet in his ways, methodical and gentlemanly, and of mature age; no objection to an Englishman; the books not very extensive, but the entire charge of them to be his, beside out-door duties. Address M., Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED—MUST BE A thorough accountant; salary $1,000 per annum. Address, with name and references, G. S. B., Box No. 106 *Times* Office.

OFFICE BOY WANTED—ONE ACQUAINTED with the city, from 17 to 20 years of age. Address Post-office Box No. 4,076, with name and address.

A COMPETENT SALESMAN AND COLLECTOR is wanted to travel for an established house in the crockery and lamp trade. Apply at No. 50 Dey-st.

WANTED.—AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY town and neighborhood, for "THE GREAT LABOR SAVER," a new article in great demand, worth $20 to any family. Secured by patent and very salable. Agents, male and female, are making $5 to $10 per day with a capital of $5 to $15. Any person having a little spare time, will find it pleasant and profitable. Send two stamps for circulars and return postage. Address R. WAYVELL, Box No. 4,781, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—IN THE OFFICE OF A WHOLESALE hardware-store, a lad of 15 or 16, who writes a fair hand, is quick at figures, and resides with his parents. Address, in handwriting of applicant, with references, A. B. & CO., Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER AND FARMER, capable of taking charge of a gentleman's place, including glass; must be a married man, of experience, and able to refer to past employers. Apply at the bookstore of Mason Brothers, No. 596 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PROVISION HOUSE, A young man to do general writing; must be a fair penman, accurate in figures, and well recommended. Address, in handwriting of applicant. Box No. 5,488 Post-office. Salary $400.

WANTED—A CARPET SALESMAN TO GO TO Cincinnati; none but a first-class man need apply. Address for three days. A. McDOWELL, St. Nicholas Hotel.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SALES LADY, BY the Bartlett Sewing-Machine Company. No. 569 Broadway; one accustomed to all varieties of sewing-machines preferred.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN, AS COOK, IN a private family in the country; best wages given to one who has best recommendations for honesty and sobriety. D. B. J., Nos. 48 and 50 Walker-st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK IN A PRIVATE family. Apply at No. 132 East 10th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A PORTER IN A DRUG STORE, able to read and write. Apply, with references, at No. 250 4th-av.

WANTED—A GOOD PRACTICAL VARNISH-maker. Apply at once to GEO. W. DOW & SONS, No. 146 Water-st.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

"TWINES ONLY."

ESTABLISHED 1845.

JAS. P. TRAVERS,
No. 46 BEEKMAN-ST., NEW-YORK.,
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
HEMP, FLAX AND COTTON TWINES.

Twines for grain, coffee, salt and guano sacks, cotton bales, ham bags; wrapping, writing, news, book and sand paper, paper hangings, seine and gilling nets, fly nets.

TOBACCO TWINE,
WOOL TWINE,
HOP TWINE,

Mattress, tufting, stitching, broom, binding, sewing, sail, carpet and all other Twines. Twines for hardware, dry goods, groceries, druggists, ship chandlers, bookbinders, paper and broom makers, stationers, upholsterers, fishermen, weavers and all other trades.

TO THE TRADE.

At my mills, No. 59 Ann-st., I am prepared to twist, finish and ball all kinds of cotton, flax and hemp twines, in a superior way, at the shortest possible notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

Patentee and manufacturer of
JUTE WRAPPING TWINE.
JAS. P. TRAVERS, No. 46 Beekman-st.

ANNULAR (diamond) DRILL.

THE ANNULAR DRILL COMPANY, of New-York, are now prepared to furnish their machines, built in the most thorough manner, and unequaled for rapidity, economy and precision of work. The simplicity, durability and cheapness of the machine render it superior to anything in use for all purposes of mining, tunneling, quarrying and rock-blasting. The machines can be used by steam, horse or hand power, are easily handled, and can be operated at all angles. For further particulars inquire at the office, or address J. WALES, Treasurer, No. 10 Pine-st., New-York.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE

WATER WHEELS

These celebrated water-saving and powerful wheels, of every capacity, promptly furnished for milling, manufacturing, mining, boring, pumping, &c., &c. A large assortment in stock. Wheels and machinery constructed for mule carriage into the mountains. Streams gauged and plans made. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, Hydraulic Engineers, No. 170 Broadway, New-York.

BREWERS
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BREWERS

A REVOLUTION IN BREWING. All the AROMA of the hops saved. MARTIN'S HOP EXTRACTOR and CONDENSER.
CHEMIST—} Martin's Chemical Ex-
CHEMIST—} tractor. To know its value, send for circular. Nos. 239 and 241 Water-st., New-York.

ROUND CORNER'D PLAYING-CARDS.

These cards, now so much used, *will not split*, the old, sharp-pointed cards *will split* and become worthless before half worn out. Sold by all stationers and fancy goods and drug-stores in the United States, and by the manufacturers,

SAM. HART & CO.,
No. 546 Broadway, New-York.

BESEQUE, BAZIQUE, BESIQUE.

This very popular family game, neatly put up in leather cases, with rules and registers complete for playing, for sale by the manufacturers,

SAM. HART & CO.,
No. 546 Broadway, New-York.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the city to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

WANTED—FROM 500 TO 1,000 GROSS NEW OR second-hand bottles; 3, 4, 5 or 6 ounces. Apply immediately to THOMAS CACCIOLA, No. 72 William-st., New-York.

## FOR SALE.

THREE ORANGE COUNTY FARMS FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale three farms situate on the Newburgh branch of the Erie Railway and the Blooming Grove and New-Windsor Turnpike, within one-quarter of a mile of the Salisbury Mills depot. Said farms are of the best quality of land, are well watered, have reasonably good buildings, and the finest sites for dwelling-houses. There is on one of them an abundant and never-failing spring of very cold water. The whole is capable of beautiful and profitable improvements.

Three hundred and fifty acres will be sold together, or in three farms of 138 acres, 120 acres and 100 acres. It has been used heretofore very profitably as a milk farm.

If not sold before Feb. 1 they will be to let.

Purchasers are invited to view them.

ROBERT DENNISTON.
SALISBURY MILLS, ORANGE CO., N. Y., Jan. 12, 1866.

EAST TENNESSEE LAND AGENCY.

COCKRILL & SEYMOUR,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
Knoxville, Tenn.,

Offer for sale valuable lands of every description in all parts of East Tennessee. Information concerning real estate promptly and gratuitously furnished.

LONG BRANCH.

Parties desirous of lots or cottages upon or near the sea-shore, with superior views and fine bathing, at the west end of the Branch, and in the circle of all the extensive private improvements now being made at the highest points upon the Branch, will apply to LEWIS B. BROWN, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR SALE—WATER FRONT AND VALUABLE dock property on Harlem River, near 3d-av., lots for commercial purposes adjoining, lots on the finest point, free of rock, near the Central Park, with fine water view, for private residences only. The property formerly belonging to the estate of Col. Lewis Morris, bounded by Harlem River, the Kills, 3d-av. and 138th-st., is now being opened and put in immediate readiness for building purposes. There are four avenues and two streets—133d and 138th—each 100 feet in width, all upon elevated ground, with proper grades reaching the summit, similar to Murray Hill. This property is offered at very low prices to parties desiring to improve or to invest. For maps, &c., apply to LEWIS B. BROWN, 58 Broadway.

FOR SALE—IN WILLIAMSBURGH, THE three-story high-stoop brick house corner of 3d and North 8th sts., and the four adjoining, 20x34, lots 20x80; also, corner of 4th and North 8th sts., and eight adjoining; houses 20x36; lots 20x100; twelve rooms in each and sub-cellar; water and gas fixtures in all; price $4,250; $2,500 may remain five years. The houses are pleasantly located, and nearly new. Also, 500 vacant lots lying between the East River and 6th-st., and North 7th-st. and Bushwick Creek. No money required where they are improved. Apply to SAMUEL J. HUNT, No. 112 4th-av., New-York.

FARM FOR SALE IN GENESEE VALLEY.—The subscriber offers for sale his farm, containing 500 acres, situated two miles east of Mount Morris, and four miles south of Genesee, and one quarter of a mile from depot, on Avon, Genesee and Mount Morris Railroad. The farm is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, good fruit, fences first-rate, and buildings complete; 420 acres improved, balance timbered.

Address CARROLL FITZHUGH,
Genesee, Livingston County, New-York.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE NEAT two-story and attic house with basements and under-cellar (frame filled in with brick) on Bedford-av., between Myrtle and Willoughby avs. Price, $4,000.

Also, a similar house on Franklin-av., between Willoughby and DeKalb avs. Price, $4,000.

Also, two three-story brick houses on Monroe-st., near Marcy-av. Price, $3,000 each.

Also, the cottage and lots adjoining. Price, $2,500. Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—NOS. 172 AND 174 MULBERRY-ST., between Broome and Grand sts., suitable for a pianoforte manufactory; one lot in Elizabeth-st., 50 feet from Canal-st.; four lots together, between Madison and Monroe sts., near Grand-st., a desirable manufacturing locality; house and lot in Baltic-st., Brooklyn; there is an alley-way to the premises suitable for a cartman or mechanic. Terms easy. Apply to JAS. H. THORNE, No. 174 Canal-st.

AN ELEGANT FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—The house is built in the best manner, plate-glass windows, modern improvements, burglar alarm, &c. The grounds, about four acres, are handsomely laid out, and planted with choice trees, shrubs and vines. There is a large brick carriage-house, stable and poultry-house. The situation on Sandford-av., Flushing, is high and healthy, and must be seen to be appreciated. Apply to ED. F. COOKE & CO., No. 159 Front-st., corner Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—THE FINE OLD MANSION FORMERLY belonging to Col. Lewis Morris, situated between 131st and 132d sts., five minutes' walk from three depots, surrounded by shade trees more than one hundred years old, with superb water view, stable, ice-house filled, &c., with quantity of lots to suit. Will be sold much less than its value. Possession given 1st of April. Apply to LEWIS B. BROWN, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—THE ADVERTISER will sell his house, furnished, or unfurnished; it is located in Schermerhorn-st., ten minutes from Wall-st. ferry; house brown-stone front, 25 feet wide, with all modern improvements; price $20,000; mortgage to suit the purchaser. The house can be seen at any time by application to SCHERMERHORN-ST., Box No. 2,512 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE.—THE TWO-STORY AND BASEMENT house (frame filled in with brick) on 4th-av., between 84th and 85th sts., near Central Park. Price, $4,500.

Also, the four tenement houses Nos. 161 and 163 Lewis-st., between 3d and 4th sts.; the rent is $2,000 per year. Price, $20,000.

Also, the valuable leasehold property No. 138 East Broadway, running through to Division-st.; rent, $1,700 per year. Price, $9,500. Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

OIL AND LUMBER DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA.—Three thousand acres of choice timber lands in the oil district of Pleasant County, West Virginia; producing wells in the immediate vicinity. This property is covered with splendid timber; the very best ship timber on it. Fortunes can be made out of the lumber on this property. For sale in lots of 25 to 1,000 acres. Address H. S. AMBLER, Station E, New-York.

BROADWAY PROPERTY.—TO BE leased for 20 years, with renewals, on the basis of the Sailors' Snug Harbor leases, lots Nos. 478, 480 and 482 Broadway, and No. 40 Crosby-st., being 73 feet on Broadway, and 25 feet on Crosby-st., containing 9,800 square feet. Apply to

MULLER, WILKINS & CO., 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, E. D.—THE three-story and basement brick houses Nos. 3 and 7 2d-st., near Broadway; a few minutes' walk from the ferry. Price, $5,000 each.

Also, the two-story frame house with a large brick stable on the rear. Price, $4,000. Inquire of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, New-York.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.—For sale, to close an estate, three-fourths of the block bounded by Washington, Water, Plymouth and Adams streets, near the Catharine Ferry, Brooklyn, in plots to suit purchasers. BENJAMAN G. HITCHINGS, Executer, No. 51 William-st., New-York.

$20,000.—FOR SALE—AN ESTABLISHED retail cash dry goods business of 20 years' standing; annual sales $200,000; in one of the best New-England cities; capital required, $15,000 to $25,000; a rare opening for any one desiring to take an established paying business. Address LOCKWOOD, care H. B. Claflin & Co., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF NINETEEN ACRES, 8 miles from Jersey City, on the Erie Railway; dwelling house and gardener's or tenant house, 1,000 fruit trees, 360 grape vines in bearing and all the small fruits; stream of water through the place; fine view, &c. Inquire of R. FURMAN, No. 26 Cortlandt-st.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP house; all the modern improvements; 22 by 50 feet; lot half the block; location in Lamartine-place, West 29th-st.; price $18,000; and a large number of others, from $8,000 to $50,000. Apply to SMITH & MEAD, No. 354 8th-av.

FOR SALE CHEAP—FOUR SMALL LOTS ON westerly side of 3d-av., between 75th and 76th sts.; well situated for immediate improvement; also, large double frame building and plot of ground in rear; two-thirds can remain. MOORE & BROWN, No. 31 Nassau-st.

BROOKLYN.—NEW BRICK RESIDENCE, French roof, modern improvements, $7,000; will be sold for $6,000, cash $1,000, extra lot. Also, two and a half-story, $3,300; first-class neighborhood, by horse cars. MACDONALD, No. 71 William-st.

FOR SALE—IN PORTCHESTER, NEAR DEPOT, a fine house, barn, one-acre garden, fruit, &c.; only $7,000. Also, a large four-story house in 4th-st., in first-rate order, cheap. N. DODGE, dentist, No. 24 East 20th-st.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES OF LAND FRONTING on the old road from McComb's Dam to Fordham, and will have an entire front also on the 100 feet road now being laid out in continuation of the 7th-av.

LEWIS B. BROWN, No. 58 Broadway.

HARLEM PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A beautiful two-story attic and basement cottage house, with two lots, in the finest part of Harlem; very convenient to steamboat and cars. Apply on the premises, 119th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

FOR SALE—A WATER FRONT, IN BROOKLYN, of nearly 300 feet, with bulkhead the whole length; suitable for any manufacturing business, or for storage. Apply to J. C. HULL & SON, No. 32 Park-row, New-York.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—THE RESIDENCE OF a gentleman, consisting of brown-stone basement, newly and elegantly furnished, in complete repairs and most desirable location. Can be seen by inquiring at No. 57 Broadway, Room No. 9.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT, containing seven acres, situated on the Hudson, 30 minutes' ride from New-York; fruits in great abundance, and views unsurpassed. Apply to Dr. CLOWES, No. 145 West 42d-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, ON HENRY, Warren and Congress sts., the mansion, grounds, &c., known as the Becar Mansion, consisting of large house, stable, green-house, and over 14 lots of ground. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ON NINETIETH-ST., second and third doors east of Avenue A two substantial well built two-story, basement and under-cellar brick houses; possession given immediately. Inquire of D. BIDWELL, No. 264 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—BY HOLDEN & MOORE, NO. 645 7th-av., near 48th-st., a large number of, first and second-class houses and lots, in various parts of New-York City and Brooklyn. Also, farms and country residences in Westchester County and elsewhere.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—TWELVE minutes' walk from ferries, a first-class brown-stone front house, with modern improvements, at a bargain. Apply to H. BREWER, No. 23 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE LOT ON 5TH-AV., 30x125, with a right of way over the corner for stable. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,275 Broadway, New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE, AT Irvington, 2½ miles from Newark, New-Jersey. Buildings and grounds ample and commanding. Apply to A. H. BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, TWO THREE-story brick houses on Harrison-st., near Hicks-st.; price $4,500 and $5,500; possession 1st May. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY HOUSE, ALL the conveniences, in 37th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., 16 feet 8 inches by 50 feet; lot half block; can be bought for $8,700. SMITH & MEAD, No. 354 8th-av.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY ENGLISH BASEMENT house in 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.; all the conveniences; good location; price $9,250.

SMITH & MEAD, No. 354 8th-av.

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 21 ST. MARK'S-place. Apply on the premises to JOHN S. MAXWELL, from 9 to 10 A. M.

FACTORIES FOR SALE, IN NEWARK, NEW JERSEY, with steam power. Apply to A. H. BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS.—LOTS IN EVERY locality above and below the Central Park. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

BARGAINS IN NEW-JERSEY.—6 ACRES, $1,500; 17, $3,000; 30, $2,700; 50, $3,000; 60, $2,500; 90, $5,000; 125, $9,000; 205, $11,500. JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE dwellings in the city, together with the furniture, which is new, costly and elegant.

The house is located on a side street, below 14th-st., and near to 5th-av. Lot extra large; possession at an early day. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A LARGE BRICK DWELLING ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS FOR SALE—With 6 lots, each 20x80, with a view of the East River and surroundings; 4 stories, 20 rooms; modern improvements, very complete; 5 minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry; $25,000. For photographic view and further particulars, inquire of GEO. B. GRANNIS, No. 141 Broadway.

FOR SALE—CHEAP LANDS—50 CENTS TO $6 PER ACRE.

I offer for sale over 50,000 acres of Pennsylvania land—timber, coal, iron ore, oil, &c. Good titles. Will give plenty of time to examine the land. Best of references. The larger part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, if desired. Here is a chance to make a good, safe, reliable and paying investment, as they must be sold to close an estate. Brokers will be allowed commissions.

SHEETS' ESTATE,
Room No. 23, Astor House.

D. M. SEAMAN,
AUCTIONEER AND REAL ESTATE BROKER,
No. 14 Pine-st.

Real Estate and Stocks sold at auction and private sale on liberal terms. Houses rented.

Printed list of property at private sale issued every month.

VALUABLE FACTORY SITE FOR SALE. —The Belvidere Manufacturing Company having had their cotton mill destroyed by fire, now offer their site and water power for sale, with transfer of chartered privileges; 300 inches water under 2¼ feet head; head and fall 17½ feet; stream never failing, (800 inches more water can probably be had;) the lot is 196 by about 250 feet; railroad facilities to every point. This is a rare chance for parties wanting to engage in the manufacturing business. For further particulars address

A. N. EASTON, Secretary,
Belvidere, N. J.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, on Davenport Neck, New Rochelle, one mile from depot, on the Sound, a cottage house, ten rooms; three acres of land, plenty of fruit, shade and ornamental trees; good garden, stables and poultry-yard. Price $15,000 without furniture; half cash. Apply to L. M. DAVENPORT, No. 93 West 20th-st., from 9 to 11 A. M., and for permits.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL PARK LOTS—SEVERAL desirable plots of lots on the 5th-av., opposite the Park.

Also, lots on the 8th-av., opposite Park.

Also, lots on the street, adjacent to the Park.

Also, lots on Broadway, above and below 59th-st.

For further particulars, apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AN OLD HOMESTEAD FARM OF about 130 acres; best investment for improvement or speculation in the town of Yonkers; $200 per acre asked. M. K. COUZENS, Land Agent and Surveyor, corner Broadway and Main-st., Yonkers.

FOR SALE—THE FIVE-STORY BRICK STORE No. 4 Fletcher-st., 25x60 feet, with additional well-lighted office in rear; dry cellar. Inquire of WM. N. CLARK, Jr., No. 170 William-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK house No. 116 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Possession 1st May. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 5TH-AV., WEST SIDE, NEAR 42d-st., an elegant four-story brown-stone house, 25x65; lot 102.

JOHN S. KELSO, No. 59 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 71 HESTER-st., with alleyway to the rear. Apply to A. MILLER, No. 112 Nassau-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED FARMER, a farm to lease, or take on shares for one or more years; a dairy farm preferred. Address FARMER, Box No. 108 *Times* Office.

## TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE—On Bloomingdale Road, 110th, 112th sts. and Hudson River, formerly the residence of Henry W. T. Mali, Esq. The place comprises a spacious and elegant dwelling, water and gas, stable and coach-house, garden and gardener's cottage, four acres of land, shade and fruit trees. The furniture is handsome, and the premises in good order. Possession immediately. Apply to JOHN H. LYNDE, No. 158 Pearl-st., or No. 29 Boorman-place, West 33d-st.

NO. 60 BROADWAY, THROUGH TO NEW-ST.—To lease for ten years, at a ground rent, the property No. 60 Broadway, 35 feet wide, by 24.6 on New-st. For particulars, apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LEASE FOR THREE YEARS FROM May 1, the four lofts of the store corner of Warren-st. and Broadway. Apply, on the premises, to DEVLIN & CO., or to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITHOUT board. Apply at No. 12 Waverley-place.

## HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO LEASE—FOR TWO OR THREE years, a first-class furnished house, in a desirable location, by a responsible party, who will take the best care of the property. This affords an excellent opportunity for families about visiting Europe. A [illegible] will not be paid. Address, with particulars of location, rent, &c., S. R. J., Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

STORAGE STORE WANTED—EITHER on lease or purchase, on lot 25x100, and located between Cortlandt and North Moore sts., and West and Church sts. E. R. MUDGE, SAWYER & CO., Nos. 35 and 37 Park-place.

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED—IN A RESPECTABLE Christian family, somewhere between 23d, and 34th sts., by a single gentleman, who is at home only in the evening; wishes a small room, with fire; terms must be reasonable; reference given and required. Address MANNERING, Box 165 *Times* Office.

$7 AND UPWARD FOR SINGLE ROOMS, with board; without, $3 to $5, and lodgings, at the Dupont House, corner of Laight and Hudson sts.

A GENTLEMAN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with sleeping apartments. Apply at No. 67 Spring-st., first floor. Reference required.

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of STURGES, BENNET & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOSIAH S. BENNET retires from business. The remaining partners will sign in liquidation.

JONATHAN STURGES,
JOSIAH S. BENNET,
BENJAMIN G. ARNOLD,
FREDERICK STURGES.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1865.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.

No. 126 FRONT-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of STURGES, ARNOLD & CO.

JONATHAN STURGES,
BENJAMIN G. ARNOLD,
FREDERICK STURGES,
EDWARD STURGES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The firm of MARVIN, INGHAM & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent, S. R. INGHAM having sold his interest to the other copartners, who are authorized to sign the firm name in liquidation, having taken all the assets and assumed all the liabilities, and who will continue the banking business under the firm name of MARVIN & WHITE.

CHAS. B. MARVIN,
S. R. INGHAM,
S. V. WHITE.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 5, 1866.

THIS CERTIFIES THAT ROBERT B. MINTURN, JOHN W. MINTURN, ELIAS WADE, JR., and JOHN N. AHMAN, all of whom reside in the City of New-York, and WILLIAM H. SWAN, who resides in the City of Brooklyn, and who have heretofore carried on, in the City of New-York, a business with foreign countries, under the copartnership-name or firm of GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO., intend, on and after the date hereof, to continue the said business under the same firm.

(Signed) ROBERT B. MINTURN,
(Signed) JOHN W. MINTURN,
(Signed) ELIAS WADE, JR.,
(Signed) J. N. AHMAN,
(Signed) WILLIAM H. SWAN.

Dated NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

[U. S. Stamp, 10 cents, canceled.]

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* On this nineteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, before me came ROBERT B. MINTURN, JOHN W. MINTURN, ELIAS WADE, JR., JOHN N. AHMAN and WILLIAM H. SWAN, all to me personally known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and severally acknowledged the execution thereof.

[L. S.] ADAM P. PENTZ, Notary Public.

[U. S. Stamp, 5 cents, canceled.]

Filed with the Clerk of the County of New-York, January twenty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

DISSOLUTION.—THE DRY GOODS IMPORTING business heretofore carried on by the undersigned, under the firm of J. HESS & CO., has been discontinued from this date.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1865. JULIUS HESS.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day established a general import, export and commission business, under the firm of J. HESS & CO., at No. 28 South William-st.

JULIUS HESS,
ARTHUR GANS.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 15, 1866.

NOTICE.—MR. HOWELL L. WILLIAMS, JR., and Mr. WILLIAM W. GANDY have been admitted as partners in my business, which will hereafter be continued under the firm of SHEPPARD GANDY & CO.

JAN. 1, 1866. SHEPPARD GANDY.

COPARTNERSHIP—MR. JAMES H. BARTHOLOMEW has been admitted as partner with me in my business from this date, which will be hereafter continued under the firm-name of E. F. MANY & CO.

JAN. 1, 1866. EDWARD F. MANY.

REMOVAL.—LESHER & WHITMAN HAVE this day removed from No. 8 Park-place to Nos. 279, 281 and 283 Broadway. Having admitted Mr. G. H. DUNHAM partner in our business on Jan. 1, 1866, the style of firm from this date will be LESHER, WHITMAN & CO.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 15, 1866.

CHARLES H. WILSON IS ADMITTED to, and E. C. CLARK, Jr., and W. A. SUMNER retire from our firm this day—the firm name continuing as heretofore.

WILLSON, WATROUS & CO.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

CYRUS A. SMITH, LATE CASHIER OF the Importers' and Traders' National Bank, is this day admitted as a partner in our house, the firm name remaining as heretofore.

F. W. DEVOE & CO.

## PERSONAL.

HENRY EVANS.—IF HENRY EVANS, FORMERLY of Hobart Town, in Tasmania, youngest son of the late George William Evans, Esq., will communicate with the undersigned, he will hear of something to his advantage. Any person giving information which will lead to his discovery, or to a knowledge of his fate, will be rewarded. R. J. LUCAS, Solicitor, Hobart Town, Tasmania.

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—COMING FROM WEHLI'S CONCERT AT Wallack's Theatre, on Wednesday last, a black Astracan FUR CAPE, lined with black satin. A reward of $10 will be paid on its delivery at No. 10 West 37th-st.

## GROCERIES.

2,500 LBS. POULTRY JUST RECEIVED will be sold this day at the great CHEAP GROCERY, No. 750 Greenwich-st., corner Hammond-st., from 18c. to 22c. ⅌ lb. Let all who want to save 20 cents on the dollar go to-day.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, JAN. 20, 1866.

## Amusements this Evening.

### IRVING HALL.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 8 o'clock. MILLE PAREPA. GRAND TESTIMONIAL CONCERT.

### WALLACK'S THEATRE,

Broadway, corner 13th-st.

THIS AFTERNOON, Jan. 20, commencing at 1 o'clock, Grand Matinee of Mr. JAMES M. WEHLI, assisted by Mad. Fleury Urban and Mr. S. C. Campbell.

### WINTER GARDEN.

Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7:20 o'clock, HAMLET. Characters by Edwin Booth, Mr. Charles Barrow, I. H. Taylor, Donaldson, Dyott, Burroughs, Humphrey Bland, W. H. Andrews, Mrs. Wilkins, Miss Effie Germon, Andrews, and others.

### OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, ST. MARC; OR, THE SOLDIER OF FORTUNE. Characters by Messrs. E. L. Davenport, J. B. Studley, Morton, Hind, Garrison, Lewis, Stoddard, Selwyn, Rockwell, Scott, Stanley; Misses Eliza Newton, Louisa Myers and Kate Newton.

### NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, LEAH, a JEWISH MAIDEN. Characters by Messrs. J. C. Cowper, J. G. Burnett, C. H. Morton, D. E. Ralton, George Becks, E. S. Holmes, W. H. Danvers, Barry, Neil, Rendle, Gledhill, Gonzales, Mrs. A. Perry, Farren, A. Chapman, Everett, Lulu, &c.

### WALLACK'S THEATRE.

Broadway, corner 13th-st.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 8 o'clock, HENRY DUNBAR; OR, THE OUTCAST. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Charles Fisher, Mr. Young, Mr. George Holland, Mr. Norton, Mr. Pope, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Ione Burke.

### BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

THIS AFTERNOON at 3. EVENING at 7½ o'clock. GRAND CIRCUS PERFORMANCE. CONKLIN BROTHERS, Gymnasts. THE WHITE KNIGHTS and THE DUMB BELLE. Giants, dwarfs, 100,000 curiosities.

### BROADWAY THEATRE.

Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.

THIS AFTERNOON, Jan. 20, commencing at 1½, EVENING, 7¾ o'clock, SOLON SHINGLE. Characters by Messrs. John E. Owens, W. C. Forbes, J. W. Albaugh, F. J. Evans, H. L. Hinton, W. H. Hamblin, H. Jordan, J. D. Bilby, F. W. Williams; Mrs. A. Hind, Miss Saidee Cole.

### WOOD'S THEATRE,

Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, THE BALLOON WEDDING. Characters by Messrs. F. S. Chanfrau, G. C. Davenport, Wm. Scallan, Eugene Eberle, Henry, James, Walsh, Newton, Miss Henrietta Osborne, Mrs. Edward Wright, and Miles. Sallie Tray, Annie Merry, Frances Ullman, Gilmore and Gardner.

### LUCY RUSHTON'S NEW-YORK THEATRE,

Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway,

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, LADY OF LYONS. Characters by Messrs. J. K. Mortimer, C. W. Clarke, W. A. Mestayer, H. Pearson, J. Moore, T. C. Gourlay, W. S. Higgins, Miss Lucy Rushton, Mrs. Maeder, Mrs. H. C. Stewart.

### NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7 o'clock, CONVICT MARQUIS; OR, THE FLOWER GIRL OF THE BOULEVARDS, SOAP FAT MAN; OR, NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN, and OBI; OR, THREE-FINGERED JACK.

### FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE,

Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7½ o'clock, LENDORMIE, THE IDIOT BOY, JACK SHEPPARD AND HIS DOGS, and PADDY THE PIPER. Characters by C. K. Fox, Marsden, Closky, C. Foster, Guion, Bradshaw and others.

### DERBY ART GALLERY.

Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.

THIS DAY AND EVENING—PHILADELPHIA SKETCH CLUB'S FIRST PRIZE EXHIBITION OF AMERICAN PAINTINGS.

### NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.

14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 8 o'clock, JAMES ROBINSON and a complete troupe of Equestrian and Gymnastic Performers.

### BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.

Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS, THE HAND-ALONE BROTHERS, and THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK. Characters by N. Seymour and Dan Bryant.

### GEORGE CHRISTY'S OPERA HOUSE.

West 24th-st., near 5th-av.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 8 o'clock, NEW-YEAR'S CALLS; or, "SAM IN CORK."

### AMERICAN THEATRE.

[illegible] Howard and Grand sts.

THIS EVENING, Jan. 20, commencing at 7½ o'clock, CHANGE OF PROGRAMME EVERY EVENING. Characters by the troupe. Ballet, songs, &c.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

### FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Nova Scotian*, from Liverpool Jan. 4, via Greencastle Jan. 5, arrived at Portland yesterday with five days' later intelligence. There have been furious gales around the English coast, and many disasters to shipping are reported. Mr. BRIGHT had made another great speech on reform, in which he expressed his belief that Earl RUSSELL had taken up the Reform Bill with all the energy of thirty years ago. The Fenian trials were concluded on the 2d. Several more prisoners were convicted and sentenced. A disastrous fire had occurred in the St. Catherine's Docks in London. Official returns show a large increase of the cattle disease in England. A very friendly article has appeared in the Berlin *Staats Anzeiger*, the official paper of Prussia, on the President's message. The Emperor of France gave the usual New-Year's reception to the Diplomatic body. An alliance between France and Austria was spoken of. The new Italian Ministry had been completed under the Presidency of LA MARMORA.

### CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, a bill was referred to regulate and reduce the expenses of collecting soldiers' claims. A bill was referred for the relief of certain officers of colored troops. The credentials of WILLIAM MARVIN, Senator elect from Florida, were presented, with highly complimentary remarks by Mr. DOOLITTLE, and the papers were laid on the table. The bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau was taken up, and Mr. HENDRICKS spoke against it. Mr. TRUMBULL replied in favor. The amendment confirming the titles granted in South Carolina under Gen. SHERMAN's order, was adopted, but the Senate adjourned without final action on the bill.

In the House the Clerk read a note from the Secretary of the Treasury, urging action for the interests of our commercial marine. A bill was referred to rearrange the salaries of Postmasters. The Commerce Committee were instructed to report as to the propriety of exempting flat-boats and barges from tonnage duties. A call was made upon the Secretary of the Treasury for a schedule of the distribution of national circulating notes among the several States. The Ways and Means Committee were instructed to report on the expediency of repealing the stamp duties named in schedule B of the Internal Revenue Law. A bill was referred to further prevent smuggling. The Naval Appropriation Bill was discussed in committee, chiefly the item of $105,000 to purchase an island for the Portsmouth Navy-yard. The item was stricken out, and the bill laid aside. The debate on the message was then resumed, Mr. DEMING continuing the discussion in a speech of some length, and was followed by Mr. SMITH, of Kentucky. The House adjourned until Monday.

### STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday the bill incorporating the Port Richmond and Bergen Point Ferry Company was reported favorably. A bill to enable towns to erect monuments to deceased soldiers was noticed. A bill was introduced to repeal the clauses of the Militia Law requiring a deficiency of military fines to be raised by taxation. The bill requiring the Recorders of insolvent corporations for banking purposes to pay over all sums in their hands within twenty days after removal was passed.

In the Assembly the bill for the improvement of Brooklyn Heights; also the bill to allow counsel for prisoners to have the closing argument; also to divide the Seventh New-York Judicial District, were favorably reported. Among the bills introduced were those to define the duties of New-York Harbor Masters; to amend the Metropolitan Police Act; to incorporate the New-York Underground Railway Company; to promote the public health of New-York City. The resolution relative to the expenditures in the construction of the New-York County Court-house being called up a motion was made to refer the resolution to a special committee, with full powers to investigate. After considerable debate the subject was laid on the table; yeas 54, nays 20. Mr. LITTLEJOHN made a report limiting the number of reporters to fifteen, and admitting to the floor only such as shall report full proceedings of the Assembly for daily publication; also that the canal claims shall be presented to the Committee on Claims, and that no bill shall be reported for canal damages, unless accompanied by sworn statements from claimants, as to all items, in all cases.

### GENERAL NEWS.

The steamship *Henry Chauncey*, from Aspinwall Jan. 12, arrived at this port yesterday morning with later intelligence from Central and South America. We receive, by this arrival, further particulars of the death of the Spanish Admiral PAREJA, who committed suicide through mortification at the recent capture of a Spanish gunboat by a Chilian man-of-war. The war between Spain and Chili had made little progress. The blockade of the ports of Tomé and Talcahuano has been raised. The news of the triumph of the revolution in Peru is said to have disheartened the Spanish commanders. There is no news of special importance from Central America.

On Thursday the two men, AUGUSTUS TRISTAM and THOS. CLARK, who robbed the Adams Express several days ago, were brought before the Superior Court at Bridgeport on a bench warrant, and put to plead on a charge of grand larceny. They pleaded not guilty, and were each required to give bonds in the sum of $25,000 for their appearance before the Superior Court for trial at some future session. They failed to obtain bondsmen, and were committed to jail to await their trial, which will probably take place at the March term of the court. Mr. LOOMIS, of Bridgeport, acted for them as temporary counsel.

Mrs. MARTHA GRINDER, the Pittsburgh poisoner, was executed by hanging yesterday. She confessed to having poisoned MARY CARUTHERS and JANE R. BUCHANAN, but denied other cases. A few days ago a thorough medical test was made of her mental condition, and the conclusion was unanimous that she was entirely sane. Her demeanor on the gallows was unexpectedly calm.

A clerk in the Quartermaster-General's office, Washington, named JONES, remarked the other day, on hearing of the threats of assassination to Senator SUMNER, that he was not exactly in favor of *decapitation*, but he would like to see him sent to his long home. The Secretary of War, on hearing of it, immediately dismissed him from the service.

The Columbus, Miss., *Sun*, states that the planters in that vicinity have employed colored men to hire laborers for them with good results. Almost every negro contracts, and all the farmers say they are getting as much labor from the blacks, as freedmen, as formerly when they were slaves.

SMITH O. SCHOFIELD, United States Marshall for the Western District of Missouri, has published declarations of "warrant and monition" in the cases of a large number of defendants against whom actions under the confiscation laws of Congress have been taken. Among the number is Gen. STERLING PRICE.

The Chicago *Republican* is "sorry to learn that some instances of pocket-picking and larceny have occurred at the revival prayer meetings," and advises all who take part in the exercises to leave at home every thing that might excite the cupidity of persons of the description mentioned.

The Greylock woolen-mill at South Adams, Mass., owned by DEAN & LAMONTE, was entirely destroyed early Wednesday morning, by a fire that originated in the drying-room. The loss is estimated at from $150,000 to $200,000, which is covered by an insurance of $125,000.

United States Treasurer SPINNER has received several specimens of the new counterfeit twenty-five cent notes. The execution of the spurious note, which is on the last issue of the fractional currency of that denomination, is very poor, and can be readily detected.

The rebel Generals HEATH, PILLOW, HOOD, LONGSTREET, and other Southern leaders, have been in Cincinnati lately, and engaged sixteen hundred white laborers and purchased eight hundred cotton plows.

Hon. G. W. JULIAN of Indiana, received at Washington, during the past week, inclosed in a threatening letter, a large piece of a negro scalp with the hair attached.

The Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad has begun a suit against its late President for $1,000,000 damages, in permitting the Confederate government to use the road and its machinery during the war.

Mr. E. C. TAYLOR, U. S. N., will please accept our thanks for favors.

### LOCAL NEWS.

A very bold and successful robbery was perpetrated yesterday morning, on the corner of William and Beekman streets, by which some $18,000 in Treasury notes and bank checks were forcibly taken from SAMUEL TERRY, messenger of the Farmers' and Citizens' National Bank of Williamsburgh. The boy was on his way to the Park Bank to deposit the money when two men in a cart stopped in front of him, and one of the men jumped out, seized the satchel, containing the funds, and then drove off. The men had not been arrested at the latest accounts. A reward of $1,000 has been offered for the recovery of the money, and the police are in active search after the audacious thieves.

Judge RUSSEL administered a severe lesson to gentlemen of the burglarious profession yesterday, in the Court of General Sessions, by sentencing EDWARD NOLAND, now 25 years of age, to the State Prison for a term of twenty years. Should the prisoner live and complete his term, he will be 45 years of age when returned to the wide world. Several other thieves were sentenced for five years, and two years, and JOHN GOODMAN, who was tried for killing DANIEL MCDONALD, and convicted of manslaughter in the fourth degree, was sentenced to two years in the State Prison.

The Otero murder case continues to occupy the time and attention of the Court in Brooklyn. Yesterday the trial of PELLICIER, the alleged accomplice of GONZALES, was begun before Judge GILBERT. A long time was consumed in obtaining a jury—the absurd theory prevailing over there, that a man who reads the newspapers is not as competent a juror as the contented ignoramuses who let the world wag without knowing or caring a button about it. Case still on.

Two suits of some interest to landlords and tenants, have just been tried in the Supreme Court, Circuit, before Justice BALCOM and a jury. The parties are the same in each, to wit: JOHN C. WILDE, plaintiff, and DAVID HEXTER, defendant. The plaintiff obtained a verdict of $314 18 in the first action and $500 in the other. Counsel on either side contended that there are some important principles of law involved in these cases. They will be appealed to the General Term.

In the Police Courts yesterday, the following commitments were made: MICHAEL MACKEY and THOMAS HANNA, on a charge of having knocked down and robbed PHILIP LYMAN, in Broome-street; JAMES SIMPSON, on a charge of taking a coat and other articles from JAMES FITZGERALD; JAMES CLARK, a junk-dealer, and CHARLES DUGAN, his clerk, were committed on a charge of having received 2,323 pounds of cast-iron pipe, stolen from Ward's Island dock.

In the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, Justice SUTHERLAND granted a decree of divorce in the case of FISH *vs.* FISH. Justice BARNARD, of the same court, granted the motion made in the case of CHAS. J. DODGE for a peremptory writ of mandamus.

CHARLES MITCHELING was taken before United States Commissioner OSBORN yesterday, charged with being engaged in the manufacture and sale of counterfeit cigar stamps. The electrotype plates were produced and identified.

The Supreme Court, General Term, has adjourned to the 3d day of February next, at which time they will render decisions.

The General Term of the Court of Common Pleas will commence on Monday next, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of hearing equity causes.

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WHERE IS DARWIN?—The telegraphic report represents Hon. Mr. DAVIS, of Kentucky, as using in his speech in Congress, the other day, on the Negro Suffrage Bill, the following eminently forcible language: "He held," says the report, "that the Circassian was the highest and the Negro the lowest, of the races; and all attempts to elevate the race only ended in their degradation. CUVIER, the great naturalist, has described the African, but he ought to have added that a *foul odor exudes from his skin, and his heel makes a hole in the ground*."

This is certainly CUVIER largely improved; though a still better version of the great physiological fact on which the eminent copperhead of Kentucky would pivot the policy of a great republic in a momentous era, may be found in the versicle of Mr. ZEPHANIAH COON, who declared it to be the distinctive attraction of a certain admired lady of the colored persuasion, that "*de holler of her foot* makes a hole in de groun'." This is undoubtedly the source of the Hon. gentleman's anatomical knowledge; where he gets his logic and his manners is still an open and interesting question.

The rush of important inquiries—political, moral, ethnological—arising from the great scientific facts thus sprung upon a startled country, will of course be overwhelming. That, of them all, which must *first* press upon us for an answer, may be thus stated: We all understand, by this time, that the negro—by the great development theory—is nothing more nor less than an expanded and cultivated ape; although we cordially admit that the difference is very considerable (if not more) between Mr. FREDERICK DOUGLAS and the very head centre himself of BARNUM's "happy family." Now the question which is forced upon us by this last great demonstration of Hon. GARRET DAVIS is this: How great a distance yet remains to be bridged between a "first-class nigger," (well, say a good, healthy, fifteen hundred dollar fellow,) and a fifth-rate Kentucky politician? By the solution of this problem, we shall be the better able to estimate the time that must elapse before the all-offending "heel" shall have dwindled to the exquisite Circassian proportions; Sambo, conformed to the highest type of Democratic manhood, shall have been found worthy of reconstruction, not only into the human family, but into Congress itself; and the odorous offence of the "rank-scented many" shall have been forgotten in the fragrant virtues of the *people*, whose "most sweet voices" the orator of the hustings—in spite of his nose—will never disdain to solicit.

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### The District of Columbia Suffrage Bill—Geographical Divisions in the House.

The vote of the House on the question of negro suffrage within the District of Columbia has probably been invested with more importance than was due to it. The pith of the bill lay solely in the declaration that persons residing in the District should not be disqualified from voting on account of their complexion.

The divisions which took place prior to the final vote involved nothing, either affirmatory of this principle or otherwise. A respectable minority of the House certainly did hold to the opinion that it would be as well to have *some* qualification for the new class of voters. And a considerable number of the members saw that a postponement of the question for the time would rather favor than prevent a satisfactory solution. Those who voted for a qualification were in no sense advocates of maintaining a distinction based upon color. Those who voted for postponement no doubt believed that the principle of the bill might be affirmed at a later date with quite as much advantage to the black people as at present. The majority that voted down the propositions for qualification and for postponement was made up partly of those who opposed the bill on principle, and of those who demand the universal enfranchisement of the negroes without any conditions whatever. The extremes met on both votes—as they might naturally be expected to do. The conservative Republican vote was consistent. The moderate men who have always been ready to declare that the distinction of color should not of itself operate to deprive a citizen of the privilege of a voter, but who yet declared for qualified suffrage or delay, in no way compromised themselves in ultimately accepting the bill as it stood. They had never assailed its principle. They were willing simply to yield so far to the unanimous decision of the white voters of the District as to make certain conditions in the practical application of the measure, or failing that to ask time for deliberation. On both points they suffered defeat, by reason of the unnatural and unholy alliance between the radicals and the regular opposition. The latter had their own tactics marked out, and they had a perfect right to use them, either for the purpose of ultimately uniting the Union vote—as they did—or for any other purpose.

There is no triumph in the vote for either party. Least of all is there a triumph for the negro of the District of Columbia. That individual was the immediate object of interest, no doubt. He and his relatives were in the galleries of the House in great strength. And the promoters of the bill were awarded with several rounds of applause. So far, well. But there *are* not a few as sincere friends as the freedman has, or ever will have, who see in this *crowding* of every conceivable and inconceivable species of legislation ostensibly for the black man's benefit, certain elements of evil. The howling and the shouting for universal negro suffrage is just as sure to work a reaction against the poor emancipated slave as the most ordinary law of cause and effect. Reflecting men see with irrepressible pain that the days of *geographical* as against party divisions proper in Congress, have not ended with the war. And they see also, that every such vote, instead of bringing the two classes at the South that are *compelled* to live together, into harmonious social relations, has the very opposite tendency. The sectionalism which led to the civil war had its origin just in these geographical divisions. The thing grew until there was scarcely the shadow of a party dividing line left, except the arbitrary one of territorial boundary. It is surely too soon to bring about a revival of this fatal practice, by forcing some of the best Union men of Maryland, Missouri, Kentucky, and Western Virginia back into the position of sectional representatives. For such men as GREEN CLAY SMITH, of Kentucky, and PHELPS, of Maryland, there is simply left the alternative of *voting with their section* or being politically damned by their constituents. The geographical dividing line in their case becomes the only one they can recognize on such votes. It may be true enough in the abstract that there ought to be no such sectional feeling, and no such geographical divisions. But that does not alter the fact. And therefore it is, that while conservative Republicans cannot refuse to affirm an abstract principle such as that contained in the District Negro Suffrage Bill, they *fear* for the future of the country when they find the elements of sectional antagonism already brought into action upon questions which are of far more theoretical than practical importance. Those who would deal with this subject cautiously, tentatively, and in a spirit of conciliation, see clearly how much more will be gained for the politically disabled class at the South by working *with* a Southern party, than by overpowering it by sheer strength of numbers. No decree of Congress can disjoin the mutual interest of the employer and the employed at the South, to live together in peace. But legislation in which neither class have now any voice ought surely to be guarded, temperate, and as *sparing* as the safety of the Commonwealth will permit. The affirmation by the House of the principle that color should not be a bar to the right of voting, naturally must have elicited the strong Union vote that it did, if the question was raised at all. But we fail to see the gain to the cause of peace, of reunion, of the freedman himself, in what was done by Thursday's vote.

### A New Picture of the French Invasion.

The *Moniteur*, in commenting on the President's message, has taken occasion recently, under the guise of a New-York correspondence, to prepare the French mind for a change of the Mexican policy in the following manner:

> "This declaration (*i. e.*, of the President's policy) contains nothing irreconcilable with the policy pursued by France in Mexico. When the French government presented itself in that country, its object was solely and wholly to enforce, as the United States themselves had previously done, a whole series of claims which had been treated with insolent disregard. Circumstances which it was not in the power of NAPOLEON III. to prevent, obliged him to declare war against the government which then held power in Mexico. That government fell; another has succeeded it, *sprung from universal suffrage*. France was naturally obliged to defend against insurrectional attacks, the adminstration alone could secure the reparation of her just grievances. The French Cabinet has shown by all its acts, as by all its declarations, what were the objects it pursued. It has no aims at conquest, and it has taken nothing, accepted nothing; it desires to retain nothing of the vast spaces occupied by its troops. Its occupation, as one is now fully aware in the United States, is a purely temporary one, and will cease with the causes that created it.
>
> Again, as to the form of government which the *Mexicans have at length freely chosen*, it has been frequently recognized by the Federal government itself."

We submit that this is highly ingenious, and must be preëminently satisfactory to MM. CHEVALIER, LAMARTINE, and other enthusiastic advocates of the "Imperial system." For years we have been hearing of the "Napoleonic ideas"—one of them being the spread of the Latin races over the southern portion of the Western continent, to counterbalance the overwhelming progress of the Anglo-Saxon family in the North. The Latin religion and Latin or French civilization was to elevate the degraded populations of those semi-tropical countries, and to make the Mexican plateaus bloom anew with more brilliancy than they did under Aztec rule. That grand current of trade which prophetic economists see a century hence flowing from China and Japan and India over the Pacific toward America and Europe, was to find its rich channels in the new French Empire of Central America. French Mexico was to become the Venice or Antwerp of a new Oriental commerce. The surplus of French population was to pour over those fertile plains, and the impoverished treasury of the Imperial government was to be filled from the inexhaustible mines of Central America.

With two clashing republics on the North American continent, nothing was to be feared in intervention or invasion from the North, and it was not improbable that the expected aristocratic and slave confederacy would be glad to strengthen itself by an alliance offensive and defensive with French Mexico. In this golden picture of a happy age coming to a Napoleonic Mexico, no mention was ever made of such low considerations as Mexican debts and Jecker bonds.

All these were forgotten in the harvest of glory and gold which the empire was about to reap on the historic plateaus of Mexico.

But now, alas! How subdued is the picture! The "Latin race" are no longer seen in the foreground; "Oriental trade" is forgotten; colonization, mining, strengthening of Imperial power, the vast and brilliant future to French occupation are all laid aside. The object of this grand invasion was simply a kind of Sheriff's execution—to collect debts and redeem the poor Jecker bonds. "Circumstances out of his power to control, &c., &c." compelled His Imperial Majesty to invade Mexico. In the unhappy collision the Mexican government unfortunately perished, and another was formed by universal suffrage. Naturally, then, France felt it necessary to protect the officials who would collect its debts. The Emperor, of course, inheriting the moderate disposition of his family, "has no ambition," "wants nothing," will take nothing, and only desires a peaceful departure with the results in his treasury of his Sheriff's levy. The occupation is but temporary, and must soon cease, and the French Cabinet does not desire to retain the vast spaces which it now "occupies." *Voila tout!* That's all! Here is the whole story of this grand and glorious French invasion of Mexico. Why should we be disturbed at such a simple and reasonable narrative?

Even if we should object to this new democratic monarchy, chosen by universal suffrage, we must remember our previous course toward other monarchical governments, and not disturb this any more than we have others.

How tame and flat must poor LAMARTINE and CHEVALIER, and other poetic defenders of Imperialism, feel after this cruel letting down of the "Napoleonic ideas!" Millions spent and thousands of lives sacrificed to collect a few debts, to enrich a few doubtful speculators and bankers! The "destiny of the Latin" race in America culminating in the grand Sheriff's execution of the nineteenth century and payment of Mexican bonds!

If these words of the *Moniteur* foreshadow the position of the Imperial government toward our own, there seems no great obstacle to settling speedily the Mexican question. Mr. SEWARD will have no difficulty in accepting this highly imaginative explanation of the French invasion. He will give the Imperial government credit for the most philosophical moderation and the most philanthropical purposes in America—*provided* only they withdraw their bayonets. All that he asks, all that the people ask, is the withdrawal of the French—the theory of the occupation, the Napoleonic idea at the bottom, may be what it will. When once the French are gone, the Mexicans may govern themselves by monarchy, empire, republic, or democracy, just as they see fit. We only claim a free choice for the people.

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THE TIMES AND THE FILLIBUSTERS.—The *Express* would oblige us by ridding itself of the habit of attributing to the TIMES sentiments and sentences which it finds in other papers. It troubles itself for the hundredth time to do this in its issue of yesterday—first quoting words and phrases which never appeared in our columns concerning the Rio Grande troubles, and then appending the remark that "all along the TIMES has been rather disposed to pat these fillibusters, so-called, on the shoulder; but now that they are likely to bring us into hot water; and to impose upon Mr. SEWARD, it may be, the disagreeable necessity of writing an explanatory note to DROUYN DE LHUYS, the editor affects to turn his back upon them."

Now, as the *Express* so frequently enlivens its columns by quoting from ours, we must suppose its editor reads carefully all that we print; but we should like to know when we ever "patted these fillibusters, so called, on the shoulder." It is only a few weeks since the fillibusters of the Rio Grande first made their appearance, and we have almost daily entered our protest against their doings, and have strongly and repeatedly urged the government to take the most vigorous and peremptory steps for crushing them out.

We suppose it must be a pleasant entertainment for the *Express* to misrepresent the TIMES, and to attribute to us policies and sentiments diametrically opposed to those which we advocate and entertain; but it is contemptible work, after all.

### The Civil Code.

The Civil Code, which is proposed by the Code Commissioners to the Legislature for adoption, is a book of some seven hundred pages, aiming to be a body of the law upon the matters of which it treats.

We do not propose to enter upon any extended discussion or criticism of the work. For on this work the minds of men of ability have spent their energies for years, and how could one in the midst of the pressure of an unending and severe employment, find time all at once to examine that work as thoroughly as it should be done if any one would discuss it fully. But without entering upon any such criticism or in any way attempting to exhaust the subject, we may at least give to our readers some ideas as to what is proposed to be accomplished by this work.

The Civil Code, then, as proposed, has four divisions. The first treats of persons and their rights and relations. The second treats of property, real or personal, and its acquisition. The third treats of obligations, whether imposed by law or arising out of particular transactions, and of contracts; and the fourth treats of relief, of assignments, fraudulent and other; of nuisance, of maxims and definitions—and the code is put forth to be, if adopted, the law on these subjects. It is composed of 2,034 sections.

We find that its provisions may be divided into three classes. The first class includes those provisions in which the Commissioners have simply endeavored to state in a clear and brief way the well-settled principles of the law upon the various subjects treated of. The second includes those in which, finding that the law was unsettled upon certain points, and that there were conflicting decisions and views in reference to them, they have, on consideration, selected that view which seems to them most consonant with right, and have embodied that view in provisions of the law which, if adopted, will settle these vexed questions. And the third class includes certain provisions in which they have embodied such changes in the law as seem to them to be desirable.

In reference to the first of these classes, excellence in the work is simply clearness of perception and of statement. If these are found in it there can be little doubt, as it seems to us, that the public interest will be much subserved by the adoption of such a code. It would give to the people a collection of the general principles which underlie almost all the affairs of life. It would give to lawyers a statement of those principles which they now often have to search, with much ado and pain, through volumes of digests and reports, to find, and their labor would be often reduced simply to the effort to bring the facts of each case under the principles thus laid down.

As to the second class, the case is somewhat different. It is certainly for the interest of all that doubts should disappear, and that the law should be as well settled as possible. But we surmise that the very existence of these doubts and differences shows that it is not certain which rule is the best to be adopted on these points—and as to these provisions more consideration is needed than for the first class of which we spoke.

Still more is this the case in reference to the third class. We find that there are here proposed about a hundred and fifty changes in the law, some of them of great importance, some of them overturning rules and practices based upon long consideration and approved by long use. Thus we see it is proposed to allow aliens to purchase and hold real estate. The law has always been otherwise, based, as we understand it, on the idea that it was for the interest of every country that its land should be owned by its own citizens.

We do not intend to go over these proposed changes of the law. We have no room for so extended a discussion. They should, of course, be carefully scrutinized, every one of them, before they are made part of the law of the land. And in their due consideration alone, we are sure that there is abundant labor for a judiciary committee throughout the entire session of the Legislature. Indeed, we are not sure that it was wise in the Code Commissioners to present to the Legislature these changes in the law, along with the codification of the law as it exists. Perhaps, although it may have been well enough to present them all, that their whole work might be seen as they would have it, it might be well for them to ask first the adoption of that part of their work which relates to the law as it exists, and then afterwards to call upon the Legislature to adopt those changes which, in their view, would make the law more nearly what it should be.

There can be no doubt about this, however, viz.: that it behooves the Legislature to take up the matter at once. They will have none too much time before the end of the session. The work is a great and important one, and too much labor or thought cannot be bestowed upon it, nor can it be bestowed too quickly.

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SENATOR SHERMAN.—The severe contest which has been in progress in Ohio for a year past for the United States Senatorship, has terminated by the election, or rather the reëlection, of JOHN SHERMAN. His opponent was Gen. SCHENCK, who is a member of the present, as he was of the last, House of Representatives.

In the reëlection and retention of Senator SHERMAN the country will continue to enjoy the services of one of the ablest and most useful men of the day. As a financier, and, in general terms, as a statesman, Mr. SHERMAN holds a deservedly high position and reputation in the Senate and throughout the country. His selection will strengthen the Administration and the policy of the President.

### Amusements.

IRVING HALL.—Mlle. PAREPA—of whom we have only the most pleasant reminiscences—will take her benefit here to-night. She sings, among other pieces, the grand scena and aria by BEETHOVEN—"Ah! perfido!"—a purely artistic performance, and the only one which shows the greatness of her ability, the inexhaustible resources of her voice, and the skill with which she uses these advantages. Mlle. PAREPA sings other pieces, but we desire to direct attention to this as an exceptional instance of what a grand and well-managed voice can do in illustrating a large and very difficult composition. Such singing has never before been heard in this country.

The occasion is rendered additionally interesting by the débûts of Miss SEGUIN and her brother, Mr. E. K. SEGUIN, (the latter already favorably known.) The name of SEGUIN is historical. Mr. S. B. MILLS, Mr. J. LEVY, Mr. CARL ROSA, and a grand orchestra under the direction of Mr. ANSCHUTZ, will also take part in the concert.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Jan. 19.

#### THE SUFFRAGE BILL.

My dispatch of last evening regarding the action of the Democrats on the Negro Suffrage Bill was completely changed in its meaning by the eccentricities of the telegraph. Instead of saying that the Democrats made no attempt to divide the Republican majority on the question of unqualified suffrage, I positively stated that that was their chief effort, and they refused to join such Republicans as favored qualified suffrage, in the hope of forcing the latter to vote against any suffrage, and thereby divide the party.

#### MR. DEMING'S SPEECH.

In the proceedings of Congress to-day, the feature of general interest was the remarkable speech of Hon. H. C. DEMING, of Connecticut, in Committee of the Whole, upon that part of the President's message relative to the readmission of members from the late insurrectionary districts. As a purely oratorical effect, no speech made in the present Congress has elicited such universal encomiums. It was delivered extempore, and abounded in ornate rhetoric. During its delivery the members left their seats, crowded around Mr. DEMING, upon the floor and in the aisles, and listened to him with undivided attention, and at the close he was overwhelmed by the congratulations of members of all political creeds, scarcely any one upon the floor failing to approach and take him by the hand. It was a tribute alike from Republicans and Democrats such as has not been accorded to any one in Congress. Of course this was not a demonstration of approval of the sentiments and opinions uttered by Mr. DEMING, but an expression of admiration for his extraordinary abilities as an orator. Mr. DEMING defended the legal effects and liabilities of a foreign war. His second position was that from all the fog and bewilderment which surrounds the present issues, one prominent fact loomed up, viz.: that we had been in a state of war, while with a full knowledge of its legal meaning and consequences had been recognized both by the revolutionary and legitimate government, and by all their departments. His next position was in answer to the question does a war organized by States and carried on by a government claiming to be sovereign and independent differ from a foreign war. The answer was that a civil war, as absolutely as a war of *inter-gentes*, confers upon the parties to it full belligerent rights and the corresponding liabilities of a perfect war. Mr. DEMING cited GROTIUS VATTEL, REQUELME and BELLS to sustain this proposition and also granted the decisions of the United States Supreme Court in the prize cases, and claimed the whole position was corroborated by the uniform action of the Executive Department since the war commenced. Upon the assumption that the foregoing legal positiens were true, he said he could define with precise accuracy the legal relation of the insurgent States and of every inhabitant of them to the government, up from the commencement of hostilities till they ceased. He said, up to the time this military power was broken they were public enemies, with belligerent rights only, since that military power was broken they were vanquished enemies, whose lives, property, &c., were in power of the conquerors. He disclaimed any intention of implying to them the strict letter of the law, but placed himself upon the milder construction of the rights of conquerors which asserts that you may hold the conquered enemy in the grasp of war until you can insure the safety of the nation, and secure all the pledges of public faith which have been given as the price of victory. He concluded by naming what constitutional amendments he should require, and entered into an analytical examination of the Southern animus at the present time.

Hon. GREEN CLAY SMITH followed Mr. DEMING in an able speech, taking the ground that none of the States have been or are out of the Union, and that there are large numbers of loyal citizens in the South who never sanctioned the rebellion.

#### RECONSTRUCTION.

In the Senate Mr. HENDRICKS, of Indiana, made an elaborate argnment against the bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmens Bureau.

#### THE NAVAL BILL.

That part of the Naval Appropriation Bill now before the House, providing for the purchase of Seavey's Island for the Kittery Navy-yard, at Portsmouth, N. H., was stricken out this afternoon in committee by a decided vote. In the course of the discussion on the subject, the members of the House disclosed much unanimity in determination to oppose any appropriation of money, except it be for absolute necessity. Notwithstanding the committee explained that this appropriation was of that character and for permanent improvements, the clause was stricken out, some expressing their determination to give the government the benefit of a doubt suggested by one of the committee.

#### THE RIO GRANDE AFFAIR.

No official information has been received at army headquarters here respecting the extent of the late fillibustering operations on the Rio Grande. Such reports as were current in New-Orleans, and which have already been printed, comprise all the information yet received, and Gen. SHERIDAN thinks they are exaggerated, but as there has evidently been a violation of the neutrality which Gen. SHERIDAN was directed to enforce, the matter will be the subject of immediate official investigation.

#### RECEPTION AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The usual weekly afternoon drawing-room reception of the ladies of the White House to-day was largely attended by an elegant assemblage of fashionably-dressed ladies, together with many gentlemen. Mrs. PATTERSON received the guests with that modest deportment and genuine affability for which she has already become distinguished. Mrs. STOVER, being indisposed, did not appear. Commissioner FRENCH presented the guests with his usual urbanity.

#### PERSONAL.

Maj.-Gen. HANCOCK is here to-day on official business. Hon. WILLIAM ORTON, of the U. S. Telegraph Company, and Ex-Gov. AIKEN, of South Carolina, are also here.

#### IMPORTED HIDES.

In view of the recent order of the Secretary of the Treasury forbidding the landing of imported hides, the department has received a number of applications from parties owning cargoes of hides asking that they be allowed to land their property; and when evidence has been produced showing that the hides have not been taken from cattle which have died from the cattle plague the requests have been granted.

#### INVALID PENSIONS.

The House Committee on Invalid Pensions to-day, through Mr. PERHAM, of Maine, reported adversely on the petition of the widow of Major-Gen. E. V. SUMNER, praying for an increase of from $30 to $50. The committee could not consent to an increase of pension to those who are already receiving $30 per month, while so many poor widows of common soldiers are receiving only $8. This is supposed to settle a large class of claims of the same kind now before the committee.

The same committee also made an adverse report on the petition of MARY MCSAIN. The petition sets forth that Capt. MCSAIN, while he was commissioned only as a Captain, was at the time of his death acting in the capacity of Lieutenant-Colonel, and prays that the widow may receive a pension corresponding to the position in which he was acting at the time of his death. The report states that during the war many officers were killed or wounded while exercising a higher command than that for which they were commissioned and mustered, and that the committee is opposed to granting pensions for a higher rank than that which the officer was actually commissioned. As there was no opposition to the report in the House, it is supposed that all similar cases before the committee will be disposed of in the same way.

#### OUR COMMERCIAL MARINE.

The following is the communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, addressed to Speaker COLFAX, which the latter laid before the House to-day:

SIR: By a resolution adopted in the House of Representatives, Feb. 23, 1865, I am directed to communicate at the present session facts and information concerning the decrease of the mercantile marine, and to suggest such remedied legislation as I may deem expedient. Appended to the resolution is a communication from Mr. EASTON, United Consul at Cork, presenting an outline of a plan to encourage and stimulate the building of ships, in which he assumes the loss of our commercial marine in the past five years [illegible] be four millions of tons, the total American tonnage being stated in round numbers at five million before the war.

It is, however, ascertained, by diligent inquiry, that shipping, to the amount of but 901,466 tons has actually disappeared from our lists from all causes; [illegible]303 tons transferred to foreign owners, and 110,[illegible] tons destroyed by pirates—being less than one-fifth instead of four-fifths.

In addition to the resolution above mentioned I have likewise received a copy of another, instructing the Committee of Commerce of the House to inquire into the expediency of so amending the registry laws of the United States as to admit of the registry of any vessel actually owned by a citizen of the United States, without reference to the place of construction. I have the honor, therefore, to submit an expression of my views on the subject.

The existing laws exclude from the privileges of the American flag all foreign built vessels and the vessels of domestic build which, having been once documented under the laws, are transferred to foreign ownership. This policy of exclusion has been uniformly adhered to since the first establishment of our commercial system, and no general law has at any time prevailed at variance with it, except the act of Dec. 23, 1852, which permits, under certain conditions, the registry of foreign built vessels wrecked in the waters of the United States.

The prohibition, as far as it relates to vessels of foreign build, rests upon the second section of the Navigation Act of Dec. 31, 1792, and is calculated to encourage and cherish shipbuilding, which has been regarded as vital to our commercial prosperity. And whatever opinion may be entertained as to the propriety of an eventual relaxation of the stringency of the laws, I do not regard the present as an auspicious moment in which to make the experiment involving as it would so radical a change in the established policy of the government. The act of June 27, 1797, forbidding the registry of vessels built and registered in the United States, and subsequently transferrred to a foreigner, rest upon a different, but quite as cogent reason, viz., the facilities that a privilege of unrestrained transfer would offord for the perpetuation of frauds and the evasion of the navigation laws.

During the late war the transfer in many cases, it is believed, fictitious and fraudulent—of American bottoms to a foreign flag has been a favorite expedient by which to escape the payment of war rates of insurance and avoid the risks of capture. Upward of 800,000 tons of shipping have thus disappeared from our records, for a large portion of which the owners are now claimins re-admission, when the risks of war are no longer imminent and the privileges of an American registry are again appriciated. They transferred their vessels with a full knowledge of the sacrifice they incurred, regarding, it must be supposed, the temporary security from losses an equivalent for it; and I should be unwilling to advise in their favor any relaxation of the vigor of the law. Neither do I on the other hand recommend any additional encouragement of ship building by allowance of drawbacks, and otherwise enjoying as they do an absolute protection from foreign competion, I cannot conceive that our domestic ship-yards require any further stimulus or more extended privileges.

I am Sir, very respectfully,

H. McCULLOCH,

Secretary of the Treasury.

## MARINE DISASTERS.

HOLMES' HOLE, Friday, Jan. 19.

Arrived, brig *Monticello*, MOON, from Savannah on the 11th inst., for Boston.

The *Monticello* makes the following report:

"On the 15th inst., in lat. 35 deg. 49 min., long. [illegible] deg. 25 min., fell in with the steamer *Charles Benton*, Capt. SALTER, from Newbern, N. C., of and for New-York, with loss of rudder, no coal, and in a sinking condition. Took off the crew, twenty-eight in number, and brought them to this port."

CHARLESTON, S. C., Thursday, Jan. 18.

The steamer *Raleigh*, from Wilmington for Apalachicola, put in here for repairs. The ship *Amelia* sailed to-day for Liverpool.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Jan. 19.

The bark *Thomas Dallett*, from Porto Cabello, reports as follows: Spoke Jan. 9, bark *Adelaide Prendegrast*, 48 days from Rio de Janeiro for New-York. Two days previously the latter had been thrown on her beam-ends in a gale, and had to throw overboard 700 bags of coffee to right the vessel. The *Dallett* supplied her with provisions, etc.

## FROM SAVANNAH.

### The Trial of Gen. Mercer Commenced.

SAVANNAH, Friday, Jan. 19.

The trial of Gen. MERCER, late of the Confederate Army, charged with murder, in shooting seven Union soldiers who had joined the rebel army, for desertion, was finished to-day. The testimony was favorable for MERCER, and it is believed that he will be acquitted.

The bodies of the Captain, pilot and lady passenger of the brig *Neva*, lately wrecked off St. Johns, Fla., have been recovered. The bodies of the Captain and pilot were found to be mutilated, and the mate has been arrested at Jacksonville on suspicion of murdering them.

## FIRES

### Large Fire at St. Joseph, Mo.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Friday, Jan. 19.

The Eagle Flouring Mill, with 10,000 sacks of flour and 2,000 bushels of wheat, was burned last night. The mill was owned by Messrs. CARGILL, and was valued at $25,000. It was uninsured. The stock was owned by Messrs. FLOYD & Co., and was insured in Hartford companies.

BOSTON, Friday, Jan. 19.

A fire in Beverly this morning destroyed a portion of the furniture factory, with considerable lumber, belonging to ALLEN CHENAY & Co., of Boston. Loss $12,000; insured for $9,000, mostly in New-York.

BUFFALO, Friday, Jan. 19.

A fire occurred to-night in a building on Real-street, occupied by the clothing and cloth-house of ALTMAN & Co.

### Highway Robbery.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Friday, Jan. 19.

Brig.-Gen. KING, commandant of the post of Augusta, while riding near the city this afternoon, accompanied by his wife, and another lady and gentleman, was stopped by highwaymen, and the party was robbed of three horses.

### The Moravian Outward Bound.

PORTLAND, Me., Friday, Jan. 19.

The steamship *Moravian*, from New-York, arrived here this morning. She will sail to-morrow for Liverpool.

### No Signs of the Steamship Asia.

HALIFAX, Friday, Jan. 19—11 P. M.

There are no signs of the steamship *Asia*, which left Liverpool on the 6th and Queenstown on the 7th instant.

### The Mason and Thomas Soiree at Orange, N. J.

The soirée of chamber music, given by Messrs. MASON and THOMAS, at Orange, N. J., on Thursday evening last, under the auspices of the Library Association, was, in every respect, a flattering success. Library Hall was filled with an audience as large, brilliant and appreciative as often greets these popular instrumentalists in this city. In fact it was largely composed of those who were formerly citizens of New-York. The following was the programme for the evening:

1. QUARTET, (E flat, Op. 74,)................Beethoven.
2. SOLO, Piano, { *a.* Monody, *b.* Reverie, "Au matin," } Wm. Mason.
3. QUARTET, Adagio e Variazioni................Haydn. "Gott erhalte Franz, den Kaiser."
4. SOLO, Violin, *Adagio*........................Spohr.
5. QUINTET, Piano, (E. flat, Op. 44,)........Schumann.

Mr. MASON, who is himself a resident of Orange, was very warmly greeted and was complimented with an emphatic *encore*. The violin solo by Mr. THOMAS was enthusiastically received, but he could not be persuaded to put in a second appearance. The soirée, it is gratifying to know, resulted in a substantial addition to the funds of the Library Association.

### Another Landmark to be Removed.

The Consistory of the Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church of this city have decided to dispose of the materials of the old North Dutch Church, corner of Fulton and William streets, and lease the ground for business purposes.

The church was built in 1769, the roof being at first shingled, but afterward tiled, the edifice itself remaining precisely as first erected. In 1856 the church was thoroughly repaired and renovated, and shortly afterward a very eloquent sermon was delivered therein by Rev. Dr. DE WITT, giving a history of the establishment of the Reformed Dutch Church on this continent in 1620. The congregations long maintained the language and habits of their Batavian ancestors, and it was not until 1764, or five years before the erection of the church now about to be removed, that they first listened to a sermon in the English language, delivered by Dr. LAIDLIE.

The North Dutch Church is the oldest edifice used for church purposes now existing in the city.

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FIRE IN A LOCK-FACTORY.—Shortly after 9 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the third story of the building owned by Mr. B. T. BENTON in Adams, near John street. The fire, it appears, originated between the floor and ceiling, and the flames soon enveloped the upper portion, which is occupied by the Excelsior Lock Manufacturing Company. The machinery and material, of which there was a considerabld quantity on hand, was mostly destroyed. The second floor is occupied as a machine-shop and gas-fitting establishment by Mr. WM. R. FOSTER, and the second floor by Mr. BENTON as a manufactory of gas and water pipes, &c. The damage on the first two floors was caused mainly by water. The total loss on contents is estimated at about $3,000, and on building about $500; partially insured. The cause of the fire is unknown.

# FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

## OUR ALBANY LETTER.

### Another Underground Railroad Bill—Debate over the New-York Court-house—Free Charges of Fraud—About Reporters.

ALBANY, Friday, Jan. 19, 1866.

The Underground Broadway Railroad Bill introduced in the House this morning by Mr. STEWART, of New-York, names the following gentlemen as corporators, viz.: David Dows, Leonard W. Jerome, William E. Dodge, William F. Allen, Augustus W. Greenleaf, John A. Livingston, Edward B. Judson, James M. Tyler, Elisha Riggs, John J. Stewart, Thomas B. Van Buren, William Orton, and Origen Vandenburgh.

At the suggestion of Mr. BUCKMAN, Mr. LYONS this morning, amended his resolution heretofore offered in regard to the New-York Court-house, by calling for a select committee of five members, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into all matters pertaining to the building of the new Court-house in the City of New-York, and report to the House.

Mr. J. L. PARKER wanted to know what authority the House had to inquire into the affairs of the Supervisors of New-York. He thought if the House busied itself by inquiring into all the local quarrels in New-York City it would have little time to transact other business.

Mr. LYONS said in 1862 an act for the erection of a new court-house, and appropriating $1,000,000 for that object, was passed. Since then the Supervisors had controlled the work, and, as he was prepared to show, had expended $2,100,000. He could show that one man had received $20,000 for services within the past nine months.

Mr. GOODRICH moved to refer the resolution to the Committee on Cities.

Mr. BUCKMAN opposed such reference. The Committee on Cities had work enough on hand, and besides that committee was not one well calculated to ferret out the infamous frauds that had been perpetrated. He charged in his place that the most outrageous frauds and swindles had marked the action of the Supervisors, who appeared to be responsible to nobody. He was in favor of a select committee, and called upon the House to help bring to light the dark deeds pertaining to the New-York Court-house.

Mr. WEED thought the House could not act upon idle rumor. It could take no action unless some tangible facts were brought to its notice.

Mr. CURTIS said he had heretofore noticed that the principal effort of legislation here was to take care of the City and County of New-York. Vague, unsubstantiated charges of fraud were made, and upon such a frivolous pretext the House was asked to appoint a Select Committee. He desired the House to understand that the Board of Supervisors of New-York are non-partisan, being composed of an equal number of Republican and Democratic members. He had no evidence and no reason to believe that they had acted improperly. The object of such resolutions was to make capital for some political organization in New-York, as had been the case with certain charges against high officials, which the Executive of the State had pronounced unfounded. He had heard such charges made before, but they had never been sustained.

Mr. CURTIS concluded by moving to lay the resolutions on the table, which was carried—54 to 20.

Mr. LITTLEJOHN, from the select Committee on Rules, this morning brought forward an exceedingly novel suggestion for disposing of the reporters on the floor. He proposed to amend the rules so as to exclude entirely from the floor all reporters who do not make a full report of the proceedings, (which is apparently intended to exclude all except two reporters for Albany papers,) and to construct on the wall next to the cloak-room a kind of gallery in which said reporters may be allowed to sit, but so far removed that they cannot speak to any person on the floor or have access to any of the resolutions, bills or other documents before the House. Until such gallery is constructed, said reporters are to be admitted to the lobby.

Mr. LITTLEJOHN supported this proposition in a speech. As one of said reporters I beg leave to enter my earnest protest against this folly. The reporters—most of them—have now comfortable seats in front of the Clerk's desk, where they can hear the Speaker and command a view of the House. In this place they are in the way of nobody. The Clerks of the Assembly have always manifested great kindness and courtesy in furnishing facilities to the press. No reporter can perform his duty properly unless he can be allowed to have access to the documents that are offered in the House, many of which it is important to make abstracts of.

The report was laid on the table and ordered printed. PERSIMMONS.

## STATE LEGISLATURE.

### SENATE.

ALBANY, Friday, Jan. 19.

BILLS REPORTED FAVORABLY.

Authorizing the Auditor of Brooklyn to appoint a deputy and clerk.

Incorporating the Port Richmond and Bergen Point Ferry Company.

BILLS NOTICED.

For the completion of the extension of the Chenango Canal. It appropriates about $250,000.

By Mr. PARSONS—To regulate the liabilities of sureties in certain cases.

By Mr. CROWLEY—To enable towns to raise money to erect monuments to those who lost their lives in the late rebellion.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. WILLIAMS—To amend the Militia law by repealing that clause which requires Boards of Supervisors to raise by tax any deficiency of military fines.

By Mr. COLLINS—Relative to the restoration of securities belonging to life insurance companies now held in trust in the insurance department.

By Mr. LA BAU—To amend the Revised Statutes relative to limited partnerships, by giving a wider scope to the definition of the word "mercantile."

BILLS PASSED.

Requiring the receivers of insolvent corporations in joint-stock associations for banking purposes to pay over all sums in their hands within twenty days after removal.

The bill amending the act for widening South Seventh-street, Brooklyn, was ordered to a third reading.

Adjourned until 7 o'clock Monday evening.

### ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Friday, Jan. 19.

REPORTS.

Relative to the Atlantic Yacht Club.

By Mr. REYNOLDS—For the improvement of Brooklyn Heights.

By Mr. SEEBACHER—Relative to the New-York Cattle Market.

By Mr. TRACY—To amend the New-York City Common School Act.

By Mr. MILLSPAUGH—To allow counsel for prisoners to have the closing argument.

By Mr. P. E. STEWART—To authorize attorneys in adjoining States to practice in this State.

By Mr. LEVINGER—To divide the Seventh New-York Judicial District.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. OAKEY—To define more precisely the duty of the New-York Harbor Masters.

By Mr. VEEDER—Relative to the Fifty-sixth Regiment, National Guard.

By Mr. REYNOLDS—To incorporate the Excelsior Trust Company of Brooklyn.

By Mr. SEEBACHER—To amend the Metropolitan Police Act.

By Mr. P. E. STEWART—To authorize attorneys in adjoining States to practice in this State.

Also, to incorporate the New-York Underground Railway Company.

By Mr. TUCKER—To increase the rates of legal advertisements.

By Mr. CREAMER—Relative to the public health in New-York.

By Mr. HISCOCK—Relative to Courts of Record in times of epidemic disease.

The Assembly then adjourned until 7:30 o'clock Monday evening.

### Theatricals at the Five Points.

In the covered play-ground of the Five Points House of Industry there was an amusing and instructive entertainment last evening, got up for the children by the teachers and their friends. At one end of the play-ground a stage was erected furnished in proper fashion with wings and drop-curtain. Upon the stage a number of fun-suggesting proverbs were enacted with great spirit and to the intense enjoyment of the little ones and their elders. These were followed by pleasing tableaux of camp life, a Yankee home, blind man's buff, &c., &c., and these again by a little comedy entitled "When the cat 's away, the mice may play," in which all the male and female teachers of the establishment took creditable part, the young lady who played the cook that stood upon her dignity, especially distinguishing herself. A number of songs were sung by volunteer visitors and by the children, and thanks to the genuine kindness of these single-hearted friends of the poor, these lonely little ones had a happy time of it. A motley crowd of full-grown human nature filled up the back seats and the standing-room. They had gathered in from the slums of this vile neighborhood, but were quite as well behaved as the *habitues* of parquettes, and much more polite in giving their undivided attention to the performance. They seemed to enjoy the whole affair vastly, and who can say how much they might not be benefited if they had more such innocent enjoyment within their reach. Even vice cannot swallow up all that is good in us. When, in the little camp scene, last night, the soldier sang his song of home, there were tears upon the cheek wasted by drunken orgies and wicked eyes were dimmed with sympathetic sorrow—There are other ways of reaching the little good left in some hearts, than preaching sermons at them which they do not hear, or in enacting laws which reach the evil but not the good. By making the good attractive, as it can be done in a hundred ways, of which this little entertainment is but one, there is no limit to the power which might thus be wielded to the reclamation of the despondent or the vicious. Mr. HALLADAY announced at the close of the performance, that this was but the first of many such agreeable evenings, open to all comers. That Gen. LAFFERTS next week would visit them, and bring his magic lantern along, and show them wonders in the shadow-land which would astonish them, all of which news was received with rapturous applause.

We are informed that over 2,000 receive food at the institution daily, many of the guests being wounded soldiers. Mr. HALLADAY is a true Samaritan among these people, who truly need his kindliness of heart and the willing coöperation he receives from his amiable and accomplished assistants.

### Convention of Baptist Sunday Schools.

The Baptist Sunday Schools of New-York and Brooklyn and vicinities held a convention in this city on Thursday afternoon and evening, to consider the expediency of forming a new Baptist Sunday School Union. After earnest discussion, in which a large number took part—some favoring a regularly organized and efficient society, and others nothing more than an annual convention for free conference on Sunday School interest—the meeting was adjourned to Thursday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock, at the Second-avenue Tabernacle. Every Baptist Sunday School of New-York and vicinity is expected to be fully represented on that occasion by five delegates, and a meeting of great interest is looked for.

## NEW-JERSEY.

ARREST OF ANOTHER OF THE ALLEGED HOBOKEN BOUNTY BROKER SWINDLERS.—Yesterday morning THEODOR ALLEN, of the late firm of ALLEN, HUGHES & RILEY, was arrested in Brooklyn by Capt. WALLING of the Metropolitan Police, on a warrant issued by United States Commissioner JACKSON, of Jersey City, on a charge of having defrauded 143 recruits (enlisted by them and sent to Fort Lafayette by order of the government as bounty jumpers) out of $126,000. The prisoner was taken to Police Headquarters in New-York, and from thence he was removed to the City Prison in Jersey City by Detectives MCWILLIAMS and NUGENT, of the latter city. HUGHES was arrested several weeks since, and is held for trial in default of $30,000 bail. RILEY, the other partner, is still at large. It is expected that the trial of ALLEN and HUGHES will come off some time during next week, before the United States District Court, now in session in Trenton, when some important developments connected with the transactions of this firm may be looked for.

ATTEMPT TO PASS A COUNTERFEIT UNITED STATES TREASURY NOTE.—A well-dressed, gentlemanly-appearing man, giving the name of EDWARD SAULSBURY, was arrested in Newark on Thursday evening by Officer WIDMAYER, on a charge of attempting to pass a well-executed counterfeit $50 compound interest United States Treasury note at the store of H. B. KIMBALL, No. 340 Broad-street. The note was tendered in payment for a scarf worth $3 50, and Mrs. K. being suspicious of its genuineness submitted it to the inspection of an expert, who discovered it to be a counterfeit. The prisoner stated when offering the bill, that he had but $1 50 in change, but after being taken into custody $12 50 in good money was found on his person. He was committed for examination.

THE UNLICENSED LIQUOR TRAFFIC IN NEWARK.—The Grand Jury of Essex County have made a presentment in reference to the unlicensed liquor traffic. From this document it appears that the number of houses in Newark where liquor is sold without a license is about 1,500. The Grand Jury have endeavored to reach this evil, but if their session were continued until the next term they could not expect to do much toward removing it; besides the laws are not adequate in so dense a populated city, and they suggest that the law be so amended as that tippling houses can be presented, and minor offences tried without indictment or jury, before a competent court.

THE RECENT RAILROAD DISASTER IN NEWARK—INDICTMENT FOR MANSLAUGHTER.—Yesterday, in the Essex County Court of Oyer and Terminer, EDWARD O'BRIEN, switchman, was arraigned and plead not guilty to two indictments for manslaughter in causing the death of Mr. GORDON and the boy BRITT, at the time of the recent railroad disaster on the New-Jersey Railroad in Newark.

ATTEMPTED ARSON.—A hack-driver named MICHAEL MOONEY, 21 years of age, was arrested about 1 o'clock yesterday morning, on a charge of attempting to fire the residence of his father, PATRICK MOONEY, corner of Union-avenue and North Second-street, E. D. The offence was committed, as alleged, a few months before the arrest. It seems that the prisoner's father had refused to allow him admission to his house, and in a spirit of revenge he set about burning it down. To this end he built a fire of hay and straw alongside the building, but the weather boards being damp the straw burnt out without communicating to the house. When arrested MOONEY stated to the officer that he only intended to scare his father. He will have a hearing before Justice DAILEY this forenoon.

### Why Is It?

Why do the people crowd the rooms of the Colton Dental Association? SIX REASONS. I. Because they originated the use of the gas, and ought to know how to make and administer it in the best manner. II. Because they have administered it to 9,000 patients without the first accident or failure, and therefore have 9,000 advertisers. III. Because they do nothing but extract teeth, and constant experience enables them to do it in the best manner. IV. Because nearly all the best dentists in the city recommend their patients to them. V. Because they make the gas fresh every day. VI. Because they agree to make no charge if they cause any pain. Office, Nos. 19 and 30 Cooper Institute.—[*Advertisement.*]

### Obituary.

DEATH OF TYLER DAVIDSON.

*From the Cincinnati Daily Gazette.*

The demise of one of our oldest, most honored and successful merchants, is an occasion which demands more than a passing notice.

Mr. TYLER DAVIDSON was born in Milford, near New-Haven, Conn., and died in New-York City suddenly, on the 16th of December, 1865, aged about 55 years. Left an orphan, at an early age he commenced life as a merchant's clerk in New-Haven, and upon attaining his majority, commenced business in the City of New-York. The awful ravages of the cholera in that city in 1832 so affected his business that he determined to remove West; and accordingly commenced anew in Cincinnati in 1834, the present business, upon almost the very ground now occupied by his firm.

The distinguishing feature in Mr. DAVIDSON'S character as a man and a merchant was his *conservatism*. By nature a *gentleman*, his actions and manners were such as to inspire confidence, and command the respect of all with whom he was associated. In appearance somewhat serious and reserved, his dignity was blended with a courtesy of manner and deference toward others which made his society valued in the retirement (which he so much loved) of private life. His virtuous principles gave him that certain elevation of character which, combined with ability and promptness, ensured success in business and at the same time commanded the respect of all who knew him. It may be truly said that those who knew him best loved him most, and rarely has any man left fewer personal enemies, if indeed he has left a single one.

He was a man of sagacity and enterprise. No sooner did he possess the requisite means, than he determined to erect a business house which should equal in architectural pretensions the best stores in New-York. Accordingly, in the year 1850, and within the short space of four months, the present edifice was completed, and it was the *first* building of its class, from which have sprung the now countless merchant palaces, which make Cincinnati distinguished as a commercial emporium.

Although we have said that Mr. DAVIDSON'S prominent trait of character was *conservatism*, yet in every *important* matter his action was equal to the occasion; always prompt and decisive. His intense loyalty and unflinching support of the government from the most carefully considered convictions of duty, and from the very commencement of the war, are well known. His generous contributions of money were small compared with other more important aid which he rendered to the last moment of his life.

Of Mr. DAVIDSON'S moral and religious character, in all the important relations of life, it may be said that he was thoroughly consistent. For thirty years his place in Christ Church, in this city, was seldom vacant when at home. His charities were timely, well distributed, and unostentatious; and in many bereaved and unfortunate households his name and kindly deeds will be tenderly cherished and long remembered.

Inheriting a delicate constitution, Mr. DAVIDSON'S health early in life indicated the necessity of relief, which he found in travel abroad. Early in 1841, he made an extended tour of Europe, and visited all the interesting parts of the East and Holy Land. These tours were repeated, and his correspondence, which occasionally found its way to our columns, evinced careful habits of observation, and an intelligent, thoughtful mind.

His funeral was on Saturday, 23d of December, from that home in Clifton which he had loved so dearly and so long. His neighbors and brother merchants, companions of his early days, assembled to pay the last honors to his memory. The sublime and imposing services of the church, were performed by Right Rev. Bishop MCILVAINE, assisted by Rev. SAMUEL CLEMENTS, of Calvary Church, Clifton, RICHARD GRAY and ALFRED BLAKE, all his near and [illegible] friends. From the lovely heights of Clifton, his mortal remains were borne to that beautiful valley below, where in the home of the dead, Spring Grove Cemetery, he sleeps in peace. There shall affection seek his last resting-place and bedew with sacred tears and tender offerings the simple monument which will enshrine his memory.

The ladies, in their sovereign capacity as judges of emotional enjoyment, have decided that no perfume in existence produces the same delicious sensations as are experienced while inhaling the exquisite fragrance of "Phalon's Night-Blooming Cereus."—*New-York Dispatch.*

**We will teach our "Susy" to say. "A** blessing on Mrs. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicing and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the prospectus—the SOOTHING SYRUP performs precisely what it professes to do. If we had the power, we would make Mrs. WINSLOW, as she is, the physical saviour of the infant race.

Extract from Rev. C. Z. WEISER's letter.

**The Remedy Which Needs no Puff!** "DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF." Sold by all Druggists. 25 cents per box.

**Trusses, Abdomen Supporters, Shoulder** Braces, Silk Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps and Anklets, Crutches and Suspensory Bandages. A lady attendant. MARSH BROS., No. 522 Broadway.

**Trusses, &c.**—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

**The Last Days of Ex-President MARTIN** VAN BUREN were made comfortable by the use of JONAS WHITCOMB'S ASTHMA REMEDY. Letters in our possession from his physician and from Mr. Van Buren himself, express much gratification with the results of its use.

Extract from the "Life of Washington Irving," by his nephew, Pierre M. Irving, vol. IV. page 272:

"The doctor prescribed, as an experiment—what had been suggested by Dr. O. W. Holmes on his late visit—Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma,' a teaspoonful in a wineglass of water, to be taken every four hours. A good night was the result."

In no case of purely asthmatic character has it failed to give prompt relief, and in many cases a permanent cure has been effected. No danger need be apprehended from its use. An infant may take it with perfect safety. (See circular.)

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston, Sole proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

**Chevalier's Life for the Hair will re-**store Gray Hair to its original color, strengthen and promote the growth of the weakest hair, stop its falling out, keep the head clean, cool and healthy; can be used freely; contains nothing injurious. The best Hair Dressing ever offered to the public. Is recommended and used by the first medical authority. Sold at the drug stores, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York, where information as to the treatment of the hair will be freely given from 1 to 3 P. M.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

**Colgate's Honey Soap.**

This celebrated **Toilet Soap,** in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials,** is **mild** and **emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented,** and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

**"Exceedingly Effective.**—'BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES' are excellent lozenges for the relief of hoarseness or sore throat. They are certainly exceedingly effective. We have known several instances in which troublesome coughs have ceased very speedily after one or two Troches were taken."—*Christian World,* London, Eng.

**Children having Worms**

Require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness. Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits" are a simple remedy, and will destroy worms without injury to the child.

Sold at 25 cents a box by most dealers in medicines.

**Persons Prematurely Gray**

Can have their hair restored to its natural color by using HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

It is the best article known to preserve the hair, preventing its falling out, and making lifeless, stiff, brashy hair

HEALTHY, SOFT AND GLOSSY.

All who use it are unanimous in awarding it the praise of being the best Hair Dressing extant, and without a rival in restoring gray hair to its natural color. Beware of counterfeits and imitations; ask for Hall's and take none other. Price $1. Sold by all druggists.

**Batchelor's Hair Dye.**

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

**Snow Boots,**

and all kinds of WARM AND WATER-PROOF BOOTS and SHOES for LADIES, GENTS, BOYS and CHILDREN, cheap, at BROOKS', No. 575 Broadway.

E. A. BROOKS, Agent.

**Won't Use Any Other.**

WEBSTER'S VEGETABLE HAIR INVIGORATOR is the greatest blessing to those whose hair has turned gray from any cause ever yet discovered.

DEMAS BARNES & CO., New-York, General Agents.

**Warm Boots.**

Double sole, and all kinds for ladies and gents, cheap, at BROOKS', No. 575 Broadway.

E. A. BROOKS, Agent.

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## MARRIED.

BLAUVELT—KARR.—On Wednesday, Jan. 17, by Rev. Henry B. Ridgaway, JAMES H. BLAUVELT and KATE E. KARR, all of this city.

HILLS—POLHAMUS.—On Thursday, Jan. 18, by Rev. G. L. Demarest, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. HENRY L. HILLS and Miss DELAPHENE C. POLHAMUS, daughter of John Polhamus, Esq., all of this city.

ROOME—BUNN.—At the Church of St. John the Evangelist, on Thursday, Jan. 18, by Rev. Morgan Dix, WILLIAM P. ROOME and CHRISSIE, youngest daughter of Martin Y. Bunn, Esq., of this city.

SALISBURY—BRUSH.—On Monday, Jan. 15, at St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, by the Rector, Rev. Lawrence H. Mills, NELSON SALISBURY, of Catskill, and MARY E., eldest daughter of Mary A. and the late Jonathan B. Brush. No cards.

SHOOK—MOWBRAY.—In this city, on Thursday, Jan. 18, at St. Luke's Parsonage, by Rev. Dr. Isaac H. Tuttle, Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK, of this city, and Miss LAURA A. MOWBRAY, of Hoboken, N. J. No cards.

## DIED.

BEENY.—On Friday, Jan. 19, SARAH A., wife of Stephen Beeny, in the 47th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Bedford-av., near Myrtle, Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 21, at 2 P. M., without further invitation.

BARNETT.—In Stockton, Cal., on Thursday, Dec. 14, of congestion of the bowels, Mr. FREDERICK BARNETT, long a resident of that city, but formerly of New-York.

He was a kind-hearted, generous man, and has left many friends, who will long remember him with emotions of sorrow for his death. Relying on his Saviour, his end was peaceful and happy.

DAVIS.—On Thursday, Jan. 18, Mrs. ANN DAVIS, in the 85th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Sunday, Jan. 21, at 10 o'clock A. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. John Needham, Tremont, Westchester County, N. Y.

Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

DE FOREST.—On Friday morning, Jan. 19, WILLIAM WHEELER DE FOREST, aged 71 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Presbyterian Church in 5th-av., corner of 19th-st., on Monday morning, the 22d inst., at 10 o'clock, without further invitation.

DOUGLAS.—On Thursday, Jan. 18, AGNES, wife of John A. Douglas, daughter of Mrs. Agnes Rutter, in the 31st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral on Saturday at 2 P. M., from the residence of her mother, corner of Avenue A and 84th-st.

ENGLISH.—On Wednesday, Jan. 17, in Jersey City, GEORGIE BERGH, only child of S. Penn and Georgiana English, aged 3 years, 7 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at Grace Church this (Saturday) morning, at 12 o'clock.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

ENGS.—On Friday morning, Jan. 19, MARY C. ENGS, daughter of Philip W. Engs.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the house of her father, No. 76 West 14th-st., on Monday morning, the 22d inst., at 11 o'clock.

GILLESPIE.—On Friday, Jan. 19, ROBERT ALEXANDER, only child of John J. and Harriet E. Gillespie, aged 5 months and 16 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 33 3d-av., Sunday, the 21st inst., at 1 o'clock.

HORRIDGE.—At West Farms, on Monday, Jan. 15, of diphtheria, MARY ALICE, only daughter of Joseph and Mary Ann Horridge, aged 12 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, the 21st inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from the Reformed Dutch Church at West Farms.

Bolton and Manchester, England, papers please copy.

HENNESSY.—On Friday afternoon, Jan. 19, WILLIAM JOSEPH HENNESSY, aged 8 months and 28 days, youngest son of Michael Hennessy, commercial editor of the NEW-YORK TIMES.

His funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 21, at 2 o'clock precisely, from the residence of his parents, No. 54 Summit-st., South Brooklyn.

MCFARLAND.—Suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 19, EMMA E., daughter of Alexander and the late Catharine McFarland, aged 14 years and 4 days.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

PIERCE.—Suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 19, GEORGE LELAND PIERCE, aged 33 years.

The friends and relatives of the family, also the members of Manhattan Lodge F. & A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, Jan. 21, at 1½ P. M., from his late residence, No. 34 East 12th-st.

GREEN.—At Harlem, on Thursday, Jan. 18, after a short illness, Miss LOTTIE L. GREEN, daughter of A. C. and Mrs. FANNY GREEN, of Otisville, N. Y.

Her funeral will take place from the Congregational Church corner of 2d-av. and 125th-st., Saturday morning, Jan. 20, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

HASBROUCK.—At Denver City, Colorado, on Friday, Dec. 29, LAWRENCE HASBROUCK, youngest son of Hon. A. Bruyn Hasbrouck, of St. Remy, Ulster County, aged 38 years.

Funeral services at the First Reformed Dutch Church, Kingston, N. Y., on Monday, Jan. 22, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

LOVETT.—At Port Royal, on Saturday, Sept. 22, of dysentery acute, JAMES LOVETT, in the 22d year of his age.

His friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his father, at Beekmantown, on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Train leaves 30th-st. depot at 10 o'clock A. M.

POTTER.—Departed this life at Trenton, N. J., on Friday, Jan. 19, SYBILLAH POTTER, in the 97th year of her age.

Funeral at Friends' Meeting-house, Trenton, on Monday morning, Jan. 22, at 10 o'clock.

POTT.—On Thursday morning, Jan. 18, MARGARET SAIDLER, youngest daughter of James and Josephine Hawks Pott, aged 3 years and 7 months.

Funeral services will be held at Calvary Church, 4th-av. and 21st-st., on Saturday morning, the 20th inst., at 10 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

TOMPKINS.—At Sing Sing, Westchester County, on Third Day, Jan. 16, ABBY, relict of the late Jacob Tompkins, aged 67 years.

Her funeral will take place on First Day, Jan. 21, at 9 o'clock A. M. at her late residence, and 11 o'clock A. M. at Chappaqua Meeting-house. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WYCKOFF.—At Newtown, L. I., on Thursday, Jan. 18, NICHOLAS WYCKOFF, aged 72 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

WEIR.—On Thursday, Jan. 18, after a short illness, WILLIAM WEIR, aged 31 years.

His relatives and friends, also the members of Neptune Lodge No. 152, I. O. O. F., Tompkinsville, N. Y., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his brother, Samuel Weir, No. 5 Minetta-place, this (Saturday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

N. G. S. N. Y.

FIFTH REGIMENT,
NINTH REGIMENT,
THIRTEENTH REGIMENT,
TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT,
THIRTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT,
THE LIGHT GUARD.

For notices, criticisms and information of the above and other regiments National Guard, besides official gazettes of changes, see the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL for this week. Office No. 39 Park-row.

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SOLDIERS' WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

During the war they received relief from the city, and often from their husbands in the service. Now they are limited to the small amount of their pension, and even that some do not receive. This, together with the high prices, shows that assistance is still necessary. Contributions sent to Rev. C. C. Goss, General Agent of Christian Alliance, No. 37 Park-row, or to either of the undersigned, will be duly acknowledged.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD,
PETER COOPER,
WILSON G. HUNT.

PURSUANT TO CALL, A LARGE NUMBER of citizens of Schuylkill County assembled at the Town Hall, in the Borough of Pottsville, on Saturday evening, Jan. 13, 1866, for the purpose of adopting measures to put a stop to the lawlessness now existing in the Coal Region. The meeting was organized by the election of the following officers:

*President*—ELI BOWEN.

*Vice-Presidents*—Judge Donaldson, Col. Frick, J. T. Werner, R. R. Morris and George Beverley, Esqs.

*Secretary*—Henry R. Edmonds.

Addresses, suggestions and explanations in regard to the object of the meeting, and the reforms required, were made by Mr. Davis, President of the New-York and Schuylkill Coal Company; Lin Bartholomew, Esq.; C. W. Pitman, Esq., and Benjamin Bannan, Esq.

On motion, a committee of thirteen was appointed to consider and devise a plan to remedy the evil.

On motion, it was resolved that, when the meeting adjourn, it be to meet on Monday evening, Jan. 15, to receive the report of the committee.

ELI BOWEN, President.

Attest—H. R. EDMONDS, Secretary.

COURT HOUSE, POTTSVILLE, Monday Evening, Jan. 15, 1866.

The adjourned meeting was called to order at 7½ o'clock, by the President, ELI BOWEN, Esq. The minutes of the preceding meeting were read, and adopted as read.

The report of the Committee on Resolutions was read, as follows:

The committee appointed by a meeting of citizens of Schuylkill County, held at the Town Hall, in the Borough of Pottsville, on the evening of Saturday, 13th inst., to devise the best means of suppressing lawlessness in Schuylkill County, would respectfully report:

That from the recent brutal and atrocious murders of Henry D. Dunne and David Muir; the attempt to murder and rob William Pollock, together with the robbery and burning of the property of the New-York & Schuylkill Coal Company, and the escape of the perpetrators of these outrages, notwithstanding every effort made for their capture, considered with the systematic, deliberate and cold-blooded manner in which the same were executed, your committee are convinced beyond a doubt that there exists an organization of bad men, who are determined, cost what it may, to control the operation of the collieries in this county, and dictate who shall manage the same; that this organization is composed of a few of the worst and most desperate men of every district, and not of the mass of the working men of our coal regions, but that the well-disposed are intimidated by their known desperate character and thorough organization, and thus deterred by fear and a supposed self-interest, from assisting in bring the guilty to justice.

That your committee view with sorrow and shame this said condition of affairs—shame that such outrages should be committed among us with impunity, and sorrow for the loss of our fellow-citizens ruthlessly murdered.

That it is the opinion of your committee that any attempt on the part of the workingmen to control or interfere with the mining operations is suicidal, as it must necessarily result in the abandonment of the collieries and the investment of the capital in other directions, thus taking the bread out of the mouths of thousands in the helpless families of the workingmen, and rendering our county poor and desolate; for no man will place his money where he has not only no security for the profits of the same, but where the very principal is controlled and may at any moment be swept away by the action of an unlawful combination of men, and where even his own life is not secure in attending to his own business. It is to the interest of the operator as well as the workingman that as many day's work shall be done in a year as possible, that the former may ship more coal and the latter receive more wages for his labor. It is to the interest of the operator to have cheerful-working and satisfied employes, who have confidence enough in their employer to feel that he will cheerfully grant any reasonable and proper request that they may make.

In view, therefore, of the existence of an organized resistance to law and the best interests of the citizens of this county, your committee believe that it is expedient that some effectual scheme be adopted by the law-abiding citizens of all classes to resist these evils; to bring the guilty to punishment; to remove the baleful influence of terror which is held over those who desire as employes to do their duty to the operators, and who have no hand or heart in these outrages, and to protect the well-disposed in giving testimony, and therefore, beg leave to submit the following preamble and resolutions:

*Whereas,* A succession of terrible crimes recently committed in our county has shocked the public sensibilities, and made it evident that extraordinary measures are necessary for saving the lives of our citizens; and

*Whereas,* There has been established among us a system of unlawful interference with the working of collieries, which attempts to control by violence both the property of the capitalists and the labor of workingmen, the tendency of which is to drive away capital and deprive labor of employment; and,

*Whereas,* It is charged, with great probability, that a secret organization exists which is the author of these illegal acts, and that by a system of terrorism exercised over the people, it prevents the execution of civil process and the securing of testimony for the conviction of criminals; and

*Whereas,* We believe that it is a general principle at the foundation of our system of government that the lawless and violent are in the minority, and that the dispositions of the great body of citizens favor peace, order and obedience to law, and that this principle is applicable in the present case; therefore,

*Resolved,* That the citizens of Schuylkill County, in public meeting assembled, do earnestly desire to rescue our community from the disgrace and danger into which it has fallen, and pledge themselves solemnly to each other to undertake and execute the measures adopted for that end.

*Resolved,* That these disorders in common with many others in the community, are partly due to a want of public spirit and of a disposition to attend to public duties, on the part of a large class of law-abiding citizens, and that it is important now, that every one opposed to violence and lawlessness should assist in the work before us, by giving his personal attention and assistance in enforcing the laws.

*Resolved,* That a measure of prime necessity is the immediate arrest and speedy trial, and sentence, of all parties known to have been engaged in acts of violence.

*Resolved,* That it is desirable to destroy the secret association of criminals, by leading them to distrust each other, and that the offer of large rewards for evidence with a distinct and competent assurance of pardon and safe conduct out of the county, should be advertised in the most public manner.

*Resolved,* That a committee of three be appointed to carry these resolutions into effect, with power at once to obtain all necessary legislation—if any be required—to enforce existing laws and provide for necessary expenses by tax or otherwise. Also, to confer with any other organizations in the Anthracite region or elsewhere, and to do all such things, quietly but effectually, as to them may seem adapted to suppress the lawlessness now existing among us.

GUY E. FARQUHAR, Chairman.

Whereupon it was

*Resolved,* That the report be accepted, and the same committee continued and authorized to appoint the special committee of three therein provided for, and be empowered to do any other business toward carrying out the objects of the meeting, and also to call a public meeting at any day.

The proceedings of the meeting were ordered to be furnished the press of Philadelphia, New-York and Boston, and also published in our county papers.

Adjourned.

ELI BOWEN, President.

Attest—H. R. EDMONDS, Secretary.

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## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE
FOR FEBRUARY, 1866.
CONTENTS:

BLACKWELL'S ISLAND LUNATIC ASYLUM.

ILLUSTRATIONS.—The Asylum, from Road to Steamboat Landing.—The Cook-house.—Receiving Patients; the Examination.—At Dinner.—The Office and Druggery.—Ann Barry.—Norah.—The Doctor's Morning Round.—The Retreat and Yard.—"Mrs. Buchanan."—The Preacher.—Paddy Discoursing.—Old Tony.—Rafferty.—The Admiral.—Quigley.—Within Fort Maxey.—Gateway to Fort Maxey.—Thomas Maxey at Home.—Black Jimmy.

EUTHANASY.

HEROIC DEEDS OF HEROIC MEN.—X, CHARLES ELLET AND HIS NAVAL STEAM RAMS.

ILLUSTRATIONS.—Charles Ellet.—Charles Rivers Ellet.—Map of Vicksburgh and Vicinity.—The *Queen of the West* and the *Vicksburgh*.—Loss of the *Queen of the West*.—The *Indianola* passing the Batteries at Vicksburgh.—The *Switzerland*.

INDIAN SUMMER.

With an illustration.

AN INTERNATIONAL AFFAIR. (*Concluded.*)

SWEET CLOVER.

THE RED-JACKET MEDAL.

ILLUSTRATIONS.—Red Jacket (by WIER.)—Red Jacket (by DARLEY.)—The Red-Jacket Medal.—E. S. Parker.

THE WITNESSES.

ARMADALE. By WILKIE COLLINS.

BOOK THE FOURTH.

CHAPTER XI. Love and Law.

CHAPTER XII. A Scandal at the Station.

CHAPTER XIII. An Old Man's Heart.

ILLUSTRATION.—Miss Gwilt and the Gorgons.

TO THE UNRETURNING BRAVES.

DIAMONDS AND OTHER GEMS.

ILLUSTRATIONS.—Forms of Diamonds—The Mattam Diamond—The Koh-i-noor, before Recutting—The Koh-i-noor, Recut, Front View—The Koh-i-noor, Recut, Back View—The Koh-i-noor, Recut, Side View—The Orloff—The Pitt Diamond—The Pitt Diamond, Side View—The Austrian Yellow Brilliant—The Sancy—The Florentine, Side View—The Shaw—The Star of the South—Star of the South, Side View—Star of the South, Front View—The Dresden Green—The Hope—The Polar Star—The Cumberland—The Eugenie—The Nassac—The Piggott—The Dresden Brilliant.

CHRISTMAS GUESTS.

THE HOLIDAYS.—II. NEW-YEAR'S TO TWELFTH-NIGHT.

THE MARCH TO THE SEA.

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THE
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FOR
FEBRUARY, 1866,
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The contents of the *Atlantic* are as follows:

English Opinion on the American War; Two Pictures; The Freedman's Story, I.; The Origin of the Gypsies; Passages from Hawthorne's Note-Books, II.; Court-Cards; A Landscape Painter; Riviera di Ponente; Doctor Johns, XIII.; The Chimney-Corner for 1866, II.; Griffith Gaunt, or Jealousy, III.; Three Months Among the Reconstructionists; Reviews and Literary Notices.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS
CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

Puck's Work, by Gail Hamilton; The Ice Fairies, by Mary L. Smith; Lessons in Magic, VI., by P. H. C.; Frost-Work, by Albert Laighton; The Tale of Two Knights, II., by Charles Dawson Shanley; A Visit to Mount-Vernon, by J. T. Trowbridge; The Four Seasons, by Lucretia P. Hale; A Summer in Leslie Goldthwaite's Life, II., by Author of "Faith Gartney's Childhood;" Afloat in the Forest, by Mayne Reid; Mabel's Wish, by Tacie Townsend; Winter Song, by Emily Huntington Miller; Round the Evening Lamp; Our Letter-Box.

This number contains twenty-five illustrations.

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Something About Ships.
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## RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

MISS LIZZIE DOTEN WILL SPEAK under inspiration for the Society of Progressive Spiritualists at Ebbitt Hall, No. 55 West 33d-st., on SUNDAY, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Subject: Morning—*Mesmerism and Psychology*. Evening—*Children of the Summer Land*. Seats free.

THE JUDGMENT.—S. S. SNOW, S. M. C., will preach on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M., in Jones' Hall, No. 626 Broadway. Seats free. Subject—*The Time and Manner of the General Judgment.*

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION—Madison-av. and 35th-st. There will be divine services and sermon in this church on SUNDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock. Rev. Dr. MONTGOMERY will preach.

FORTIETH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN Church, 40th-st. and Lexington-av. Rev. CHARLES E. HART, Pastor. Services on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

PILGRIM BAPTIST CHURCH—THIRTY-THIRD (33d) STREET, between 8th and 9th-avs. Preaching by Rev. Mr. TOWNLEY, late of Stamford, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

FREE EPISCOPAL CHAPEL—3D-AV., BEtween 76th and 77th sts., Rev. J. TUTTLE SMITH, Pastor. Services on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2 P. M.

## RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

NEW CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—The following arrangements have been made for the present, by committees appointed at a recent meeting of persons friendly to forming a new Congregational Church: Public worship EVERY SABBATH MORNING at 10½ o'clock, and EVENING at 7½, in the church in 41st-st., near 6th-av.; preaching by Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT. Sunday-school in the afternoon, at 2½ o'clock; bible-class at the same hour. Lecture and conference on FRIDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, followed by a meeting at 8¾, for congregational singing. All interested in such a movement are invited to attend any of the services, or to communicate with Mr. Abbott, at the study connected with the church, on Monday Evenings, or with either of the following gentlemen:

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BAPTIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONVENTION.—An adjourned meeting of the Baptist Sunday-School Convention will be held in the Tabernacle Baptist Church, on 2d-av., on THURSDAY, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Every Baptist Sunday-School in this vicinity is earnestly requested to represent itself by a delegation consisting of the Pastor, the Superintendent and five members of the school.

A. B. CAPWELL, Moderator.

WM. H. WYCKOFF, Secretary.
JOHN C. BAXTER, Assistant Secretary.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, EAST 14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.—A series of Sunday evening discourses will be delivered (D. V.) in the Free Church of the Redemption, by the following distinguished clergy: Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, D. D., Rector of St. George's Church, Jan. 21; Rev. A. N. LITTLEJOHN, D. D., Rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, Jan. 28; Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, Jr., Rector of the Church of the Holy Trinity, New-York, Feb. 4.

CENTRAL M. E. CHURCH, CORNER 14th-st. and 7th-av.—The missionary anniversary of this church will be held on SUNDAY, the 21st inst. Rev. A. E. GIBSON, of Baltimore, Md., will preach in morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. The Sabbath-school Juvenile Missionary Society will have missionary exercises in the body of the church, at 2 o'clock P. M. Addresses will be delivered by distinguished speakers, suitable to the occasion. Other arrangements are made to make this an interesting session.

CENTENARY OF AMERICAN METHODISM.—The Central Centenary Committee will hold a public meeting in the St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, New-York, on the evening of THURSDAY, the 25th instant. The exercises to begin at 7½ o'clock. Hon. JAMES HARLAN, of Iowa, Secretary of the Interior, will preside, and make the opening address. Addresses will also be delivered by Rev. Bishop JANES, Rev. Bishop SIMPSON, Rev. ABEL STEVENS, D. D.; Rev. JOHN M'CLINTOCK, D. D.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—A CHAMPION OF SPIRITUALISM.—The late Rev. A. T. Foss, of New-Hampshire, will preach at the Temple of Truth, No. 814 Broadway, above 11th-st., SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. A great discussion at 3 P. M., between Orthodoxy and Spiritualists. Fee 10 cents. Public and private circles every evening at 7½ o'clock. Mediums consulted daily at the Temple.

DE KALB-AV. M. E. CHURCH, BETWEEN Kent and Franklin avs., Brooklyn. Anniversary and reunion services are to be held on SUNDAY. Preaching in the morning by Rev. Bishop JANES. Reunion of former pastors and members at 3 P. M. Preaching at 7 P. M. by Rev. C. H. PAYNE. All former pastors and members of this and the old Franklin-av. Church are invited to attend. J. W. LEEK, Pastor.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION OF THE 14TH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH will hold its tenth anniversary in the church, corner of 14th-st. and 2d-av., NEXT SUNDAY EVENING, the 21st inst., at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by Rev. PHILIP SCHAFF, D. D., and Mr. MARTIN B. LEWIS, the Missionary of the Association from Minnesota. Singing by the children under the direction of LUCIUS HART, Esq.

TRINITY CHAPEL—25TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Right Rev. HORATIO SOUTHGATE, D. D., will preach in Trinity Chapel, SUNDAY EVENING. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock, and a collection will be made in behalf of the new Free Episcopal Chapel, on 3d-av., corner of 76th-st., Rev. J. TUTTLE SMITH, Pastor.

REV. DR. TYNG, RECTOR OF ST. George's Church, will preach in the Free Church of the Redemption, East 14th-st., (opposite the Academy of Music) on SUNDAY EVENING, Jan. 21. Services at 7½ o'clock. Usual services in the MORNING at 10½ o'clock. Collection in support of the church. Seats free.

JUBILEE YEAR OF THE AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.—The third sermon of the series will be preached by Rev. Dr. HODGE, of Princeton Theological Seminary, at the Church of Rev. Dr. Adams, Madison-square, on SUNDAY EVENING, the 21st inst., at 7½ o'clock. Subject: *The Inspiration of the Holy Scriptures.*

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—No. 161 5th-av., corner 22d-st. Devotional singing meeting, WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at the rooms. Ladies and gentlemen cordially invited. Young Men's Bible Class every THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—THE FIRST OF A series of discourses, drawn from the life of Joseph, will be delivered in the Macdougal-st. Baptist Church, by Rev. L. W. OLNEY, pastor, on SABBATH EVENING, Jan. 21, at 7½ o'clock. Preaching at 10½ o'clock, A. M. All are invited to attend.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching SUNDAY, 21st inst., by the Pastor, corner Catharine and Madison sts., at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Also preaching corner Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3 P. M. All seats free.

REV. E. G. BROOKS GIVES THE SECOND of his series of discourses on Christianity and Life, at the 20th-st. Universalist Church, west of 6th-av., SUNDAY AFTERNOON, Jan. 21, at 3 o'clock. Subject—*Christianity and Social Life.* Morning service at 10½. All are cordially invited.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF the Old Brewery. The original Mission at the Points. Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M. Visitors will make short addresses to the school. Spectators are always delighted with the singing of these children.

SECOND ADVENT AND FUTURE LIFE FOR THE RIGHTEOUS ONLY.—Preaching SUNDAY at Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway, by Elder F. H. BURBANK, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. All interested to hear on the above subjects, are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION OF THE CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION.—Rev. Dr. DIX, Rector of Trinity Church, will preach the annual sermon for this association at the church corner of 20th-st. and 6th-av., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock, when a collection will be made.

REV. W. H. PENDLETON WILL preach in 53d-st. Baptist Lecture Room, east of 7th-av., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., and at 7½ P. M., the opening sermon, in a course of six, on *Gospel Truth, Illustrated from the History of Esther.* Also, every evening during the week.

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, No. 161 5th-av., corner 22d-st.—Monthly meeting on MONDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock, at the rooms. Essay by H. HARWOOD VERNON, Esq. Subject—*The Middle Path*—in amusements. Young men cordially invited. D. BOLTON BANGS, Rec. Sec.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 2d and 3d avs.—Rev. WM. H. BOOLE, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Religious services every evening, except Saturday, at 7½ P. M.

DR. MUHLENBERG WILL REPEAT, by request, the sermon at the death of Robert B. Minturn, in the chapel of St. Luke's Hospital, 54th-st. and 5th-av., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Service to begin at 3½.

MEMORIAL CHURCH, HAMMOND-ST., corner Waverley-place.—Rev. E. B. BOGGS, of Bedford, will preach on SUNDAY, morning and evening, and Rev. M. V. STEWART, afternoon. Services at 10½, 3½ and 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—28TH-ST., NEAR Broadway. Services LORD'S DAY, Jan. 21, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching morning and evening by Rev. C. A. BUCKBEE, of the "American Bible Union." Subject for the evening—*The Union of Christians.*

THE SIXTH IN THE SERIES OF SERMONS on "The Church" will be preached SUNDAY EVENING in the Madison-av. Baptist Church, corner of 31st-st., by Rev. GEORGE D. BOARDMAN, of Philadelphia. Subject—*Symbolism of Baptism.*

SPIRITUAL LYCEUM—CORNER OF 23D-ST. and Broadway, will be open SUNDAY, Jan. 21, at 7½ P. M.; discourse by HORACE DRESSER, LL. D. Subject: *The Incarnation*; text John, chap. I, verses 14 and 18, translated from the Greek. Seats free.

PREACHING AT 10 1-2—LOVE FEAST AT 2½ P. M., and preaching in the evening by F. H. BURBANK, in the Second Advent Church, No. 108 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Also, a union advent meeting a week from next Sabbath, at 2½ P. M. Seats free.

MRS. EMMA F. J. BULLENE, BY inspiration, discourses to First Society of Spiritualists, in Hope Chapel, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Conference at 3 P. M. Seats free; public invited. Audience select subject.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—SABBATH MORNING and EVENING discourses by Rev. Dr. CHEEVER, in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square, on the question—*What constitutes a gloomy theology?* Evening services at 7½ o'clock.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL SERVICES in the Court Room, corner of 7th-av. and 22d-st., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., by Rev. WM. WARDLAW. Lecture for the Jews at 7½ P. M. Jews and Gentiles are invited to attend.

WILLIAM WRIGHT, EDITOR OF THE *Monthly Review*, will speak on *The Influence of the Bible upon Civilization and Progress*, at Metropolitan Hall, No. 95 6th-av., on SUNDAY, at 7½ P. M. Subject at 3 P. M.—*The Cause and Cure of the Ills of Poverty.*

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHING on SUNDAY by the Pastor, Rev. R. C. PUTNEY, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Class-meeting and Sabbath-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Strangers' class at 12 M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited to attend.

REV. SIDNEY A. COREY, D. D., WILL preach in the Murray Hill Baptist Church, corner of 37th-st. and Lexington-av., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SEVENTEENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 1st and 2d avs. SUNDAY, the 21st inst., the praying band will conduct the services MORNING, AFTERNOON and EVENING. Seats free.

REV. M. STOCKMAN WILL PREACH in the First F. W. Baptist Church, 17th-st., west of 6th-av., on SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st. The religious services of this institution will be held in their new chapel on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Singing by a choir of 300 children.

REV. W. B. SUTHERLAND WILL preach (D. V.) on SABBATH EVENING in the Charles-st. U. P. Church. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock.

BLEECKER-ST. UNIVERSALIST Church, corner of Downing-st. Rev. DAY K. LEE, Pastor. Services TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M.

REV. SAMUEL B. BELL, D. D., WILL preach (D. V.) in the 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject *Joshua.*

THE MAILS FOR GREAT BRITAIN and the Continent, via Falmouth and Havre, per steamer ARAGO; for Ireland, via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF BALTIMORE; and for the German States, via Hamburg, per steamer BORUSSIA, will close at this office on Saturday, Jan. 20, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9:30 A. M.; Stations E and F, 9:15 A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M.

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OLD PUBLIC SCHOOL, NO. 14.—THE Ninth Class of Old Public School No. 14, during 1849-'50, intend holding a reunion on the 25th inst. Those wishing to participate (who have not already notified the committee) are requested to communicate with LEONARD HAZELTINE, Jr., No. 19 South-st.

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TELEGRAPH STOCKS FOR SALE.
NATIONAL BANKERS,
ADAMS,
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
AMERICAN,
UNITED STATES
EXPRESS STOCKS FOR SALE.

Apply to GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st., Dealer in Telegraph and Express Stocks, City Railroad Stocks and Bonds, County, City and Town Bonds, Railroad Securities of every description not sold at the Stock Exchanges.

### BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD

### MARVIN & WHITE, BANKERS.

No. 66 BROADWAY and No. 19 NEW-ST., NEW-YORK. Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought on commission. Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others received on favorable terms.

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE YATES COUNTY SALT MANUFACTURING AND PETROLEUM COMPANY.**—The above-named Corporation, pursuant to section 12 of the act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 17, 1848, respectfully submits the following report:

The amount of the capital of the said Company is $[illegible]00,000. The full amount of the said capital has been actually paid in, as appears by certificate of such payments filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, Feb. 27, 1865.

The amount of indebtedness of the said Corporation is $28 27.

DATED Jan. 17, 1866.

M. MACGREGOR, Jr., President.
ALBERT COMSTOCK, SAMUEL J. BURRELL, Trustees.

City and County of New-York, ss.: SAMUEL J. BURRELL being sworn, says that he is Secretary of the YATES COUNTY SALT MANUFACTURING AND PETROLEUM COMPANY mentioned in the foregoing report, and that the statements contained in the said report are true.

SAMUEL J. BURRELL.

Sworn to before me this 17th day of January, 1866.
[Stamp 5 ct. canceled.] ANDREW COMSTOCK, Notary Public, New-York City and County.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 23, 1865.

**WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE** presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled an Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing business under said act.

Now, therefore, I, FREEMAN CLARKE, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking, under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 23d day of December, 1865.

[L. S.] FREEMAN CLARKE, Comptroller.
No. 1,634.

THE PEOPLE'S CLOTHES WRINGER COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A** meeting of the stockholders of the PEOPLE'S CLOTHES WRINGER COMPANY is called for the 22d of January next, at No. 412 Broadway, in the City of New-York, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and the object of said meeting will be to increase the capital of said company fifteen thousand dollars, thereby making the whole capital stock of said company sixty-five thousand dollars, and the number of shares six hundred and fifty.

J. D. PHILLIPS,
SAMUEL A. LEWIS,
SAMUEL SCHIFFER,
WM. B. RAYNOR,
EDGAR WILLIAMS,
JNO. S. KETCHAM,
BENJ. S. HART,
Trustees of said Company.

KNICKERBOCKER ANTHRACITE COAL CO.,
No. 416 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 2, 1866.

**THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK**holders of the Knickerbocker Anthracite Coal Co. will be held at the office of the St. Nicholas Coal Company, No. 205½ Walnut-st., Philadelphia, Penn., on MONDAY, the 5th day of February, 1866, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The business to be transacted will be the election of a board of twelve directors for the ensuing year.

W. D. CRANE, Secretary.

**THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE** bonds, coupons or certificates of advances of the Eastern Division of the Racine and Mississippi Railroad Company, are hereby notified to present the same at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company No. 26 Exchange-place, within thirty days, in order that the adjustment may be made of the amount realized from the sale under foreclosure of the said Eastern Division.

R. G. ROLSTON,
President of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Trustee.

TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OFFICE No. 10 PINE-ST.

**AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES** of the TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY, held Jan. 15, 1866, a dividend of One Per Cent. upon the capital stock of one million dollars, was declared payable Feb. 2, proximo. The transfer books will be closed from Jan. 22 to Feb. 2, inclusive.

J. P. HOGARTH, Secretary.

**INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.**—THE INTEREST on the Stocks and Bonds of the Corporation of the City of New-York, due and payable Feb. 1, 1866, will be paid on that day by DANIEL DEVLIN, Chamberlain, at the Broadway Bank.

The transfer books will be closed on Tuesday, 9th inst.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Jan. 8, 1866.

**NOTICE.—A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE** stockholders of the LILLY RUN PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at the Howard Hotel, corner of Broadway and Maiden-lane, on TUESDAY, Jan. 23, at [illegible] P. M. By order of the board.

JAS. MILLIGAN, Secretary.

**NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE** stockholders of the Lehigh and Susquehanna Coal Company will be holden at the office of the company, No. 8 Wall-st., on THURSDAY, Jan. 25, at 1 o'clock P. M.

JAMES A. TIMPSON, Secretary.

**NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE** stockholders of the Copake Iron Mines will be holden at the office of the company, No. 7 Nassau-st., on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24, at 1 o'clock P. M.

WM. WARD, Secretary.

**REMOVAL.—THE OFFICE OF THE GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY** has been removed to their new building, No. 175 Broadway.

## FINANCIAL.

### VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS.

NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
ALL ISSUES OF
UNITED STATES STOCKS,
INCLUDING

6 PER CENT. BONDS OF 1881.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1862.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1864.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1865.
5 PER CENT. 10-40 BONDS.
7 3-10 PER CENT. TREASURY NOTES. 1ST, 2D AND 3D SERIES.
6 PER CENT. CURRENCY CERTIFICATES.

ORDERS from BANKS and BANKERS, for the PURCHASE and SALE of Government Stocks executed ON FAVORABLE TERMS and with DISPATCH. Also for all securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES OF 1864 BOUGHT and SOLD.

VERMILYE & CO.

STEPHEN H. CONDICT, New-York.
BYRON SHERMAN, New-York.
DAVID JENNINGS, Charleston, S. C.
WM. M. TUNNO, Savannah, Ga.

### CONDICT, SHERMAN & CO.,

BANKERS,
No. 17 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK,

Give special attention to collections throughout the Southern States. Solicit deposits, subject to check at sight, from banks, bankers and individuals, and allow interest by agreement. Execute orders promptly for the purchase and sale of gold, and of government and other securities.

Sell Foreign Exchange, and buy and sell Exchange on Charleston and Savannah.

D. JENNINGS & CO., Charleston, S. C.
W. M. TUNNO & CO., Savannah, Ga.

### CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD

STATE AID BONDS.
Interest at the rate of
SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM,
IN GOLD,
Payable semi-annually,
Guaranteed and paid by the
STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

The bonds are secured by a mortgage on 160 miles of road, from Sacramento to the California State line, forming part of the GREAT PACIFIC RAILROAD ROUTE, ADOPTED and AIDED by the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. They are further secured by a SINKING FUND of $50,000 PER ANNUM, reserved from the earnings of the road, and PLEDGED FOR THEIR REDEMPTION. They are a first-class security in every respect, and a limited amount will be offered upon terms which render them a VERY ATTRACTIVE and DESIRABLE INVESTMENT. For further particulars inquire at our office, No. 5 Nassau-st.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS.

### MANGAM & TALBERT,

BANKERS,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.
BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

### TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

No. 240 Broadway,
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE GOVERNMENT.
Bankers and dealers accounts solicited.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 9, 1866.

### GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS,
No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 28, 1865.

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS** of an act of the General Assembly, hereto annexed, proposals are invited and will be received for thirty days, expiring Jan. 31, 1866, for the purchase of one million dollars of bonds of the State, payable in twenty years, bearing interest, payable semi-annually, at the rate of eight per centum per annum, and secured by the pledge of all the proceeds of the sales of the public or swamp lands belonging to the State.

Bids will be received as low as one thousand dollars, to be addressed to the Governor of the State, and indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Bonds."

For the information of capitalists and others who may wish to invest in these bonds, a statement is annexed, prepared by the Register of the Land Office, showing the number of acres of swamp land remaining unsold, and from which, it will be seen, the security offered for the redemption of the bonds and the payment of the accruing interest, is ample and certain. With the present depreciation of paper currency below the standard of gold, these bonds offer inducements for investment of capital that cannot fail to be appreciated by the moneyed men of the country.

J. MADISON WELLS,
Governor of Louisiana.

[No. 35.]

An Act to authorize the Governor to issue the bonds of the State for the amount of one million of dollars and to provide for the payment of the same, to defray the expenses of building levees, in accordance with the contracts made by him and the Levee Commissioners appointed for that purpose.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened*, That the Governor of this State is hereby authorized to issue the bonds of the State, to be signed by him, and countersigned by the Secretary of State, and sealed with the seal of the State, in sums as he shall think proper, up to the amount of one million of dollars, payable in twenty years, and bearing interest, payable semi-annually, at the rate of eight per centum per annum.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.*, That the Governor, in conjunction with the Board of Levee Commissioners, shall advertise for thirty days in the official paper, and two other papers, published in the City of New-Orleans, for proposals for the purchase of the bonds issued under the provisions of this act; and upon the receipt of the bids the Governor and Board of Commissioners shall have the power to accept or reject the same, as they may deem best: provided that in the event of the bids being under par and rejected, the Governor and Board of Commissioners shall be and are hereby authorized to pledge said bonds, or any part thereof, to borrow the money necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, until the Legislature shall otherwise provide or direct.

SEC. 3. *Be further enacted, &c.*, That to secure the payment of the said bonds and all interest that may accrue thereon, all the proceeds of the sale of the public or swamp lands belonging to the State are hereby pledged.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted, &c.*, that if during the year, the proceeds of the sale of public or swamp lands belonging to the State so pledged for the redemption of said bonds after reserving an amount sufficient to meet the interest coupons, there should be a surplus, said surplus shall be applied to the purchase from the lowest bidder of such bonds issued under this act, and the Governor and the Commissioners or a majority of them, shall have the right of rejecting all bids, demanding more than the face of the bonds, for which purpose public notice shall be given by the Governor in the official gazette and one other gazette in or out of the State, for sixty days, inviting proposals from bondholders for the sale of the bonds herein described.

SEC. 5. That this act shall take effect from and after date.

(Signed) DUNCAN S. CAGE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) ALBERT VOORHIES,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved Dec. 22, 1865.
(Signed) J. MADISON WELLS,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
J. H. HARDY, Secretary of State.

Statement of unsold Swamp Lands in the different land offices of the State of Louisiana:

| District. | Unsold Swamp Lands on the 1st Nov, 1861. | Sold since Nov. 1, 1861. | Swamp Lands remaining unsold. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Southwestern | 2,002,286 57 | 75,506 36 | 1,926,780 21 |
| North Red River | 813,798 48 | 50,696 37 | 763,102 11 |
| Northwestern | 295,403 88 | 54,546 63 | 240,857 25 |
| Greensburg | 214,329 61 | 20,141 30 | 194,188 31 |
| Southeastern | 1,524,112 90 | 4,172 84 | 1,519,940 06 |
| Total | 4,849,931 44 | 205,063 50 | 4,644,867 94 |

ADOLPH DUPRE,
Register of Land Office.

**VALUABLE COAL LANDS FOR LEASE.—THE COAL RIDGE IMPROVEMENT AND COAL COMPANY** is prepared to lease their lands, situated near Mount Carmel, Northumberland County, Penn., containing 2,313 acres in one basin of about four miles in length, in which are the celebrated Mammoth, Skidmore and other veins of first quality of coal. The Mammoth and Back veins have been worked to some extent on both the north and south dips.

The Lehigh and Mahonoy Railroad passes through these lands, and will be prepared to carry coal on the opening of next season, making a direct outlet to Elizabethport and other shipping points near New-York. There are connections with the Mine Hill and Reading Roads, the Shamokin Valley and Northern Central Railroads, giving a Southern market to Baltimore, &c., &c.; also by the Sunbury and Erie Railroad to the lakes and New-York. There is abundance of timber on the lands for mining purposes.

*The whole tract will be embraced in one lease, if desired.* For further information, apply or direct to the office of the company, No. 329 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

JOS. C. WRIGHT, President.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE WILKESBARRE COAL AND IRON COMPANY, No. 16 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 3, 1866.

**THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK**holders of the WILKESBARRE COAL AND IRON COMPANY, for election of directors &c., will be held WEDNESDAY, 31st inst., at the office of the Wyoming Valley Canal Company, in the City of Philadelphia, at 1 o'clock. The polls will remain open until 2 o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed from Jan. 20 to Feb. 1, inclusive. By order of the board.

WM. H. TILLINGHAST, Secretary.

**AT AN ELECTION HELD ON THE 9TH** inst., the following-named gentlemen were elected DIRECTORS of "The Chemical National Bank of New-York" for the ensuing year, viz:

JOHN Q. JONES,
JOHN DAVID WOLFE,
ROBERT McCOSKRY,
JAS. A. ROOSEVELT,
GEORGE G. WILLIAMS.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 10th inst., John Q. Jones, Esq., was unanimously re-elected President.

G. G. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

**PARTIES HAVING BONDS OF THE CITY OF KEOKUK,** not represented in the settlement now being effected for same, may still avail of the terms offered, if presented soon to the undersigned. No provision is made for any bonds that may not be represented, or entitled to the present offer of compromise, and within the time prescribed, by said City of Keokuk. Apply to J. F. FRANKLIN, Special Agent City of Keokuk, No. 112 Broadway, New-York.

**NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE** stockholders of the SCHUYLKILL COAL COMPANY will be holden at the office of the company, No. 8 Wall-st., on Thursday, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

JAMES A. TIMPSON, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 15, 1866.

**CERTIFICATE LOST.—ON JAN. 19, BE**tween 4th and 10th avs., certificate No. 73, for 50 shares in British American Coal Company, in name of J. A. SNEDEN. A liberal reward will be paid for its delivery at No. 320 4th-av., New-York.

**WANTED—FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, AS** a loan for five years, for the use of which 10 per cent. will be paid per annum, and real estate security. For particulars address ENTERPRISE, Box No. 568 Post-office, Nashville, Tenn.

**TO CAPITALISTS.—A PARTY HAVING A** first-class Colorado gold property wishes to engage capital for its further development. Address ORO, Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

**MINING PROPERTIES EXAMINED** by Prof. HITCHCOCK, late of Amherst.
No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

## FINANCIAL.

### HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,

BANKERS,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL
U. S. 6 PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES,
AND ALL CLASSES OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.
MARCH, MAY, JULY AND NOVEMBER
Coupons Cashed in Gold.

We have also for sale a full assortment of

COMMERCIAL PAPER,

comprising the leading names of Houses in the DRY GOODS, COMMISSION and JOBBING, HAT and CAP, GROCERS, and other trades, at rates varying from

7 TO 15 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

BANKS and INVESTORS out of the city will be supplied with lists of names and rates, on application by mail

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY,** Office No. 74 Broadway, New-York City, for the year ending Dec. 31, 1865.

The whole amount of the capital stock of the Company is two million five hundred thousand dollars ($2,500,000,) all of which has been issued in payment for the land, leases and producing interests purchased by the Company. The amount of the Company's existing debts is to the best knowledge, information and belief of the Trustees, $43,850 (forty-three thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars)—$31,100 (thirty-one thousand one hundred dollars) of which sum is represented by bonds issued by the Company and secured by a mortgage upon the land owned by the Company.

E. J. LOWBER,
J. C. DAYTON,
EBEN BARTON,
JOHN CHADWICK,
JAS. H. KIDDER,
Majority of Trustees.

EDWARD J. LOWBER being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the UNITED REPUBLIC PETROLEUM COMPANY above named, and that the foregoing report and the matters therein stated are true.

EDWARD J. LOWBER.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of Jan., 1866.
EDWIN F. COREY, Jr., Notary Public.
[Five cent revenue stamp canceled.]

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE RACCOON MOUNTAIN COAL COMPANY**—Location of Mining business in the State of Tennessee.—The amount of the original cash capital of the Company was five thousand dollars, all paid in cash. The capital was afterward increased to six hundred thousand dollars; and stock for the full amount of such increase of capital was issued in payment for leasehold property in Tennessee, as heretofore reported, necessary for the business of the Company, as full stock, not liable to any further call or assessment. The amount of the existing debts of the Company at the present time does not exceed twenty-eight thousand dollars.

JAMES C. HASELTON, President.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 19, 1866.

JAMES C. HASELTON,
S. J. AGNEW,
E. J. BROWN,
D. R. MARTIN,
Majority of Trustees.

*State of New-York, City and County of New-York, ss.:* JAMES C. HASELTON, of the City of New-York, being duly sworn, says he is President of the above-named "Raccoon Mountain Coal Company," and that the above report is in all respects true.

JAMES C. HASELTON.

Sworn and subscribed this —— day of January, 1866, before me,
Z. PLATT, Notary Public.

**THE BURKSVILLE (KY.) OIL AND MINING COMPANY—ANNUAL REPORT.**—The amount of the capital of this company, and which has been issued for the purchase of oil lands, leases, and other property necessary for their business, and in payment therefor, and which has not been paid in, in cash, is $1,000,000.

Capital actually paid in, as above stated, is $1,000,000.
Amount of its existing debts, $4,800 84.

B. P. FAIRCHILD, President.
Dated NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

JOS. G. GILBERT,
B. P. FAIRCHILD,
ALEXANDER MUIR,
JOHN H. CHAMBERS,
S. H. GROSVENOR,
W. C. BRADLEY,
AMOS C. WHITE,
Majority of Trustees.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* CHARLES E. BROWN, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of the Burksville (Ky.) Oil and Mining Company, and that the foregoing report is true.

CHAS. E. BROWN.

Sworn to before me this 17th day of January, 1866.
D. B. DUDLEY, Notary Public, New-York City.

**THE NEW-YORK KENTUCKY OIL AND MINING COMPANY—ANNUAL REPORT.**—The amount of the capital of this company and which has been issued for the purchase of leases of oil lands, mining estates and property necessary for their business and in payment therefor, and which has not been paid in in cash is ........

Capital actually paid in as above stated is ........ $1,000,000 00
Amount of its existing debt ........ 1,000,000 00
........ 19,482 69

Dated NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

S. H. GROSVENOR, President.

ALEXANDER MINOR,
WM. H. PHELPS,
B. P. FAIRCHILD,
JOS. G. GILBERT,
S. H. GROSVENOR,
C. E. BROWN,
M. M. WHITE,
Majority of Trustees.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* JAMES H. GROSVENOR being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the New-York and Kentucky Oil and Mining Company, and that the foregoing report is true.

S. H. GROSVENOR.

Sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1866.
D. B. DUDLEY, Notary Public, New-York City.

**ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE COSMOS SILVER MINING COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.**

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

Amount of capital is $1,000,000, all of which has been issued in purchase of silver mines, mills, machinery, &c., for the use of the company.

The company has no liabilities.

GEORGE W. KENDALL, President.
HENRY A. JONES,
LINNÆUS C. HILL,
EZRA W. WORLSEY,
C. H. ZUGALLA,
Majority of Trustees.

*City and County of New-York, ss:* C. M. SILLIMAN, being sworn, says, that he is the Secretary of the Cosmos Silver Mining Company, and that the above statement is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

C. M. SILLIMAN, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1866.
CHARLES NETTLETON, Notary Public, for New-York County.

**ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MINERAL POINT PETROLEUM COAL AND IRON COMPANY,** as required by statute.—Amount of capital stock, one million dollars. The whole of the capital stock is full paid, having been issued for the purchase of mining property. The whole amount of existing debts of said company is ——.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 16, 1866.

JAMES M. MATHEWS,
J. M. ROBERTSON,
RICHARD HEATHER,
GEORGE JENNISON,
E. A. STANSBURY.

*City and County of New York, ss.*—JAMES M. MATHEWS of said city, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the Mineral Point Petroleum Coal and Iron Company, and that the above statement is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

J. M. MATHEWS.

Sworn to before me this 16th day of January, 1866.
MATHIAS BANTA, Commissioner of Deeds.
[U. S. Int. Rev. stamp, canceled.]

**REPORT OF THE NEW-YORK AND OWGHEE GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY,** made and published pursuant to statute:

First—The amount of the capital stock and the payments thereof.

The amount of capital fixed and limited by the company is $1,000,000, divided into ten thousand shares of $100 each; all of which has been issued and paid for.

Second—Amount of existing debts:

None whatever.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 19, 1866.

THOS. F. MASON, President.
L. E. RICE,
DAN'L PACKER,
GEO. T. HAPE.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* EDWARD B. FREELAND being duly sworn, doth depose and say that he is the Secretary of the New-York and Owghee Gold and Silver Mining Company, and that the above statement is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

EDWARD B. FREELAND.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1866.

CHARLES NETTLETON,
Notary Public for New-York County.

**REPORT OF THE DURANGO SILVER MINES,** made and published pursuant to statute:

Amount of capital stock, 50,000 shares, of $100 each ........ $5,000,000
Amount of capital paid in, 48,950 shares ........ 4,895,000
Amount of indebtedness ........ 15,000

NEW-YORK, Jan. 19, 1866.

(Signed.) R. H. VAN AUKEN, President.
(Signed.) MARK BRUMAGIM, Trustee.
(Signed.) E. KETCHAM, Trustee.
(Signed.) SEYMOUR BURRELL, Trustee.

*City and County of New York, ss.:* WM. R. GARRISON being duly sworn, says that he is the Secretary of the Company of the Durango Silver Mines, and that the foregoing report is true, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

(Signed.) WM. R. GARRISON, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1866.
WM. W. KIP, Notary Public.

OFFICE OF THE SUN OIL COMPANY,
No. 229 Broadway, New-York.

**THE TRUSTEES OF THE SUN OIL COMPANY,** as required by statute, make the following annual statement and report:

The capital stock of the company is $200,000. The whole of the capital stock is full paid, having been issued for the purchase of mining property. The whole amount of existing debts of said company is $3,825.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 15, 1866.

JNO. M. ROBERTSON, President.
WM. H. WILEY,
STEPHEN B. BRAGUE,
S. B. WING,
Trustees.

*City and County of New-York, ss.*—LEMAN B. WING, of said city, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is Secretary of the Sun Oil Company, and that the above statement is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

L. B. WING, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this 15th day of January, 1866.
S. L. MACOMBER, Notary Public, City and County of New-York.

**IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS** of the laws of the State of New-York, the TOMLINSON-DEMAREST COMPANY, of New-York, report as the assets of the Company, consisting of cash, merchandise and debts due it, deemed good, amount to $63,339 55. The liabilities of the Company are: Capital stock, which is all paid in, $40,000 00; debts due by the Company, $23,339 55; Total $63,339 55.

CORNELIUS VAN HORN, President.
C. VAN HORN,
JOHN A. GIFFORD,
A. T. DEMAREST,
A majority of the Trustees.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1866.

*State, City and County of New-York, ss.:* On the 19th day of January, A. D., 1866, personally appeared before me A. T. Demarest, whose name is inscribed to the above statement, and being by me duly sworn, stated that he is the Secretary of the Tomlinson-Demarest Company, and that the above statement by him made is true and correct.

J. D. REYMERT, Notary Public, N. Y. City.

**LOST—IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF THE** Liverpool Exchange, on Saturday, Dec. 30, 1865, Four United States 5-20 bonds of $1,000 each,

No. 24,502, issued to Jay Cook.
No. 92,184, issued to Fisk & Hatch,
No. 18,949, issued to B. Terrey,
No. 18,950, issued to E. Terrey.

All dated Washington, May 1, 1862.

Apply to J. KING & SONS, No. 13 Exchange-alley, Liverpool, or CAMMANN & CO., 56 Wall-st., New-York.

**NOTICE.—A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE** Stockholders of the Duck Creek Petroleum Company of New-York, will be held in Room No. 14 of the Astor House, New-York, on TUESDAY, Jan. 23, at 3½ o'clock P. M., punctually, at which the report of the Investigating Committee will be submitted.

W. JAFFRAY, Treasurer.

**$100 REWARD.—MISSING—FIVE ILLINOIS** State bonds, $1,000 each, Nos. 1,174, 1,175, 1,176, 1,177 and 1,178. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating the same. The above reward will be paid, and no questions asked, for their return, by JAS. L. BERRIEN, No. 388 Broome-st., corner Bowery.

**STOLEN—A LARGE NUMBER OF CHECKS ON** New-York and Brooklyn banks, from the Messenger of the Farmers' and Citizens' National Bank of Brooklyn; they are stamped on the back by said bank. All persons are cautioned against receiving such checks.

H. W. REDFIELD, Cashier.

## FINANCIAL.

H. CLEWS.
WM. R. BEND.
GEO. H. BEND.
THEO. S. FOWLER.

### HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

(Successors to Livermore, Clews & Co.,)
BANKERS,
No. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES
PURCHASED AND FOR SALE.

All kinds on hand, ready for instant delivery, at the lowest market price.

DEPOSITS IN CURRENCY AND GOLD RECEIVED.

Accounts of banks, bankers and individuals solicited.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL DAILY BALANCES which may be checked for without notice.

Collections made promptly on all points.

Orders for stocks, bonds and gold executed on commission.

Gold for payment of duties for sale in sums to suit.

### JOHN MUNROE & CO.

AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,

issue circular letters of credit for travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

### SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,

NO. 29 BROADWAY,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT,
for use in all the principal cities in the ISLAND OF CUBA.

**THE NEW-YORK AND GALENA LEAD MINING COMPANY** report that the capital of the Company consists of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, all of which has been issued in stock in payment for mineral lands of the company, necessary for the company. There is no existing debt against the company.

DAVID R. GARNISS,
ADDISON PHILLEO,
PAUL LESTRADE,
Trustees.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* M. L. SHELDON, of said city, being duly sworn, saith that he is the Secretary of the above company, and that the above report is true.

M. L. SHELDON, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1866.
WM. S. HASCALL,
Notary Public City and County of New-York.

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PINE MOUNTAIN CONSOLIDATED GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY.**

The capital of this company is $3,000,000. The whole amount is paid in. The stock was all issued on the purchase of the mining property, in payment therefor. It owes no debts.

J. S. CHRISTIE, Vice-President.
E. MORE, R. H. VANCE, GEORGE GOODYEAR,
W. H. CHRISTIE, Trustees.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* F. K. McCULLY, being duly sworn, says he is Secretary of the above company, and that the above is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

F. K. McCULLY, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this 17th day of January, 1866.
A. W. NICOLL, Notary Public, New-York County.

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MENDOTA MINING COMPANY,** of Lake Superior:

Capital stock 100,000 shares; par value $5.
Paid for property ........ 67,500 shares ........ $100,000
Sold at par and above for $150,988 24 ........ 28,210 shares
Working capital unissued ........ 4,290 shares—100,000
Amount of existing debt ........ $25,000
Unpaid current expenditures at mines—estimated ........ 5,000

ASSETS:

Cash on hand ........ $25,954 76
Stock on hand 4,290 shares at $5 ........ 21,450 00
Property other than mines and real estate, estimated under cost ........ 70,000 00—$117,404 76

(Signed) C. S SEXTON, President.
GEO. L. EIGEBRODT,
H. G. STEBBINS,
C. A. GRYMES,
J. H. WAINWRIGHT,
Directors.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* CHARLES J. WELLS, Secretary of the Mendota Mining Company of Lake Superior, being duly sworn, doth depose and say that the foregoing report is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

CHAS. J. WELLS, Secretary.

Sworn to this 19th day of January, 1866, before me,
CHRISTIAN VON HESSE, Notary Public, N. Y. City.
[Int. Rev. Stamp 5 cents canceled.]

**STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE AMERICAN UMBRELLA FRAME COMPANY.**—Capital $200,000, all paid in.

Machinery ........ $102,000 00
Bills receivable, book accounts, &c. ........ 23,589 21
Assets, merchandise manufactured and in process of manufacture, and other property ........ 122,831 19
Cash on hand ........ 4,830 57—$253,250 97
Capital stock ........ $200,000 00
Bills payable ........ 51,052 67
Due for labor, salaries, &c ........ 1,583 21
Tax ........ 615 09—$253,250 97

*State of New-York, City and County of New-York ss.:* A. STEWART BLACK, being by me duly sworn according to law, on his oath saith, that he affiant is President of the American Umbrella Frame Company of New-York, and that the foregoing statement of the affairs of the said company up to Jan. 10, 1866, inclusive, is just and true.

A. STEWART BLACK.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th January, 1866.

J. B. NONES,
Notary Public, New-York City.

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE EMPIRE CITY PETROLEUM COMPANY,** office No. 74 Broadway, New-York City, for the year ending Dec. 31, 1865.

The whole amount of the capital stock of the company is $1,000,000, all of which has been issued in payment for the land, leases and producing interests purchased by the company.

The amount of the company's existing debts is to the best knowledge, information and belief of the trustees, less than twelve thousand dollars, ($12,000.)

J. C. DAYTON,
H. B. SHELDON,
E. WILSON,
G. W. MANN,
EBEN BARTON.
Majority of Trustees.

[Five cent Revenue stamp canceled.]

JESSE C. DAYTON being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of the Empire City Petroleum Company above named, and that the foregoing report and the matters therein stated are true.

J. C. DAYTON.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1866.
FREDERIC BULL, Notary Public.

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CONNECTICUT AND NEVADA PLACER MINING COMPANY.**—Office, No. 47 Liberty-st., New-York.

Amount of capital stock issued for the purchase of mines and mining property ........ $1,200,000
Amount of existing debts ........ None.

ROGER AVERILL,
G. W. BEARD,
CHARLES CURTISS,
S. M. BEARD,
WM. A. CUMMINGS,
H. LYNDE HARRISON,
M. F. MERRITT,
Majority of Trustees.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* FREDERICK G. WHEELER, being sworn, says that he is the Secretary of the said company, and that the above report is true.

F. G. WHEELER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 19th day of January, 1866.

CHARLES NETTLETON,
Notary Public for New-York County.
[Revenue stamp, 5 cents.]

**REPORT OF THE VENANGO AND JERSEY CITY OIL AND COAL COMPANY:**

Capital stock is in one hundred thousand shares, par value at $5, $500,000. Seventy thousand shares issued in payment of property. Balance thirty thousand shares reserved for working capital. Debt not exceeding $2,000.

JOHN OWEN ROUSE, President.
J. S. HOWELL,
A. S. STIGER,
J. T. BECKWITH,
C. A. MORFORD,
J. OWEN ROUSE,
Trustees.

NEW-YORK CITY, Jan. 19, 1866.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* B. N. PICKELL being duly sworn, says that he is Secretary of the Venango and Jersey City Oil and Coal Company, and that the foregoing report is true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

B. N. PICKELL, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1866.
T. A. WHITTAKERS, Notary Public.
[Int. Rev. Stamp, Five Cents, Canceled.]

**ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE FROST PETROLEUM COMPANY,** Jan. 1, 1866, as required by the laws of the State of New-York. Capital, $250,000; capital stock sold, $247,150. There are no debts existing against the company.

J. K. SMYTH, President.
CHAS. W. COPELAND,
M. F. HUNT,
RICH'D AMERMAN,
CHAS. PRATT.

[U. S. Int. Rev. Stamp, 5 cents, canceled.]

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* On this 19th day of January, A. D. 1866, personally appeared before me RICHARD AMERMAN, who, being duly sworn, did depose and say that he is the Secretary of the Frost Petroleum Company, and that the above statement is correct and true.

RICH'D AMERMAN.

Sworn before me, this 19th day of January, A. D. 1866.
HORATIO P. CARR, Notary Public, New-York City.

**REPORT OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY,** made and published pursuant to statute.

Amount of capital stock, 120,000 shares at $100
Amount paid in, 108,720 shares ........ $12,000,000
Amount of indebtedness ........ 10,872,000
........ 2,632,250

NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

EDWARD DUGDALE, President.
EDWARD HAIGHT, Trustee.
DAVID B. TURNER, Trustee.

*City and County of New-York, ss.:* WALTER TITUS being duly sworn, says that he is the Secretary of the Mariposa Company, and that the foregoing report is true.

WALTER TITUS, Secretary.

Sworn before me this 17th day of January, 1866.
E. KETCHUM, Notary Public, City and County of New York.
[Int. Rev. Stamp, 5 cents, canceled.]

OFFICE OF THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 76 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 20, 1866.

**AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF** this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, Feb. 5, 1866. Poll will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.

JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

**NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE** stockholders of the American Honduras Company, for the election of trustees, will take place at the office of the company, No. 25 Nassau-st., on MONDAY, Jan. 29, at 2 o'clock P. M.

HENRY QUINPEL, Jr., Sec'y.

**RAILROAD NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY** given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad Company, for the election of Directors, will take place at the office of the company, Dubuque, Iowa, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, Feb. 12, 1866.

LOUIS BOISOT, Secretary.
DUBUQUE, Jan. 2, 1866.

**COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States**—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank

## REMOVALS.

**REMOVAL.—ALEX. M. LESLEY HAS REmoved to No. 859 Broadway and Union-square, corner of 17th-st., and solicits a continuance of trade in the Phœnix gas stoves, Gothic furnaces, kerosene stoves, refrigerators and housekeeping articles generally.

ALEX. M. LESLEY, No. 859 Broadway, N. Y.

## INSURANCE.

**A PERSON OF FIFTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE** in Fire and Inland Insurance, and fully competent to take charge of any department of the business, desires a position at a reasonable salary. Address G. D., No. 63 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

## HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

**REMOVAL.—C. WITTY HAS REMOVED HIS** carriage warerooms from No. 450 Broadway to No. 638 Broadway, near Bleecker-street. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed, and will endeavor at all times to have on hand the largest assortment of carriages, and at lower prices than any establishment in this city.

**LAW BUSINESS.—CLAIMS, COLLECTED, &c.**—H. C. PLATT, attorney and counselor, No. 260 Broadway. Business in person or by mail carefully attended to. Divorces procured. Will practice in any court in New-York or Connecticut.

## DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 8 PINE-ST., Jan. 2, 1866.

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY** have this day declared a cash Dividend of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, being TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE on the CAPITAL STOCK of the company, payable on the 15th inst. Transfer books will be closed from the 11th to the 15th, both days inclusive.

AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

OFFICE LAFAYETTE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 347 FULTON-ST.,
BROOKLYN, Jan. 9, 1866.

**DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent., free of government tax, payable on and after the 15th inst.

J. B. THOMPSON, Jr., Secretary.

**TWELFTH DIVIDEND.**
STANDARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 11 Wall-st.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 9, 1866.

The usual semi-annual dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.

has this day been declared, payable on demand, free of tax.

WILLIAM M. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

NIAGARA
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE No. 12 WALL-ST.
JANUARY 10, 1866.
THIRTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.

The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of SIX PER CENT. (reserving all unexpired premiums,) payable on and after MONDAY, 15th inst.

P. NOTMAN, Secretary.
J. D. STEELE, President.

**BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION,**
No. 237 BROADWAY, ENTRANCE ON PARK-PLACE.

DIVIDEND.—The trustees of this institution have directed that the usual dividend on deposits entitled thereto, for the six months ending Dec. 31, at the rate of six per cent. per annum on sums not exceeding $500, and five per cent. over $500 (free from Government tax), will be paid on and after Monday, January 15, 1866.

FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y.
PETER CUMMING, Acc't.

**RUTGERS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,**
NO. 180 CHATHAM-SQUARE.

DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent., free of government tax, will be paid on the first day of February next.

By order of the Board of Directors.

E. B. FELLOWS, Secretary.

24TH DIVIDEND. OFFICE OF THE
**MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE CO.,**
No. 166 Broadway, New-York.
Jan. 4, 1866.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of four (4) per cent. on the capital stock, free of government tax, payable on and after MONDAY, Jan. 8.

WM. A. ANDERSON, Secretary.

**TWENTY-SECOND DIVIDEND.**
OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
BROOKLYN, Jan. 16, 1866.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Eight (8) per Cent., free of government tax, payable on and after the 20th inst., at their office No. 139 Broadway, New-York.

PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

**NEW-JERSEY ZINC COMPANY.**

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held this day a dividend of Eight Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock was declared payable on and after Feb. 1, prox., at the transfer office of the Company, No. 61 Maiden-lane, New-York.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 25th inst. to 30th inst., both days inclusive.

JAN. 17, 1866.
B. S. GIBLIN, Sec'y.

**FIFTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND.**
NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 114 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 9, 1866.

The Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared an interest dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable on demand.

R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

**DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have declared a Semi-annual Dividend from the earnings of the road for six months ending 31st December ultimo, of THREE AND ONE-HALF Per Cent. on the PREFERRED STOCK.

Also, a Dividend of FOUR Per Cent. on the COMMON CAPITAL STOCK.

Both payable, less the government tax, on MONDAY, the 5th day of February, at the Treasurer's Office, Erie-place, to the registered holders of stock at the closing of the books.

The transfer books of both classes of stock will be closed on Saturday, the 20th inst., and be reopened on Wednesday, the 7th of February.

HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

**NOTICE.—OFFICE OF THE SPRING MOUNTAIN COAL COMPANY, NO. 111 BROADWAY.**
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1865.

The Board of Directors of this Company, after reserving the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from the profits—pursuant to circular of Oct. 2, 1865, have this day declared a dividend of Five per cent. out of its surplus profits, payable at the office of the company on and after Jan. 20, 1866. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 20th January, inclusive.

By order of the board.

CHAS. RUNYON, Secretary.

CENTRAL COAL MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, ROOM No. 51 TRINITY BUILDING,
No. 111 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 10, 1866.

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) per cent., payable on and after the 25th day of January. The transfer books will be closed from Jan. 15th to 27th, inclusive. By order of the Board.

F. P. WHITE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO., NEW YORK, January 11, 1866.

**THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THIS** Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. out of the profits of the company, payable, free of Government tax, on and after the 1st day of February next, at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st.

The transfer books are now closed, and will remain closed until Monday, 29th inst. By order of the Board,

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

**DIVIDEND.—THIS INSITUTION HAS DE**clared a dividend of Six Per Cent., free from tax, on all sums entitled thereto, and of Five Per Cent. on other amounts, payable on and after the 20th of January. Dividends not drawn will remain at interest as principal.

THOS. B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 283 BOWERY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 2, 1866.

**DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES HAVE DE**clared a semi-annual dividend (free from government tax) of FIVE and SIX per cent. per annum on all sums entitled thereto, for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1865, payable on and after Jan. 20.

CHAS. PECK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION CO.,
OFFICE No. 2 NASSAU-ST., CORNER WALL,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

**DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of this Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. (free of government tax) payable on and after Feb. 1. Transfer books will remain closed until 2d February.

H. J. SOUTHMAYD, Treasurer.

**SIXTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.—THE UNITED STATES FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY** have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per cent., free of government tax, payable on demand, and carried Three (3) per cent. to surplus account, out of the earnings of the last six months.

SURPLUS JAN. 1, 1866, $120,000.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 3, 1866.
W. W. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 153 Broadway, New-York, Jan. 18, 1866.

**DIVIDEND.—THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST** Dividend of Three and a half Per Cent. on the capital stock, (free of government tax,) has this day been declared, payable on demand.

D. F. CURRY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 11, 1866.

**A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN** per cent. has been declared, payable on demand, at the office of the company, No. 68 Wall-st. By order of the Board.

ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Jan. 15, 1866.

**A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.** free of government tax, will be paid by this Company at the usual places, on and after Feb. 1, next. The transfer books will be closed from Jan. 20 to Feb. 2. By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. H. RUSSELL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE BIGELOW BLUE STONE CO.,
MALDEN, Ulster Co., N. Y., Jan. 8, 1866.

**SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND, NO. 3.**—A dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock was this day declared, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after Feb. 1, 1866.

H. BOGARDUS, Secretary.

THE FIREMEN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 200 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 11, 1866.

**A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND A HALF** per Cent. has been declared payable on demand, free of government tax.

HENRY BEECKMAN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE LONG ISLAND INSURANCE CO.,
FULTON-ST., CORNER FRONT-ST.,
BROOKLYN, Jan. 6, 1866.

**DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER** Cent. (free of government tax) has this day been declared, payable on demand.

WM. W. HENSHAW, Sec.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1865.

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVING** decided to change the dividends from March and September to January and July, have this day declared a dividend of 5 per cent. free from government tax, payable Jan. 8. The transfer books will close 3d and open 10th January.

B. SEAMAN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 130 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 10, 1866.

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY** declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five Per Cent., payable on demand, free of government tax.

SAMUEL M. CRAFT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HOFFMAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 161 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Jan. 9, 1866.

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) per Cent., free of government tax, payable on the 20th inst.

JOSEPH W. WILDEY, Secretary.

**DIVIDEND.—THE BANK OF KENTUCKY HAS** declared a semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent., payable to the New-York stockholders on and after FRIDAY, Jan. 12, at the Bank of America.

**DIVIDEND.—THE FARMERS' BANK OF KENTUCKY** has declared a semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent., payable to the New-York stockholders on demand, at the Bank of America.

## FURNITURE.

**FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.**

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS. (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

**FOR SALE—A BLACK WALNUT BOOK-CASE,** of superior workmanship, made to order, on Parisian design; also fine bronzes, and a large and choice assortment of French and English books elegantly and uniformly bound; a desirable collection for an amateur. Apply at No. 161 East 12th-st.

**BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE** of warranted manufacture. Also solid Chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st. opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

## AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

**UNITED STATES AUCTION SALE.**

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

Will sell on FRIDAY, Jan. 26, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Revenue Cutter Storehouse, Quarantine, Staten Island, by order of

C. P. CLINCH, Esq., S. D. Collector of the port,

1 32-pounder iron rifled gun.
4 32-pounder light shell guns.
2 32-pounder heavy shell guns.
Gun carriages and slides.
Boxes shell and shot.
1 iron armor, weight 3,200 pounds.
Iron forge, &c., &c., &c.

Also, by order of the

LIGHTHOUSE BOARD.

Scrap iron, copper, brass and composition.
About 4,600 lighthouse lamp chimnies.

Also, by order of

SIMEON DRAPER, Esq., U. S. Cotton Agent.

The wooden sheds built for storing cotton.
Lot of damaged cotton and pickings.
Lot of junk; 32 cotton trucks.

Terms cash; catalogues may be obtained of the auctioneers.

**SALE OF CONDEMNED ORDNANCE STORES.**—Will be sold, at public auction, at Indianapolis Arsenal, Indianapolis, Indiana, on the 20th day of February, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., a large quantity of ordnance stores of inferior quality, consisting in part of the following articles, viz.:

974 carbines, various kinds.
36,000 muskets and rifles, new and old, United States and foreign, of various calibres.
503 Starr's army revolvers, serviceable.
276 Savage's navy revolvers, new, and others, with a large lot of spare parts for the repair of small arms of various patterns.
430 cavalry sabre belts, worn.
724 cavalry saddles, worn.
1,090 cavalry bridles, worn.
268 belt holsters for pistols, worn.
200 cartridge boxes for pistols, worn.
1,153 cartridge boxes for carbines, worn.
300 slings for carbines, worn.
158 sets of artillery harness, worn.
47,000 sets of infantry accoutrements, worn.

Also a large lot of appendages for the various kinds of muskets and rifles.

Samples to be seen at the Indianapolis Arsenal and at the United States Ordnance Agency, No. 45 Worth-st., New-York City.

*Terms of sale, cash.*

JAS. M. WHITTEMORE,
Captain and Brevet Major Ord. Commanding.

GOVERNMENT SALE
OF
**CONDEMNED ORDNANCE STORES.**

Will be sold at public auction, by order of the Secretary of War, at the United States Arsenal, Columbus, Ohio, on MONDAY, Jan. 22, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A.M., and days following:

14 sets artillery harness, wheel.
28 sets artillery harness, lead.
149 Austrian carbines, cal. 71, new.
186 carbines, various patterns.
485 United States smooth-bore muskets, cal. 69.
730 Austrian rifle muskets, cal. 54, new.
4,000 Russian rifle muskets, cal. 71, new.
4,000 Russian smooth-bore muskets, cal. 71, new.
925 muskets and rifles, foreign, various.
117 double-barreled shot guns.
790 revolver pistols, various patterns.
19 foot artillery swords.
2,015 light cavalry sabres.
14 horse artillery sabres.
39 musicians' and N. C. officers' swords.
4,429 bullet molds, various.
15,900 ball screws, screw drivers, wipers, &c.
49 sets horse equipments, cavalry, complete.
133 cavalry saddles, McClellan pattern.
168 saddle blankets.
51 cavalry bridles.
151 surcingles.
30,000 bayonet scabbards.
30,000 cap pouches.
35,000 cartridge boxes, infantry, and plates.
26,000 cartridge box belts and plates.
25,000 gun slugs.
1,000 sword belts, N. C. officers', and plates.
30,000 waist belts, privates', and plates.
83,500 percussion caps for shot guns.
8,240 cones, various.
255 lbs. hemp rope.
132 lbs. beeswax.
1 Horse.

Also,

Lot of pickaxes, felling axes, shovels, mattocks, pole yokes, &c., &c.

Full catalogues will be ready at sale.

Terms of sale, cash in government funds.

Articles to be removed immediately, at expense of purchaser. By order.

T. C. BRADFORD, Capt. Ord. Br. Maj. U. S. A.,
Commanding Arsenal.

**GOVERNMENT SALE.**

Extensive sale of dry goods, bedding, &c., in original packages, will be sold at auction, at the Medical Purveyor's Warehouse, No. 17 Market-st., Nashville, on TUESDAY, Feb. 6, 1866.

BEDDING.

2,000 hair mattresses, jointed.
15,000 hair pillows.
47,000 bed ticks.
22,000 counterpanes, linen and marseilles.
20,000 mosquito bars.
51,000 pillow cases.
45,000 pillow ticks.
80,000 sheets, linen and cotton.

CLOTHING.

42,000 shirts.
40,000 drawers.
25,000 dressing gowns.
19,000 socks.
10,000 slippers.
10,000 night caps.

SUNDRIES.

34,000 towels, full size, huckaback.
17,000 roller towels, crash.
1,000 napkins.
2,000 yards red flannel.
2,400 yards gutta percha cloth.
4,000 gutta percha blankets.
1,000 Indian rubber cushions and pillows.
1,000 canvas hammocks.
1,000 canvas blanket cases.
10,000 pounds oakum and tow.
Cotton bats, cotton wadding, tape, &c.

☞ A small portion of the foregoing articles are second-hand, and will be sold separately. The greater part are new and in original packages. Catalogues may be had on application.

ROBERT FLETCHER,
Surgeon and Brevet Colonel U. S. Vols.,
Medical Purveyor U. S. A.

**GOVERNMENT SALES.**

SALE OF RESERVED HORSES.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12, 1865.

The Quartermaster-General of the Army directs that all government horses now at Giesboro, D. C., be sold to the highest bidders.

SALES will therefore take place at GIESBORO, D. C., beginning on

THURSDAY NEXT, Dec. 14, 1865,

and continuing on each TUESDAY and THURSDAY thereafter, until all are disposed of.

A boat will leave the Sixth-street wharf every hour on the days of sale.

These horses have been carefully selected, and are superior to any heretofore offered for sale.

Animals will be sold singly.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

TERMS—Cash in United States currency.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Brevet-Brigadier-General in charge
First Division Q. M. G. O.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 19 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, Jan. 19, 1866.

**IN PURSUANCE OF ORDERS OF THE** War Department, I will sell at public auction, at 1 P. M. on the 25th inst., at Hart's Island,

THE PRISON BARRACKS, WITH THE FENCES, COOK-HOUSES, SINKS, PLATFORMS, PLANK WALKS, &C., PERTAINING THERETO.

The entire length of the barracks is 1,846 feet; height of rear wall, 17 feet; depth, 16 feet. There are three tier of bunks, and one table running the entire length of the barracks. The platform for the guard is 1,592 feet long; length of fence, 260 feet, height, 18 feet, four mess-houses, each 30 feet long, 16 feet wide and 13 feet high; two sinks, 60 and 132 feet long, and approaches thereto; 25 doors and 90 windows in the mess-rooms and barracks.

The buildings were all built of good merchantable lumber, and are in good order and condition. They were completed last September.

The property will be sold in lots.

Terms of sale, cash. A deposit of five per cent. of purchase money to be made to the auctioneer at the time of the sale.

A steamer will leave the government dock at Castle Garden at 11 A. M. on the day of sale, for the transportation of parties wishing to attend.

Further information can be obtained, and plans of the buildings seen at the office of the Quartermaster, at Hart's Island, and of the undersigned.

The government reserves the right of declining all bids received, if they are considered unfair and disadvantageous.

By order of
Brevet Maj.-Gen. STEWART VAN VLIET,
Chief Quartermaster D. E.
B. C. MORGAN, Brevet Major and A. Q. M.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Jan. 9, 1866.

**SALE OF NAVY POWDERS AT THE NAVY-YARD, PHILADELPHIA.**

There will be sold to the highest bidder, at public auction, at noon of the 22d day of January, 1866, at the office of the Inspector of Ordnance, at the Philadelphia Navy-yard, by sample, five thousand three hundred and thirty-two (5,332) barrels of Navy Powders.

Terms cash in government funds, one-half to be deposited at the end of sale, and the remainder within ten days afterward, during which time the powders must be removed from the Fort Mifflin magazine, otherwise they will revert to the government.

H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

**LARGE SALE OF CONDEMNED CLOTHING, CAMP and GARRISON EQUIPAGE.**

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, under the direction of Capt. D. G. Thomas, M. S. K., at the Government Warehouse, corner 17th and H sts., Washington, D. C., on MONDAY, Jan. 29, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., a large lot of condemned clothing, &c., consisting of

Drums, sashes, books, jackets, blankets, bedsacks, leggins, havelocks, cap covers, rubber blankets, rubber ponchos, axes, pickaxes, hatchets, spades, shovels, kettles, knapsacks, haversacks, hospital tents, wall tents, Sibley tents, common tents, flags, coats, caps, pack saddles, vests, trowsers, shirts, turbans, &c.

The sale will be continued from day to day until the stores are sold.

The store must be removed within five days from date of sale. Terms cash, in government funds.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brevet Major-General and Chief Quartermaster, Depot of Washington.

**AUCTION SALE OF SERVICEABLE AND DAMAGED HOSPITAL PROPERTY.**

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15, 1866.

Will be sold at the Judiciary-square Warehouses, E and 5th sts., in this city, on TUESDAY, the 23d of January, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., a large quantity of serviceable and damaged hospital property, consisting of sheets, drawers, pillow-cases, bed-sacks, towels, gowns, blankets, shirts, musquito nets, tin plates and wash-basins, knives and forks, spoons, &c. Also, one fire-proof safe.

Terms cash. Property to be removed in forty-eight hours from termination of sale.

C. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon U. S. A., Medical Purveyor.

NAVAL STOREKEEPER'S OFFICE,
UNITED STATES NAVY-YARD,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 16, 1866.

**AUCTION SALE.—BY ORDER OF COMMODORE C. H. BELL,** United States Navy, Commandant of this station, I shall offer for sale at the navy-yard, on MONDAY, Jan. 22, at 12 o'clock, the following articles, viz.:

Condemned tools, hardware, boats, coal and cinders from brass furnaces, oil and turpentine barrels, paints, brushes, &c., &c.

EDWARD HOOKER,
Acting Vol. Lieut. Commander,
Naval Storekeeper.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

**ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—ELEGANT HOUSE**hold furniture, French plate mantles and pier mirrors, [illegible] and muslin curtains, sheets, table covers, mattresses, &c.

On WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 91 Liberty-st., a large lot of the above-named goods. Also, fine china, glass and other ware, lamps, vases, kitchen utensils, [illegible] and now on examination. Also [illegible]

## AUCTION SALES.

EXTENSIVE SALE
OF
**GOVERNMENT ROLLING STOCK.**

MILITARY DIVISION OF THE TENNESSEE, CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE U. S. MILITARY RAILROADS,
NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 9, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, at Memphis, Tenn., WEDNESDAY, Feb. 7, 1866, the following described rolling stock, viz:

(4) Four locomotive engines, five feet guage, (three old and dismantled, one repairable.)
(16) Sixteen box and (9) nine flat cars, more or less, five feet guage.

SAME TIME AND PLACE.

(1) One locomotive engine, five feet guage, lying in the ditch on the line of the Mississippi Central Railroad 12 miles north of Grand Junction.

At Nashville, Tenn., WEDNESDAY, Feb. 14, 1866, will be sold the following described rolling stock, all of five feet guage and in good running order, viz:

(1) One locomotive engine, Lyman & Souther, builders.
(18) Eighteen locomotive engines, R. Morris & Son, builders.
(1) One locomotive engine, Rodgers' L. & M. Works, builders.
(1) One locomotive engine, Sumbourn & Smith, builders.
(1) One locomotive tender.
(200) Two hundred flat and box cars, more or less.

SAME TIME AND PLACE.

(5) Five locomotive engines, unserviceable.
Boilers and running gears for two (2) dummy engines unserviceable.
(5) Five spans, 150 feet each, McCallum Truss Bridge.
(2) Two spans bridge, 50 feet each.
(133) One hundred and thirty-three perch first and second class cut stone, comprising foundation of round-house.

Will also be sold, on above-mentioned date, at Memphis and Nashville, the balance of military railroad property remaining undisposed of at that time.

Sales will commence at each place at 10 o'clock A. M., and continue until all the property is disposed of.

TERMS OF SALE.

Cash, in government funds; or, when purchased by Railroad Companies, on credit (if desired) of not exceeding two years, payable in monthly installments with interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent. per annum, secured by bond, satisfactorily to the government, for double the amount of the property purchased.

Full descriptions of the engines can be obtained on application to Capt. S. R. Hamill, A. Q. M., Nashville, Tenn.

F. J. CRILLY,
Brevet-Maj. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

**MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL AT** auction on SATURDAY, Jan. 20, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom:

Elegant rosewood, black walnut and mahogany furniture; rosewood suites, in reps and brocatel; carved rosewood centre tables, with marble tops; easy chairs and lounges to match; French bedsteads; black walnut carved secretary; office furniture; black walnut and oak desks, copying presses, &c., &c.

Also,

Carpets, chairs, mattresses, lace curtains, &c., &c.

A portion of the above furniture was made by Meeks, of this city.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer—Office, No. 28 Pine-st.

**THURSDAY, JAN. 25, AT 12 O'CLOCK,** at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

2 lots of land, with a two-story attic and basement brick house, south side 73d-st., 150 feet west 3d-av.
10 lots of land south side 73d-st., commencing 400 feet west 3d-av.
3 lots of land south side 73d-st., commencing 100 feet east 4th-av.
4 lots of land east side 4th-av., commencing southeast corner 73d-st.
7 lots of land north side 72d-st., commencing 325 feet west 3d-av.

Maps and full particulars at the office.

## SAVINGS BANKS.

**ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,**

Chatham-square, opposite Mott-st., New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED,
Free of Government Tax.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 20, *will receive interest as from Jan. 1.*

**CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,**
NO. 58 BOWERY, CORNER CANAL-ST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from Government Tax, allowed on sums of $500 and under, and five per cent. on larger amounts. Deposits made on or before Jan. 20 will bear interest from Jan. 1.

Open every day for the reception of deposits and payments of money, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons, from 5 to 7 o'clock. Bank books in German, French and English.

GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

**SIX PER CENT.—FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.**

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.
PRESENT DEPOSITS, $2,350,000.

SIX PER CENT. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $1,000, free from government tax.

All moneys deposited on or before Jan. 20 will draw interest from the 1st.

BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

**METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,**
(LATE MARINERS,)
NO. 1 THIRD-AVENUE.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID FREE FROM TAX.

Deposits made on or before the 20th of January draw interest from 1st January.

BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7 o'clock.

**UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,**
NO. 429 CANAL-ST.
INTEREST SIX PER CENT., FREE OF TAX.
Deposits before Jan. 21 draw interest from Jan. 1.

**NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, CORNER** of 14th-st. and 8th-av.—Open DAILY, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Mondays and Thursdays from 5 to 8 P. M. Six per cent. interest, free from government tax. Deposits made on or before Jan. 20 will draw interest from Jan. 1.

THOS. CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Sec'y.

**FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, CORNER** of 42d-st. and 8th-av.—Interest Six per Cent. Deposits made on or before Jan. 20 draw interest from Jan. 1.

SAMUEL NEWBY, President.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

**SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.**—William Donnelly and Hannah W., his wife, against Mary Tordoff, Henry Tordoff, and Amanda, his wife—In partition.—In pursuance of a judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, made in the above-entitled action on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, I, the undersigned referee, duly appointed in said judgment for such purpose, will expose to sale on the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer, at 12 o'clock at noon on that day:

"All that certain dwelling-house and lot or parcel of ground situated on the westerly side of Greene-st., between Broome and Spring sts., in the City of New-York, and now known as number 71 (seventy-one) Greene-st., and designated upon the map of the farm formerly of Nicholas Bayard, deceased, as lot number 233, bounded easterly in front by Greene-st., westerly in the rear by lot number 248 on the said map, northerly by lot number 234 on the same map, and southerly by lot number 232 on the same map, and containing in breadth in front and also in rear, twenty-five feet, and in length on each side one hundred feet, be the several dimensions more or less."

"Also those two certain other lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the Sixteenth Ward of the City of Brooklyn, known and distinguished on a map of the property of Messrs. McKibben & Nichols, made by Alexander Martin, Surveyor, as number 668 (six hundred and sixty-eight,) and 670 (six hundred and seventy) in block number twenty-seven (27) and are bounded and contain as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Moore-st., distant one hundred feet easterly from the easterly line of Leonard-st.; and running thence southerly and parallel with Leonard-st., seventy-three feet ten inches; thence southeasterly in a straight line along land now or late of George Shellard, one hundred and thirty-one feet one and a quarter inches to Varet-st., at a point distant thirty-six feet six inches from the easterly line of Division-av., running thence easterly along the northerly line of Varet-st. fourteen feet three inches; thence northerly at right angles from Varet-st. one hundred feet; thence westerly and parallel with Moore-st., twenty-five feet; thence northerly, and parallel with Leonard-st., one hundred feet to Moore-st., and thence westerly along said southerly side of Moore-st. twenty-five feet to the place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less." Dated, New-York, Jan. 10, 1866.

THOMAS LAWRENCE, Referee,
No. 133 Nassau-st., New-York.
LOCKWOOD & CROSBY, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, 133 Nassau-st., New-York
jan12 law7w

**SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF** the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in accordance with the red lines and figures on the map made by Edward Boyle, City Surveyor, and on file in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council, in the City of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of January, 1866, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in said city.

JOHN E. DEVELIN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated. NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

**FOR SALE—THE STOCK, GOOD WILL AND** real estate of an old-established boot and shoe store, only 60 miles from New-York, in a growing village: established for 18 years, and has an excellent set of customers; a rare chance for parties wishing to engage in the shoe business; want of health the only reason for selling. Address W. V., Box 3,633 New-York Post-office.

**WANTED—BY AN ENERGETIC FIRM, A** Philadelphia agency for a New-York wholesale house in the dry goods, notion, furnishing or perfumery business; best of references given. Address M. S., Box No. 2,605 Philadelphia Post-office.

**PATENT FOR SALE—THE EMPIRE SLEIGH BELL,** a new harness bell, the perfection of beauty in form and tune. Address L. T. C., Station D, New-York City.

**$20.000 WILL PURCHASE PART IN**terest in some patents of value. A business man of good character need only apply to W. SANDFORD, Nos. 239 and 241 Water-st.

**A PARTY WITH CAPITAL WISH TO** buy out or engage in some profitable business that will bear investigation. Address with particulars, W. B., Box No. 73 Station A.

**FOR SALE—AN INTEREST IN A VALUABLE** patent; article in general use; 100 per cent. profit realized. Address, for two weeks, Box No. 4,942 Post-office.

## DENTISTRY.

**COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—"TO** Dr. COLTON is due the credit of reviving the use of this important agent (Nitrous Oxide) in the practice of dentistry."—*Letter from Dr. Carnochan.* That we administer the gas in the most safe and efficient manner, 9,000 patients and the Medical and Dental profession of New-York will testify.

Offices No. 19 and 30 Cooper Institute.

**TO DR. HOYT IS DUE THE CREDIT OF ORIGINATING** and using the ONLY METHOD by which it is possible to administer nitrous oxide pure. Dr. Hoyt has used it for years; extracting thousands of teeth with perfect success. Only office, No. 878 Broadway, near 18th-st.

**DRS. GRIFFIN, NO. 258 GRAND-ST.,** opposite Lord & Taylor's, New-York, are inserting FULL or PARTIAL SETS of their IMPROVED ARTIFICIAL TEETH, with or without extracting the roots. Full sets on gold or platina, $35; silver or rubber, $10; [illegible]

## SHIPPING.

### THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 17.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 24.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 31.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 7.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 14.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 21.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage....................$132 50
Second Cabin Passage....................80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage....................$112 50
Second Cabin Passage....................65 00
payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

### ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the continent are the following:

WASHINGTON..........3,204 tons........900-horse power
LAFAYETTE..........3,204 tons........900-horse power
EUROPE..........3,204 tons........900-horse power
NAPOLEON III..........1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT........(Building)........Great power.
PEREIRE........(Building)........Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS...(Building)........Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.
Pier No. 50 North River.
WASHINGTON..M. SURMONT....FRIDAY......Feb. 2
EUROPE.........A. DUCHESNE...FRIDAY....March 2
*Carrying only cabin passengers.*
PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.
Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.
*Medical attendance free of charge.*
For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
Removed from No. 7 to 58 Broadway.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

### NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

| Ships. | Tons. | Commanders |
|---|---|---|
| QUEEN | 3,412 | Grogan. |
| ENGLAND—building | 3,450 | |
| SCOTLAND | 3,695 | Hall. |
| ERIN | 3,310 | Grace. |
| HELVETIA | 3,315 | Prowse. |
| PENNSYLVANIA | 2,872 | McNevin. |
| VIRGINIA | 2,876 | Lewis. |
| LOUISIANA | 2,166 | Cutting. |

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
LOUISIANA..........SATURDAY, Jan. 20
ERIN..........TUESDAY, Jan. 23
PENNSYLVANIA..........SATURDAY, Jan. 27
THE QUEEN..........SATURDAY, Feb. 3
AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.
An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.
Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.
The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.
For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway.
C. H. EDWARDS, Manager.
For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 275 Pearl-st., and at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway.

### AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND BREMEN.

Fast and safe ocean steamers, with comfortable accommodations for passengers of all classes.
THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIP
WESTERN METROPOLIS,
CHAS. HOYER, Commander,
2 600 tons, 1,000 horse-power, built in 1864, and thoroughly refitted for trans-Atlantic service, will leave for Bremen, calling at Cowes, on THURSDAY, the 15th of March.
PRICE OF PASSAGE, PAYING IN GOLD:
First Cabin....................$105 00
Second Cabin....................62 50
Steerage....................37 50
An experienced surgeon on board.
The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
Another first-class steamship will leave 29th of March.
For freight or passage, apply to
RUGER BROTHERS, General Agents,
No. 45 Beaver-st.

### ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, as follows:
ARAGO........HENRY A. GADSDEN......Jan. 20, 1866.
FULTON........JAMES A. WOTTON......Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO........HENRY A. GADSDEN......March 17, 1866.
FULTON........JAMES A. WOTTON......April 14, 1866.
And every twenty-eight days thereafter.
PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin............$132 50 | Second cabin............$80 00
Through tickets to London, $5 extra.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information, apply to
ISAAC BELL, President,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

**STEAM TO LIVERPOOL**—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....SATURDAY......Jan. 20
KANGAROO..........WEDNESDAY....Jan. 24
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....SATURDAY......Jan. 27
CITY OF DUBLIN..........WEDNESDAY....Jan. 31
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.
First Cabin..............$90 | Steerage..............$30
First Cabin to London... 95 | Steerage to London....... 33
First Cabin to Paris......105 | Steerage to Paris....... 40
PAYABLE IN GOLD.
Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35. Payable in U. S. currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

**ONLY LINE OF BRITISH STEAMERS** carrying passengers direct to Great Britain.
ANCHOR LINE.
Steam to Glasgow, Liverpool and the Irish ports.
CALEDONIA..........SATURDAY, Jan. 20.
HIBERNIA..........SATURDAY, Jan. 27.
Cabins, $90, $80, $70. Steerage, $30, in currency.
FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling-green.
Passengers will please come direct to the office, as no runners are employed.

**PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND** by TAPSCOTT'S favorite lines of LONDON and LIVERPOOL PACKETS, sailing every week. Parties wishing to send for their friends or remit money to the Old Country can do so on the most favorable terms by applying to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

### FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States mail side-wheel steamship
EAGLE,
J. J. LAWRENCE, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.
N. B.—The favorite steamer MORRO [illegible] will succeed the EAGLE and leave on Feb. 7.

### UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR RIO DE JANEIRO.

CALLING AT
ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO AND BAHIA
EVERY TRIP.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
will dispatch regularly, on the 29th of each month, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 43 North River,
ONE OF THEIR NEW FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.
THE
NORTH AMERICA,
L. F. TERNERMANN, Commander,
WILL LEAVE
ON MONDAY, THE 29TH OF JANUARY.
An experienced Surgeon is attached to each steamship.
All letters must pass through the Post-office.
Large lots of heavy freight at low rates.
For freight or passage apply to
THOMAS ASENCIO & CO.,
No. 17 Broadway.

### FOR WILMINGTON N. C.—DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR WEEKLY LINE,
connecting with railroads and steamboats for the interior.
RALEIGH, Capt. WALKER.
ADELE, Capt. BOUTELLE.
The new and splendid steamship ADELE will leave her pier, No. 36 North River, for the above port on SATURDAY, Jan. 20, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.
All goods consigned to the agents at Wilmington, Messrs. Harris & Howell, will be promptly forwarded.
Bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

### FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

Commercial Line of United States Mail Steamships,
FAIRBANKS..........Capt. ALEX. HUNTER
WM. P. CLYDE..........Capt. JAS. S. ROBBINS
The A1 steamship WM. P. CLYDE is now receiving freight at Pier No. 15 East River, and will sail on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24, at 2 o'clock P. M.
Superior accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage apply to
CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st.
or, JAMES HAND, No. 117 Wall-st.

### FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

The first-class and reliable steamship
STARLIGHT, PEDRICK, Master,
is now receiving cargo at Pier No. 14, East River, and will be dispatched as above, on SATURDAY, Jan. 20, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, apply to
ARTHUR LEARY,
No. 73 William-st.

### FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.
The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.
ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.
FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.
Freight for Newbern, N. C., and all points on Roanoke River, as far as Halifax, forwarded by our agent at Norfolk, free of charge.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.
Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.
Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.
All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

### FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway,
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

## SHIPPING.

### PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.
DECEMBER.
30th. HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with SACRAMENTO.
JANUARY.
11th. ATLANTIC, connecting with GOLDEN AGE.
21th. NEW-YORK, connecting with CONSTITUTION.
Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.
THROUGH PASSAGE RATES IN CURRENCY.
First Cabin. Second Cabin. Steerage.
$300 $200 $100
A discount of ONE-QUARTER from steamers' rates will be allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers accompanied by their families.
Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.
An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.
For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Reduced rates per steamship NEW-YORK, Jan. 20,
First cabin. Second cabin. Steerage.
$275. $150. $75.

### OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.
First Class. Second Class. Third Class.
$225. $125. $50.
The Central American Transit Company will sell passage tickets at above rates,
THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO,
sailing from New-York on the splendid steamer
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
JERRY W. SMITH, Esq., Commander,
from Pier No. 29 North River, at NOON on Jan. 20.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Apply early for your tickets by a remittance by mail, or at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

### FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer NEW-YORK will sail on SATURDAY, Dec. 20, at 12 o'clock, noon.
Freight received as usual.
For rates, apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

### PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
Consignees of freight per Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamers will receive orders for delivery at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., No. 84 Broadway, upon surrender of their bills of lading.
Goods remaining on the wharf twenty-four hours after discharge will be stored at expense and risk of consignees.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

### SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

CHANGE OF PIER.
EMPIRE SIDEWHEEL LINE.
The favorite sidewheel steamship SAN JACINTO, WINSLOW LOVELAND, Commander, will sail for Savannah, direct, from Pier No. 43, North River, on SATURDAY, Jan. 20, promptly at 3 o'clock.
Freight received and bills of lading signed on board.
Accommodations unsurpassed.
For freight or passage apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN,
Agent at Savannah, No. 5 Bowling-green.
B. H. HARDEE.

### FOR SAVANNAH, GA., DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
WEEKLY LINE
of side-wheel steamers, connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.
HERMAN LIVINGSTON......Capt. J. B. BAKER.
FLAMBEAU..........Capt. WM. B. EATON.
NIGHTINGALE..........Capt. WM. BREAKER.
GEN. BARNES..........Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.
First cabin passage......$25 | Deck..........$10
The new and splendid steamship FLAMBEAU leaves on SATURDAY, Jan. 20, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 36, North River.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.
Agent at Savannah, JOHN R. WILDER, who will forward goods intended for the interior.
All bills of lading furnished and signed on board.

### FOR SAVANNAH—PIONEER LINE.

A first-class steamship leaves Pier No. 4 North River EVERY THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., landing cargo in Savannah the following Monday morning.
Cabin passage..........$25 | Deck..........$10
Freight, 12½c. per foot.
The new and elegant steamship
TYBEE,
Capt. J. CROWELL,
is now on the berth and will sail on THURSDAY, Jan. 25.
For freight or first-class passage, apply to
LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.
For deck passage apply on board.
Agents in Savannah HUNTER & GAMMELL.

**FOR SAVANNAH.—MURRAY'S WEEKLY LINE—PASSAGE REDUCED.**—Cabin, $25; Deck, $10. The first-class steamships LEO, MERRIL, Commander; VIRGO, BULKLEY, Commander. The VIRGO is now receiving freight at Pier No. 16 East River, and will sail on THURSDAY, Jan. 25, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., No. 62 South-st.
OCTAVUS COHEN, Agent, Savannah.

**SOUTHERN SHIPPERS TO SAVANNAH** are notified that the railroad is complete from that city to Augusta, and expresses are run daily for all descriptions of merchandise shipped by Adams' Express Company, New-York.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 18, 1866.

### FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

BLACK STAR LINE.
The first-class steamship
FUNG SHUEY,
Capt. J. B. HILDRETH,
will leave Pier No. 13, North River, on SATURDAY, Jan. 20, at 3 P. M. This line is now prepared to receive freight at all times during business hours, upon the pier No. 13 North River.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 54 Wall-st.
Bills of lading signed at the office on the pier.
GEO. A. FOSDICK, Agent at New-Orleans.

**FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.**—THE new and first-class steamship STAR OF THE UNION, Capt. BLANCHARD, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Jan. 20, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

### FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EMILY P. SOUDER..........Capt. H. LOCKWOOD.
MONEKA..........Capt. WM. MARSHMAN.
The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.
The new and elegant steamship
EMILY B. SOUDER
will positively sail on THURSDAY, Jan. 25, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation,
Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

### FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
OF FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.
GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ANDALUSIA,
SARAGOSSA,
and the QUAKER CITY.
First cabin passage..........$40.
The new, elegant and very fast steamship
ANDALUSIA, IRA BURSLEY, Master,
is now receiving cargo and will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from pier No. 14 East River, on SATURDAY, Jan. 20. Bills of lading signed on board.
For freight or passage, apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

### FOR MOBILE DIRECT.

REGULAR LINE.
The first-class steamships
GULF CITY, Capt. JAMES STEWART.
GULF STREAM, Capt. ROBERT MOUNT.
VICKSBURGH, Capt. WILLIAM F. MCCERRY.
MERCEDITA, Capt. E. C. WILLIAMS.
For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to
SMITH & DUNNING,
No. 68 South-st.
Extra freight will be charged on all goods for which bills of lading are not taken out before the steamer sails.

**KENTLEDGE AND PIG IRON FOR** ballast, in lots to suit purchasers. For sale by
WM. D. ANDREWS & BRO., No. 414 Water-st.

## LUMBER.

### WELLS & BONTECOU,

OLD FIRM—BAKER, WELLS & CO.,
**LUMBER DEALERS.**
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
YARDS—On West-st., between Houston and King and Houston and Clarkson sts., and Nos. 572 and 574 Washington-st.
STEAM MILL,
WASHINGTON-ST., corner of CLARKSON.
YARD OFFICE, No. 344 WEST-ST.
DOWN-TOWN OFFICE, No. 47 SOUTH-ST.
**The particular attention of SHIPPERS and COUNTRY DEALERS is invited to our large first-class and well-assorted STOCK of LUMBER, including SCANTLING, SHINGLES, YELLOW PINE FLOORING, STEP PLANK, &c.; &c.**

## MACHINERY.

### ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINES.

Clute Brothers' celebrated portable and stationary high and low pressure steam engines, grist and saw mills; pumps of every description; cotton gins, shafting, gearing, pulleys, &c. Jobbing of all kinds.
JAMES A. ROBINSON,
No. 164 Duane-st., corner Hudson, New-York.

**THE HARRISON BOILER A SAFE STEAM BOILER.**—The attention of manufacturers and others using steam is confidently called to this new steam generator, as combining essential advantages in absolute safety from explosion, in cheapness of first cost and cost of repairs, in economy of fuel, facility of cleaning and transportation, &c., not possessed by any other boiler now in use. The boiler is formed of a combination of cast-iron hollow spheres, each sphere eight inches external diameter, and three-eighths of an inch thick. These are held together by wrought-iron bolts, with caps at the ends. Nearly one hundred of these boilers are now in operation. For descriptive circulars or price apply to JOSEPH HARRISON, JR., Harrison Boiler Works, Gray's Ferry Road, adjoining the U. S. Arsenal, Philadelphia.

**TODD & RAFFERTY, MACHINERY MERCHANTS,** 4 Dey-st.; works, Paterson, N.J.; manufacture stationary and portable engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum and rope machinery, mill gearing, shafting, JUDSON & SNOW'S governors, lathes, planers, drills.

## ASTROLOGY.

**165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER,** clairvoyant, tells all you wish to know; losses; numbers; prescribes medicines for all diseases, &c.

## RAILROADS.

### HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.
10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.
11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.
3:45 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.
4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston, for points North, with sleeping-cars attached.
6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs on Sundays.
10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

**ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT** foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:
7:30 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.
10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.
4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

**FOR CAMDEN DIRECT, VIA RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.**—Fare, $2. Excursion tickets, good for three days, $3.
On and after Jan. 8, 1866, from Pier No 3, North River, at 12.25 P. M. Express line, through to Camden in five hours.
Passengers for Barnegat, Tuckerton, Hammonton, Egg Harbor City, &c., will take this train.
At 4 P. M., Accommodation line, arriving in Camden at 11 P. M.
FREIGHT for Camden, Vineland, &c., will be taken at low rates. If delivered before 12 o'clock, noon, will reach Camden the same night.
W. S. SNEDEN, Superintendent.
J. N. BILLINGS, Agent, Pier No. 3.

### PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

**NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY**—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 6:02 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey. On Monday only for Piermont at 5:15 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

## STEAMBOATS.

### THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. J. C. GEER,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
COMMODORE, Capt. E. F. CURTIS,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.
These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.
Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

**FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD**—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains North and East from New-Haven at 11 P. M.

**FOR SALE CHEAP—A SMALL STEAM ENGINE,** about one-half horse power; also small boiler to suit, capable of carrying 150 pounds steam, suitable for coffee store. Address A. B., Box No. 176 *Times* Office.

## PROPOSALS

### PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.

OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Dec. 19, 1865.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock on the 31st day of January, 1866, for the transportation of Military Supplies during the year 1866, on the following routes:

ROUTE No. 1.—From Forts Leavenworth, Laramie and Riley, and other depots that may be established during the above year on the west bank of the Missouri River, north of Fort Leavenworth and south of latitude 42 degrees north, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the Territories of Nebraska, Dacotah, Idaho and Utah, south of latitude 44 degrees north, and east of longitude 114 degrees west, and in the Territory of Colorado north of 40 degrees north. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September inclusive, of the year 1866.

ROUTE No. 2.—From Forts Leavenworth and Riley, in the State of Kansas, and the town of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the State of Kansas, or in the Territory of Colorado, south of latitude 40 degrees north, drawing supplies from Fort Leavenworth; and to Fort Union, N. M., or other depot that may be designated in that territory, to Fort Garland, and to any other point or points on the route. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September, inclusive, of the year 1866.

ROUTE No. 3.—From Fort Union, or such other depot as may be established in the Territory of New-Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona and State of Texas, west of longitude 105 degrees west. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from June to November, inclusive, of the year 1866.

The weight to be transported each year will not exceed 10,000,000 pounds on route No. 1, 15,000,000 pounds on route No. 2, and 6,000,000 on route No. 3.

No additional percentage will be paid for the transportation of bacon, lard, bread, pine lumber, shingles or any other stores.

Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their places of residence, and each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that, in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal, to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties, in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

The amount of bonds required from the contractors will be as follows:
On route No. 1....................$100,000
On route No. 2....................200,000
On route No. 3....................60,000

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be indorsed:
"Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. '1, '2' or '3,'" as the case may be, and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with all the requirements of this advertisement.

Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute contracts at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster-General; but the right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Contractors must be in readiness for service by the 1st day of April, 1866, and they will be required to have a place of business or agency at or in the vicinity of Forts Leavenworth and Union, and other depots that may be established, at which they may be communicated with promptly and readily.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.
J. A. POTTER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster.

### ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF
ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 17, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS (IN DUPLICATE) WILL be received by the undersigned until (1) one o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows:

1,000 barrels PORK—MESS OR PRIME MESS—of the old and new crop, in full-hooped oak or ash barrels, with two iron hoops. Meat to be free from rust or stain; full weight and thoroughly salted. Bidders will state when their pork was packed, and the brands; also, the kind of barrel.

The pork to be received at such inspection yards as shall be agreed to by the undersigned.

500 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern St. Louis or other brands of FLOUR *suitable for keeping in a warm climate.* The brands and places of manufacture to be stated in the bids, and whether in round or flat hoop barrels. The barrels to be in good shipping order, full head-lined and bungs sealed.

The stores are required for immediate delivery.

Samples of the flour must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with shipping marks, to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions,* will be required for the meat, certifying on the part of the seller their present quality and condition, and the immediately preceding inspection.

The meat will also be examined and passed upon by parties from this office on the part of the United States.

The flour will be inspected at the date of delivery, and compared with the retained samples by an inspector appointed by this office, whose certificate will be required.

*Payment will be made in currency or its equivalent,* as soon as funds are received for the purpose.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

*Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed, "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."*
H. F. CLARKE,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. and A. C. G. S.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
MILITARY DIVISION OF THE GULF,
NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 2, 1865.

**SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED** and will be received at this office until 12 M., March 1, 1866, for the purchase of sixty-six (66) Camels, the property of the United States, now at Camp Verde, near San Antonio, Texas.
Bids may be made for one or more of these animals.
Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed and addressed, Colonel C. G. Sawtelle, Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Gulf, New Orleans, La.
The Government reserves the right to reject any bids deemed too low.
Payment to be made in U. S. Currency upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the camels to the successful bidders, at San Antonio, Texas.
C. G. SAWTELLE,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Gulf, Bvt. Col. U. S. Army.

## STATIONERY.

**THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.**—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

**MIRRORS FOR SALE.—FOUR MAGNIFICENT** mirrors for sale at a bargain: 80x60; price about $300 each; cost $500 each. Can be seen at No. 175 5th-av. JOHN J. SLONE.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. LESTER WALLACK
*This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.*
OPEN AT 7¼. BEGIN AT 8.
TO-NIGHT,
The drama, by Tom Taylor, Esq., founded on Miss Braddon's celebrated novel, entitled
HENRY DUNBAR;
OR, THE OUTCAST.
Music has been composed expressly for the piece, by MR. MOLLENHAUER.
Scenery painted by........Messrs. Isherwood and Maeder
Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Charles Fisher, Young, George Holland, Norton, B. T. Ringgold, C. Browne, Williamson, Graham, Pope, Ward, Misses Mary Gannon, Madeline Henriques and Ione Burke.
Notwithstanding the great demand for seats to witness the above extraordinary and successful drama, the Manager, in order to carry out his system of variety which has already been advertised, will introduce a COMEDY NIGHT into each week's performance, inaugurating this programme on
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 24,
when will be given, for the first time in two years, Sheridan's great comedy of
THE RIVALS.
HENRY DUNBAR every evening except WEDNESDAY.

### WALLACK'S THEATRE.

SATURDAY, Jan. 20,
MR. JAMES M. WEHLI'S
SECOND GRAND MATINEE,
assisted by the eminent artists
MAD. FLEURY URBAN
and
MR. S. C. CAMPBELL.
Director..........................Mr. Wm. G. Dietrich
Doors open at 12 M. Concert to commence at 1 P. M.
Admission One Dollar to all parts of the house.
Ticket offices at Scharfenberg & Luis', No. 753 Broadway; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and W. A. Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway.
The Pianos used by Mr. Wehli at all his Concerts are the NEW SCALE CONCERT GRANDS, made by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway, New-York, and No. 246 Washington-st., Boston.
These Pianos were awarded the First Prize—A GOLD MEDAL—at the exhibition of 1865.

### IRVING HALL.

THE BATEMAN CONCERTS.
MLLE. PAREPA.
GRAND TESTIMONIAL CONCERT,
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 20.
CARD.—Prior to Mlle. Parepa's departure for Europe, after a tour in the West and East of unprecedented extent and brilliancy, Mr. Bateman, at the urgent solicitation of many of Mlle. Parepa's admirers, and as an individual tribute to her unfailing promptness in the discharge of her arduous duties, to her devotion which has refused the public nothing, and to her estimable qualities not merely as the great singer whom we have all been willing to recognize and appreciate, but as the obliging lady whom a few have been permitted to know, begs to announce that he will tender her
A GRAND FAREWELL CONCERT,
to take place at Irving Hall, the proprietors of which establishment have kindly volunteered its use on this occasion.
MLLE. PAREPA will sing:
Grand scena and aria, "Ah Perfido," Beethoven, (by request;) song, "My Long Hair is Braided," from Amber Witch, Wallace; duet from "Nozze di Figaro," Mozart, with Miss Seguin, and the "Laughing Song," by Auber.
MISS MARIA SEGUIN will sing the air, "Il soare e bel Contento," Paccini, and duet, Nozze di Figaro.
MR. S. C. CAMPBELL will sing; Air from Un Ballo in Maschera, and duet, "Rose of Castile," with Mr. E. Seguin.
MR. E. SEGUIN will sing duet with Mr. Campbell.
MR. S. B. MILLS will play two piano solos.
MR. J. LEVY, cornet, "Hungarian Fantasie" and Faust Waltz.
HERR CARL ROSA, violin, "Fantasie Caprice," Vieuxtemps; "Fantasie Trovatore," Rosa.
The orchestra will perform two overtures and one march, by Mozart, Flotow and Mendelssohn.
HERR THEODORE THOMAS has kindly volunteered as leader.
HERR CARL ANSCHUTZ....................Conductor
Admission $1. Reserved Seats 50 cents extra.
Seats can be secured this morning at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Root & Anthony's, No. 21 Nassau-st.

### SPECIAL CARD.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Miss BATEMAN ON SATURDAY EVENING.
Secure your seats for the evening first, and then secure your "OPERA LOZENGES" at RAYNER'S, directly opposite the theatre, No. 585 Broadway.

### WOOD'S THEATRE,

Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
Manager..........................GEORGE WOOD
CROWDED AND FASHIONABLE HOUSES.
GREAT ENTHUSIASM
bestowed upon the native Comedian and Character Actor,
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU,
and the famous
HANLON BROTHERS,
who, supported by an efficient company, appear
THIS EVENING,
in De Walden's new local extravaganza,
THE BALLOON WEDDING.
Admission 50 cents. Box office open from 8 to 6 o'clock.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.
AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE EVERY WEDNESDAY, commencing at 1½ o'clock.

### ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........................MAX MARETZEK.
THE NEW OPERA SEASON
will positively commence
On THURSDAY, Feb. 1, 1866.
SUBSCRIPTIONS
for a series of TWENTY-FOUR NIGHTS will be received at the Box Office of the Academy of Music on and after MONDAY, Jan. 22, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Further particulars in next Monday's advertisements.

## MEDICAL.

### SCROFULA.

DR. H. ANDERS' IODINE WATER
Is a positive cure for Scrofula in all its manifold forms, as thousands can testify. Circulars free.
Dr. H. ANDERS & CO., Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway, New-York. Sold by all druggists.

**THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY** Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

**A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF** midwifery and operating surgeon, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, without pain or exposure, with or without medicine. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or by mail.
Dr. A. M. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. Sold also at No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York: in Boston, No. 13 Court-st.

**MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH** regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st. New-York.

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**A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE** —Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

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**SURGICAL HOSPITAL—UNDER THE** exclusive care of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the *Scalpel.* Specialty, operative surgery and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele, fistula and stricture. Office hours from 8 to 9 and 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

**DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL** restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

**GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL** aid will find it to their interest to consult Dr. WEST, an old and experienced practitioner, where their health will be speedily restored. Office No. 545 Broadway, N. Y.

**MADAME GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN,** treats all female complaints at No. 6 Amity-place.

**MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION** in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manageress..........Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager..........J. H. SELWYN
*This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.*
GENUINE SUCCESS
of the beautiful romantic play in five acts, entitled
ST. MARC,
OR, THE SOLDIER OF FORTUNE.
Written expressly by J. H. Wilkins, Esq., for the eminent and favorite artist
MR. E. L. DAVENPORT,
who will appear in his original character, as performed by him throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and America, with unqualified approbation, and received here, on its first representation, with
THE GREATEST ENTHUSIASM.
ALL THE TABLEAUX ENCORED.
THIS BEAUTIFUL PLAY,
abounding in noble sentiments, patriotic inspirations and soul-stirring pictures and effects, will be presented
THIS EVENING,
AND EVERY EVENING DURING THE PRESENT WEEK,
WITH A POWERFUL CAST, including
MR. J. B. STUDLEY,
Miss Kate Newton, Miss Eliza Newton, Messrs. J. W. Blaisdell, G. W. Garrison, T. J. Hind, &c., &c.
MR. E. L. DAVENPORT
will shortly appear in his great character of
SIR GILES OVERREACH,
previous to the production of
OTHER NOVELTIES.
Doors open at 7¼ o'clock: curtain rises precisely at 7¾ o'clock.
Seats secured three days in advance.

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14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT..........................MANAGER
*This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.*
EVERY NIGHT AT 8.
And on
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, MATINEE at 2½.
will be presented
THE FINEST BILL
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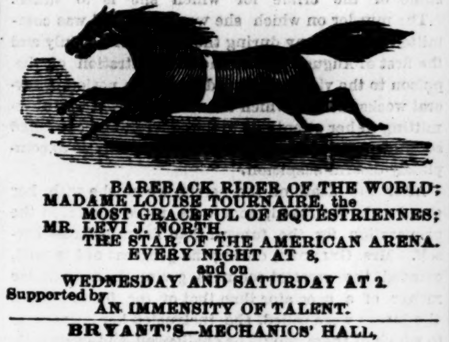
THREE GREATEST EQUESTRIAN ARTISTS THAT HAVE EVER APPEARED IN AMERICA,
VIZ.:
MR. JAMES ROBINSON, THE CHAMPION



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MADAME LOUISE TOURNAIRE, the
MOST GRACEFUL OF EQUESTRIENNES;
MR. LEVI J. NORTH,
THE STAR OF THE AMERICAN ARENA.
EVERY NIGHT AT 8,
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WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2.
Supported by
AN IMMENSITY OF TALENT.

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No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st.
First appearance of the great burlesque artist,
MR. ROLLIN HOWARD.
Success of Mr. Chas. Henry's song, "Come Home, Father."
LITTLE MAC AS JOCKO, THE MONKEY.
Ici on Parle Francais. The Hand-alone Brothers.
Cruelty to Johnny. The Bad Boys. The Perfect Cures.
Nelse Seymour, Dave Reed, Little Mac, Dan Bryant in
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.
Parquet, 50c.; Family Circle, 30c.; Private Boxes, $5.

### LIGHT GUARD BALL.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 25, 1866.
Tickets Five Dollars.
Admitting a gentleman and ladies.
To be had of the company, at the hotels and music-stores.

**GEORGE CHRISTY'S FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE,** adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.—ANOTHER GLORIOUS BILL FOR THIS WEEK. First appearance of the popular vocalist, Mr. FRANK LESLIE. Second week of George Christy's greatest piece, NEW-YEAR'S CALLS; Or, "SAM" IN CORK. LESLIE, MELVILLE, GOULD and HALL in new ballads.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.
Box-office open all day.

**PHILADELPHIA SKETCH CLUB'S FIRST PRIZE EXHIBITION OF AMERICAN PAINTINGS** at the Derby Galleries, No. 625 Broadway, now open day and evening.

## LECTURES.

**LECTURE.—A LECTURE WILL BE DELIVERED** in the West 25th-st. United Presbyterian Church, (between 6th and 7th avs.,) on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 22, by Rev. F. G. CLARK, D. D., of the West 23d-st. Presbyterian Church. Subject—*Rome and Naples.* Lecture to commence at 7¾ o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents. To be had at the door on the evening of the lecture.

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READ what the WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT of the BOSTON CONGREGATIONALIST says of it, under date of Jan. 8, 1866:

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☞ The trade supplied on liberal terms.

1866. GET THE BEST. 1866

### THE DEMOCRATIC ALMANAC AND POLITICAL COMPENDIUM

Contains fourteen more pages of political and statistical matter than any similar publication. It has a history of the Crittenden Compromise, and a list of all the newspapers suppressed by the Lincoln administration; dates of all the battles, skirmishes, &c., of the war; chronology of 1865; all election returns; members of Congress; list of Governors; postal rates; money-order system; stamp duties, &c., &c., embracing a vast amount of matter for daily reference, which no business man can afford to be without.
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**SHORT-HAND WRITING.—IF YOU WANT** to learn it, get SHORT-HAND: ALL ABOUT IT. Just published. 30 cents, post-paid. Address the AMERICAN PUBLISHING COMPANY, Box No. 34, Station G, New-York.

**A POPULAR TREATISE ON FLUOR ALBUS,** better known as Leucorrhea, or female weakness, with a statement of its causes, symptoms, mode of prevention and cure, without a personal interview. Sent free by addressing D. P., No. 1,132 Broadway.

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LA COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE
BOULEVARD DES CAPUCINES, 35 AND 37,
RUE ST. ARNAUD, NO. 7,
AND RUE NEUVE DES CAPUCINES, 16.
SILK STUFFS.
MANTLES, VISITES, CLOAKS, &c.
PRINTED MUSLINS.
LACE.
INDIA CACHEMIRES.
FRENCH SHAWLS.
FANCY TISSUES.
The COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE has the honor to inform American ladies that they will find at their establishment warerooms for the immediate CUTTING OUT AND MAKING UP DRESSES in the first style of fashion and most elegant patterns.
WEDDING OUTFITS.
Since its foundation the COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE has not ceased to occupy itself particularly in the selection of articles of taste and superior quality. Consequently this company is unrivalled in Paris, and enjoys a universal reputation.

### FANCY HOSIERY.

New styles, for walking, riding, skating and masquerade; also ladies' and misses' marine vests and drawers, made from fine Australian wool, of superior finish; white and scarlet cloth gloves, mittens, hoods, gaiters, &c. W. J. ELGER, 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st. east side.

### BEADS BEADS!! BEADS!!!

AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
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## FURS.

**FURS! FURS!—WE WILL SELL FOR THIRTY** days only, our extensive stock at greatly reduced prices: Fine French and meadow mink sets, $10; Siberian mink sets, beautiful, $35; rich mink sable sets, $50; splendid Siberian squirrel, $15; royal ermine, $45; sable extra, $125; ladies' hoods, skating caps, Hudson Bay and prairie wolf, black and grizzly bear, white, red and gray fox robes; gent's fur caps, collars and gloves, very low. WM. E. FLEMING, No. 210 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st.

**ATTENTION LADIES.—THE NEW-YORK FUR MANUFACTURING COMPANY,** No. 83 Chatham-st., opposite Crook's white marble hotel. Sets $5 and upward. Brook mink collar and muff, $7 50. French mink collar and muff, $8 50. Mink sable, setts $25 to $35; fine rich setts, $50; Siberian squirrel setts, $12; and an endless variety of all other furs equally as low. Altering and repairing to the latest styles. Receipts given to purchasers to insure against moths.
FLEMING, Manager.

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*This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.*
CIRCUS AND DRAMA
TWICE EACH DAY.
AFTERNOON, at 3. EVENING, at 7½.

CIRCUS TROUPE,
A GALAXY OF EQUESTRIAN STARS,
NEW AND DASHING ACTS OF HORSEMANSHIP.
CONKLIN BROTHERS, GYMNASTS,
MR. JOHN CONKLIN,
in his wonderful feats with a CANNON-BALL.
Previous to Circus, the pleasing Comedietta of
THE DUMB BELLE,
By the TALENTED DRAMATIC COMPANY.
W. B. HARRISON, Extemporaneous Singer.
Miss EMMA SHELL in Fancy Dance.
GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES.
THREE IMMENSE GIANTS, THREE DWARFS, TWO CIRCASSIAN GIRLS, LIVING SKELETON, MAMMOTH FAT WOMAN, GLASS-BLOWERS, ALBINO BOY, COSMORAMAS, LEARNED SEAL, HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA, 100,000 CURIOSITIES.
Admission 30 cts.; Children, under ten, 15 cts.

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Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY
*This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.*
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 20, 1866,
SIXTH APPEARANCE,
(after an absence of three years in Europe,) of the eminent Tragedienne,
MISS BATEMAN,
who will appear in her celebrated rôle of
LEAH,
A JEWISH MAIDEN,
in Mosenthal's beautiful play of that name.
Mr. J. C. COWPER (his sixth appearance in this country) as Rudolph; Mr. J. G. Burnett, C. H. Morton, D. E. Ralton, George Becks, E. S. Holmes, W. H. Danvers, Barry, Neil, Rendle, Gledhill, Gonzales, &c., &c.; Miss Agnes Perry, Farren, A. Chapman, Everett, Lulu, &c., in the cast.
The play produced with
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY,
ORIGINAL MUSIC,
NEW AND CHARACTERISTIC COSTUMES
AND APPOINTMENTS.
Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Seats in Dress Circle, private boxes, $1 50; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.) 50 cents; Private Boxes, $8, $9 and $10.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

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Sole Proprietor..........................Mr. J. W. Lingard
*This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.*
THREE IMMENSE DRAMAS.
The capital drama of the
CONVICT MARQUIS;
OR,
THE FLOWER GIRL OF THE BOULEVARDS.
Mr. Walter Grisdale..........in three characters
Mrs. W. G. Jones..........as..........The Flower Girl
George Brookes..........as..........Baptiste
Mr. G. Lingard..........as..........Launnay
Mr. Glassford..........as..........The Miser
The capital drama of the
SOAP FAT MAN;
OR,
NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN.
Concludes with the drama of
OBI; OR, THREE-FINGERED JACK.
MONDAY EVENING, the entirely new London drama of
CAPTAIN MACHEATH;
OR,
THE BLACK RIDERS OF HOUNSLOW HEATH,
with all its original effects.

### NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.
A great number of personal friends have inquired of me whether my connection with the above-named theatre was about to terminate.
In order to save my own and the time of a large circle of personal friends, and the public generally, I take this method of "denying the report" as false in every particular.
I have been the lessee of the New Bowery Theatre since its erection, am still, and intend to continue so.
J. W. LINGARD, Proprietor.

### BROADWAY THEATRE—SATURDAY.

SOLON SHINGLE THIS AFTERNOON, at 1:30.
SOLON SHINGLE THIS EVENING, at 8.
The great Comedian,
Mr. JOHN E OWENS,
gives to-day two performances (afternoon and evening) of his new SOLON SHINGLE, the most graphic characterization known to the stage, and now the comic "sensation" of the town.
TO-DAY {SOLON SHINGLE,} TO-NIGHT
TO-DAY {SOLON SHINGLE,} TO-NIGHT
{SOLON SHINGLE,}
{SOLON SHINGLE,}
MATINEE begins 1½; ends 3:15 P M.

### ARION VOCAL SOCIETY.

GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL
AT
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
THURSDAY, FEB. 8, 1866.
Tickets $10, admitting a gentleman and lady, can only be had from members. Extra ladies' tickets $3 each. Boxes can be secured at
Mr. F. SPANGENBERG, No. 883 Broadway.
Mr. J. DINGELSTEDT, No. 4 Hanover-st.
Applications for tickets must be handed in before the 20th inst., and members who have not yet received a subscription list, will apply for it on Tuesday, Friday, or Saturday night at the society's rooms, 291 and 293 Bowery.

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FOURTH LECTURE AT DODWORTH'S,
Deferred from this (Saturday) evening,
TO
SECOND COURSE OF THREE IN FEBRUARY.

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**COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NOS** 327 and 329 4th-av. Rev. Dr. GEORGE W. BACON, LL.B., Principal; Dr. RICHARD S. BACON, LL.B., Vice-Principal, with eleven assistant instructors. The new term begins Feb. 5. Three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory. Young men of suitable age can be fitted for business under the thorough course of mathematics, writing and book-keeping in one term. All the advantages of the institution are open to every pupil without any extra charges. Pupils coming from a distance will be received into the families of the instructors. Catalogues containing full particulars at the book-stores and School.

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CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
with primary department and gymnasium.
No. 212 5th-av., corner of 26th-st.
Open from 9½ A. M. to 2½ o'clock P. M.

### THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,

NOS. 487, 489, 491 FIFTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK,
will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20,
H. M. PIERCE, President

### BALLSTON SPA ACADEMY,

SARATOGA COUNTY, N. Y.
A first-class commercial and classical family boarding school for lads and young gentlemen.
Next term begins Monday, Feb. 5.
Terms $60 per quarter.
Pupils taken into the family of the Principal.
REV. JAMES GILMOUR, A. M.

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YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
YONKERS, N. Y.
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BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers.

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FOR THE THOROUGH INSTRUCTION OF A FEW BOYS, NO. 907 BROADWAY.

**THE PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY** will resume its duties, 4 P. M., Jan. 11, 1866, at Chester, Delaware County, Penn. This academy affords the most thorough classical, scientific, mathematical and military instruction. The accommodations are ample; the discipline efficient. Young men desiring to enter the academy can obtain circulars by applying to Col. THEODORE HYATT, President P. M. A., Chester, Delaware County, Penn.

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**BOYS PREPARED PRACTICALLY FOR** business at DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, No. 609 Broadway. They acquire industrious and energetic habits, become quick at figures, rapid business writers, and good book-keepers. Apply day or evening.

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ELLSWORTH & GRAY, Proprietors.

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O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

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*This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.*
Lessee and Manager..........................Mr. W. Stuart
Stage Manager..........................Mr. J. G. Hanley
Mr. Stuart begs to announce that on
TO-NIGHT
MR. EDWIN BOOTH
will appear in his grand role of
HAMLET.
The piece will be presented with the same endeavor as last season to combine splendor of production with historical correctness, and by a more strictly pictorial arrangement of the ordinary stage resources, and by the fidelity, appropriateness and superior execution of the several means of scenic illusion, to carry out the spirit of the play into the most minute details, and thus advance the drama as a branch of national literature and art. All the scenes have been refreshed and renewed, and new ones have been added to give perfection to the picture.
Every effort has been made to place the well-known types of character in the hands best fitted to sustain them, and with this view, in addition to the regular company, engagements have been made with
Mr. Chas. Barron, J. H. Taylor, C. Kemble Mason, W. A. Donaldson, Miss Effie Germon and Marie Wilkins, who appear each night in conjunction with Messrs. J. Dyott, W. S. Andrews, H. Bland, J. L. Donnelly, W. S. Burroughs, Decker, King, Easton, Miss Andrews, Miss Hogan, &c.
Doors open at 6¾. Overture at 7:20.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
A GRAND BOOTH MATINEE
EVERY WEDNESDAY.
The second,
WEDNESDAY, 24th,
when Mr. Booth will appear, first time in three years, as
RUY BLAS.
Doors open at 12½; commences at 1 o'clock—terminating in time to enable parties to reach the return trains, boats, &c. Seats can now be secured.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 24,
Sheridan's beautiful play of
PIZARRO.

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NEW-YORK THEATRE,
NOS. 728 and 730 BROADWAY, (opposite N. Y. Hotel.)
Sole Lessee and Manageress.....Miss LUCY RUSHTON
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Jan. 20,
will be repeated, after careful preparation, Bulwer's play of the
LADY OF LYONS.
Claude Melnotte..........................Mr. J. K. Mortimer
Beauseant..........................Mr. C. W. Clarke
Glavis..........................Mr. W. A. Mestayer
Col. Damas..........................Mr. H. Pearson
M. Deschappelles..........................Mr. J. Moore
Landlord..........................Mr. T. C. Gourlay
Gasper..........................Mr. W. S. Higgins
Pauline..........................Miss Lucy Rushton
Mad. Deschappelles..........................Mrs. Maeder
The Widow Melnotte..........................Mrs. H. C. Stewart
The orchestra is under the leadership of H. Tissington.
Doors open at 7¼; performance to commence at 7¾.
Acting Manager and Treasurer..........Mr. B. H. Davis
Stage Manager..........................Mr. J. Schonberg
Box office open from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Seats secured six days in advance.
In rehearsal, several novelties; also in active preparation, A NEW GRAND ROMANTIC DRAMA.

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THREE CAPITAL PIECES.
LENDORMIE, THE IDIOT BOY
JACK SHEPPARD AND HIS DOG.
PADDY THE PIPER.

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Rev. S. T. Spear, D. D., No. 28 Harrison-st., Brooklyn.
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DELIGHTED THOUSANDS.
HOUSES CROWDED FROM PARQUET TO DOME,
to witness the Grand Entertainment
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THE FAMOUS TROUPE,
which has never been equaled in the world for novelty, variety and brilliancy.
A CONSTANT CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
EVERY EVENING.
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MATINEE ON EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

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CLASSES for beginners, CLASSES for advanced pupils, and for "the German."
Just received from the "*Société Académique des Professeurs de Danse de Paris,*" the new and beautiful Quadrille, LES VARIETES PARISIENNES.

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WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 2 for ladies; at 4 for misses and masters. Evening classes at 8.
TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, at 8, for gentlemen.

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No. 212 5th-av., New-York,
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CELEBRATED AND UNEQUALED
PATENT CYCLOID PIANO-FORTES
Were awarded at the late Fair of the American Institute
The
FIRST-PREMIUM GOLD MEDAL
FOR
NOVELTY, SUPERIORITY AND EXCELLENCE.
Similar testimonials were awarded these Unequaled Instruments at the State Fairs of Michigan, Indiana, Kansas, and wherever they have been Exhibited in Competition during 1865. The Cycloid Piano has superiority of actual melodious power, and a purity and vocality of tone, a perfection of touch, a just mechanical construction, and will stand in tune longer than any other form of piano. N. B.—Warranted for six years. Warerooms, No. 2 Le Roy-place, Bleecker-st., one block west of Broadway.
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**$6.—PRIVATE VOCAL CLASSES—$6 PER** term of ten weeks; conducted by two well known professors. Address PROFESSOR, No. [illegible] Broadway.

# CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

## Progress of the War Between Spain and Chili.

## Particulars of the Death of the Spanish Admiral Pareja.

## Civil Rights of Foreigners in the United States of Colombia.

The steamship *Henry Chauncey* from Aspinwall, January 12, arrived at this port yesterday morning. She brings the following:

TREASURE LIST.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| FROM SAN FRANCISCO. | | Eugene Kelley & Co. | 8,250 00 |
| Panama R. R. Co. | $10,033 84 | Eugene Kelley | 76,000 00 |
| Atlantic M. S. S. Co. | 1,656 31 | Lees & Waller | 328,635 24 |
| B. Allen | 6,684 05 | Wells, Fargo & Co. | 11,500 00 |
| J. & W. Seligman | 70,800 00 | Order | 95,760 50 |
| W. Cohen & Co. | 33,700 00 | Total | $799,706 54 |
| Smith, Martin & Co. | 26,735 28 | FROM ASPINWALL. | |
| Duncan, Sherman & Co. | 50,436 06 | S. L. Isaacs & Asch | $1,650 00 |
| August Belmont & Co. | 79,517 11 | Hoadley, Eno & Co. | 1,000 00 |
| | | Total | $2,650 00 |

### SPAIN AND CHILI.

### Particulars of the Death of Admiral Pareja—Conflicting Rumors—He is reported to have committed Suicide.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PANAMA, Friday, Jan. 12, 1866.

I forwarded you by way of New-Orleans a telegram, containing some particulars of the death of Admiral PAREJA. It is possible that this intelligence may have reached you previously through the Spanish Legation at Washington, as it may not have been kept secret from him as it was to us. The facts so far as known are these:

On the 28th November, Mr. CLARK, United States Consul at Valparaiso, visted the flag-ship *Villa de Madrid*, to remonstrate with Admiral PAREJA against some onerous rule he had established in relation to the blockade of Chilian ports. After a verr long interview the Admiral declined at that time to accede to the Consul's wishes, but at last gave him some hopes that he would do so at a later period, and another interview was fixed for the 30th of the same month. As the Consul was on the point of leaving, the Admiral asked him for the news on shore. The Consul replied that there was nothing, save the perturbation that the capture of the Spanish gun-boat *Covadonga* and the sending of the crew as prisoners to Santiago had caused. PAREJA, who was ignorant of this misfortune to his arms up to this time, listened to Mr. CLARK'S recital of the facts with a great deal of astonishment, and was much excited.

On the 30th the Consul returned to the *Villa de Madrid*, and at once perceived that something had gone wrong on board. On inquiring for the Admiral, he was told that he was very sick and could not be seen, upon which Mr. CLARK immediately retired.

It is reported that after Mr. CLARK left the frigate, scarcely a word could be elicited from the Admiral; that a few hours later he had a cerebral attack and fell upon the deck, uttering imprecations that were supposed to be directed against the Commander of the *Covadonga*. From that moment the Admiral seemed to have completely lost his mind, and on the same day, the 28th November, or the day after, he committed suicide by blowing out his brains with a pistol. One report is that the Admiral loaded a revolver, and going on deck, discharged all the barrels but one at some birds on the brig, leaving one charge in the pistol; that he went to his cabin and with the remaining charge effected his own death. Other stories run that he left a note, in which he declared his course in Chili would force his government either to retire him in disgrace or to commence a war which he much feared would not be successful; that he ordered his officers to sink his body in the sea, but outside of Chilian waters. Still another story is current that when the frigate left Valparaiso, which she did for the Peruvian coast on the 30th, she went to pack his body in guano and to ship it to Spain.

Capt. CASTRO MENDEZ NUNEZ, of the iron-clad *Numancia*, succeeds Admiral PAREJA temporarily in the command of the fleet. It is supposed here that the news of the death of PAREJA was sent to Spain by the British steam-packet that left Aspinwall for Southampton on the 22d December.

Nothing was known of the death of PAREJA at Valparaiso on the 16th December, and only the tittle I give had leaked out at Lima on the 27th of December. A good many persons here believe the whole story to be a hoax, but the majority are convinced to the contrary.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The *Comercio* of Lima of Dec. 24 gives the following account of the suicide of the Spanish Admiral in the harbor of Valparaiso, on the 29th of November:

"On the 28th, the American Consul at Valparaiso went on board the *Villa de Madrid* for the purpose of seeing the Admiral. Both had a long interview about some matters connected with the blockade. PAREJA showed himself rather favorable to the Consul's demand, and told him at the close of the conference to come back two days afterward. When the Consul was on the point of leaving, PAREJA asked him for news on shore; the Consul answered there was nothing of great importance, except the excitement caused by the capture of the *Covadonga* and the sending of the prisoners to Santiago.

The Spanish Admiral was entirely ignorant of this event, and this first intimation was a great shock to him. He asked for the particulars, which were given him by the Consul, who then took his departure. According to what had been agreed upon, he returned on the 30th to the flagship, where he found the crew in the greatest disorder and consternation. He asked for the Admiral, but received the answer that the latter was very sick and he could not see him. Thereupon the consul retired.

The news which PAREJA had received from the American Consul had deeply afflicted him. His mind was so occupied with it that he hardly ever afterward spoke a word. It is further stated that some hours afterward his brain became affected and he fell down on deck, muttering curses against those who so easily had surrendered to the Chilian arms. It is supposed that he became entirely out of his mind, in which state he probably committed the dreadful deed.

About the manner in which the act was accomplished we know only from private sources, although on good authority, that on the afternoon of the fatal day PAREJA had come up on deck after dinner with his officers; he had a revolver in his hand, with which he shot two birds on the wing; he then went down to his cabin, and shortly afterward a shot was heard. On somebody rushing in, the Admiral was found dead, and on the table a letter, in which, it is stated, PAREJA said that 'as the commander of the *Covadonga* had not had courage enough to do his duty, so he (PAREJA) had not enough to survive the disgrace of his flag,' and finished with the wish that his body might not be buried in Chilian soil or Chilian waters.

In compliance with this last request, we further understand, PAREJA'S body was put up in guano on board one of the Spanish, or, as others say, a French ship, to be sent home.

His successor, till the pleasure of his government is known, will be the Captain of the *Numancia*, Commodore CASTRO MENDEZ NUNEZ."

### The Blockaded Chilian Ports—The Progress of the War.

*From the Panama Herald, Jan. 12.*

The blockade of the ports of Tomé and Talcahuano has been raised. The vessel stationed at these ports has been ordered to Valparaiso. The news of the triumph of the revolution in Peru and the ignominious overthrow of PEZET and his party evidently has sadly disconcerted the plans of PAREJA.

The government by every means tries to help trade and relieve the troubles which have been laid on commerce by the act of Spain.

At the Chilian ports there have been arrivals of eight assorted cargoes from Europe and one from New-York, seven cargoes of coal, and two cargoes of railway material from England. Most of these, destined for the ports of Valparaiso, Caldera or Coquimbo, will have to discharge at some of the newly opened ports.

Copper had not advanced as might have been expected.

Wheat and Flour were scarce at the main producing ports. The very large shipments made at the instant of the intimation of the blockade has left the market very bare. Every branch of trade is in an unsettled, unsatisfactory state. Considerable agitation prevails in the money market; the coinage has all disappeared; nor on this head does the government seem to be quite in harmony with the merchants as to the best means to adopt for security to bring the specie again into circulation.

### CENTRAL AMERICA.

### The Civil Rights of Foreigners in the United States of Colombia—Arrival of Gen. Kilpatrick at Panama—Miscellaneous News.

From Our Own Correndent.

PANAMA, Friday, Jan. 12, 1866.

From Bogota, the Capital of the United States of Colombia, we learn that nearly the whole country is quiet. Congress would meet on the 1st February.

Gen. MOSQUERA, President elect, was to have left Southampton for Aspinwall on the 2d January. He will leave immediately for Bogota on his arrival in the Isthmus. The General having written to the Minister of Foreign Relations in Bogota that threats had been made against his life by his political enemies in this country, the Minister has published a circular directing vigilance to be used by all officials on his route to Bogota, for his protection. Gen. MOSQUERA brings a statue in bronze of CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS, presented him by the Emperor NAPOLEON. It will be placed at Aspinwall, or as it is more properly called, Colon.

Mr. BURTON, United States Minister at Bogota, by direction of Mr. SEWARD, has notified the Colombian government that the law of said government in regard to the rights of foreigners in this country is an infringement on the rules of international law and of treaty stipulations, and cannot be accepted by the United States. I send you Mr. BURTON'S note.

*Note of the Legation of the United States of America in regard to the Law which Defines the Condition of Foreigners, their Rights and Obligations.*

LEGATION OF THE U. S. OF AMERICA,
BOGOTA, Nov. 22, 1865.

The undersigned having, in accordance with what he indicated in his note of the 26th of last April, sent to his government a copy of the law of the Colombian Congress, which was passed on the 19th of April, 1865, and meant to affect the civil rights of foreigners in this Republic, together with the correspondence regarding the same, which was exchanged between the Department of Home and Foreign Relations of the Colombian Union and this Legation, the President of the United States of America, after having given to the law all consideration which its importance demands, is of opinion that some of the provisions of the same are in conflict with international law, and further in opposition to the treaties existing between Colombia and the United States, and notwithstanding the special article article which reserves to existing treaties their due force, the law in its principal parts is considered as supererogatory, with a manifest tendency to cause confusion and perhaps conflicts

Consequently the undersigned has received orders from his government to represent to that of Colombia that the United States of America cannot consider this new law as having any force or obligation which affects their citizens, in any case when said law may contravene to the existing treaties or international law.

The undersigned, obeying the imperious demand of that frank straightforwardness which always ought to characterize the intercourse between friendly nations, holds it to be his duty to represent to the Colombian government, besides: that the government of the United States of America finds itself obliged to retain the hope that the citizens of either of the two republics, within the territories that are subject to the jurisdiction of the other, be they passing through or residing in it, are respectively entitled to a real, effective and prompt reparation for all injuries done there to their rights in contravention of the stipulations of the existing treaties between the two countries, or of modern international usages; and as the government of the United States acknowledges its just obligation to make such reparation to Colombian citizens, whenever such injuries should unexpectedly be done to them, in the same manner it hopes, and will insist upon that equal justice be done to its own citizens, when their rights have been or may be so violated.

As the correspondence which formerly had taken place about this matter between the department of your Excellency and this Legation has been made public, it behooves the government of your Excellency to decide if the interests of their respective countries will be served by giving publicity also to the present note.

The undersigned avails himself of this occasion to renew to your Excellency the assurances of his distinguished consideration. ALLAN A. BURTON.

To His Excellency Sr. SANTIAGO PEREZ, Secretary of Home and Foreign Relations, &c., &c.

The steamer *Gen. McClellan*, belonging to the Quartermaster's Department, arrived at Aspinwall from New-Orleans on the 7th, with 700 troops and officers of the First Cavalry. They took passage on the P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer to San Francisco next day. The *McClellan* returned to New-Orleans on the 10th.

Capt. ALLAN MCLANE, President of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, came out on the *Henry Chauncey*, and returns on her to-day. His friends—who are the whole population, native and foreign—were glad to see him once again. He has been busily engaged, while here and at Aspinwall, in planning the construction of new wharves and warehouses for the accommodation of the great and rapidly-increasing trade of his company. Several buildings for the accommodation of the California and China trade will be constructed at Aspinwall.

Gen. KILPATRICK, U. S. Minister to Chili, took passage for Valparaiso on the British regular steamer on the 11th.

Messrs. N. BRANDON & Co., of Panama, have become the agents here of the Inman line of steamers between New-York and Queenstown, and offer through tickets very low. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company also advertise that passengers from here to Europe can go $60 cheaper in gold and 12 hours' quicker, including three days in New-York, and expenses while there, than they can go by way of the royal mail steamships between Aspinwall and Southampton!

The *St. Mary's* is here, and the *James Adger* at Aspinwall.

### Arrival of the United States Steamship Memphis from Key West.

The United States supply steamer *Memphis*, Acting Master W. F. PRATT, commanding, arrived yesterday, having left Key West on the 11th, and Port Royal 16th inst.

She sailed from New-York Dec. 2, 1865, with mails, officers and supplies for the Atlantic and Gulf Squadrons, calling in at Beaufort and Wilmington, N. C.; Charleston and Port Royal, S. C.; Key West, Tampa, Apalachicola and Pensacola, Fla., arriving at the latter place Dec. 18; left on the 27th, and arrived at Brazos, Texas, Dec. 30. On the morning of the 30th of December, sighted the Imperial French fleet off the Rio Grande. The *Memphis* experienced pleasant weather from leaving New-York until her arrival at Brazos, which port she left on the evening of the 31st of December.

At 5 A. M., Jan. 1, a heavy gale set in from N. N. W. with very high sea, and she was hove to for twelve hours. Arrived at Pensacola on her return trip Jan. 4, where she received on board coal and dispatches, and left 6th; arriving at Key West 8th, received stores and mails and sailed 11th, and arrived at Port Royal on the 13th, making the passage from Key West to Port Royal in 48 hours; owing to thick fogs was detained at the latter place until Jan. 16.

The *Memphis* reports the squadrons and all ports visited healthy—left the following vessels at Pensacola: Acting Rear-Admiral THATCHER'S flagship Estrella, the U. S. steamers Potomac, J. C. Kuhn, Glasgow, Chocura, Fearnot, Jessamin and Cowslip. Left at Key West U. S. steamer Muscoota, Commander THOMAS PATTISON, senior officer, and at Port Royal Commodore LANMAN'S flagship New-Hampshire.

The *Memphis* brought north from Brazos-Santiago the remains of JOS. W. SIDNEY, late 2d Assistant Engineer U. S. Navy, (formerly attached to the U. S. steamer *Pembina*,) which were carefully disinterred from the soldiers' burying-ground at that place, under the supervision of acting Ensign C. N. HICKS, executive officer. And from Key West the remains of E. D. D. BARTON, late A. A. Paymaster U. S. N. Also the remains of BRADFORD, late Mate U. S. N.

The following named passengers were brought North by the *Memphis* from the Gulf Squadron: A. A. Surgeon W. L. Wheeler, U. S. N.; A. A. Paymaster J. G. Toby, U. S. N.; Acting Ensign G. L. Gould and R. M. Clark, U. S. N.; Naval Storekeeper's Clerk J. W. Locke, U. S. N.; Paymaster's Clerk R. V. Breesen, U. S. N., and eight men for discharge. From the Atlantic Squadron, Capt. J. W. Higbee, U. S. Marine Corps, and two men for discharge.

By order of the senior officer at Key West, a passage North was afforded to Joseph Heinde, Constructing Engineer of the N. Y. Sub-Marine Company; also to S. H. Cotter, late master of American ship *Caroline Nesmith*; J. B. Minott, late master of bark *Waltham*, and P. Hamke, mate of Prussian bark *Marget*, all of which vessels were wrecked in the gale of October last.

The following is a list of officers now attached to the *Memphis*:

W. F. PRATT, Acting Master, commanding; Chas. N. Hicks, Acting Ensign and Executive Officer; J. W. Sherfey, Acting Passed Assistant Surgeon; Gilbert A. Robertson, Acting Assistant Paymaster; E. C. Taylor, Captain's Clerk and Mail Agent; Hy. P. Antes, Paymaster's Clerk; Caleb H. Armstrong, Acting Ensign and Sailing Master; Samuel A. Gove, Acting Ensign; Robert H. Carey, Acting Ensign; Thos. Mason, Acting Ensign; John Fenney, Mate; Wm. W. Hunter, Mate; Henry G. Thorburn, Mate; C. W. Pennington, Acting First Assistant Engineer; Chas. W. Clift, Acting Second Assistant Engineer; D. D. Fennell, Acting Second Assistant Engineer; Lucius Harlow, Acting Third Assistant Engineer; A. Mayer, Acting Third Assistant Engineer; L. G. Hart, Acting Third Assistant Engineer.

### THE STATE MILITIA.

### Important Decision by Judge-Advocate Harvey about Drafted Men.

*From the Owego Times.*

We subjoin a letter written by Judge-Advocate-General ALEX. W. HARVEY, which contains important information to drafted men. The facts of the case which gave rise to the letter are briefly as follows: Mr. MOYER was drafted, but was discharged by Judge TYLER, on account of physicial disability. Nevertheless he was remanded to court-martial, and fined $8, whereupon he addressed the Judge-Advocate, who replied as follows:

BUFFALO, Jan. 3, 1866.

*Jacob Moyer, Esq., Caughdenoy:*

DEAR SIR: Your communication of Dec. 25 has been received, in which you set forth the circumstances of your being drafted into the National Guard, and under which it is claimed that you are a member thereof.

The material question in the case seems to me to relate to the power of the County Judge, under the law of 1862, to decide claims for exemption from military service.

Section 299 of the military law, as in force until the amendments of 1865, provided that any person drafted might within a limited time present to the County Judge of such county his certificate of exemption, or other proof of his non-liability to military duty verified, and if such County Judge should decide that such person was exempt or not liable, he should be discharged, &c. Assuming that the provisions of the law had been properly complied with under the draft of which you complain, it is then material to ask if the County Judge had authority under the statute to decide claims to exemptions by reason of physical disability.

By the militia law of this State, in force prior to the year 1862, the commandant of each company was the authority to determine the age and ability to bear arms of the persons enrolled, subject to an appeal to the commanding officer of the regiment, and persons claiming such exemption by reason of inability to bear arms might produce the certificate of a surgeon or surgeon's mate, which, however, was not conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated.

By the law of 1862, the power to decide such claims for exemption is not given to the commandant of the company, but is expressly vested in the County Judge, when the application to him is duly made. Section 1 of the law provides that "all able-bodied white male citizens," &c., shall be subject to military duty, excepting certain classes. Section 8 provides for the enrollment, and section 10 provides that all persons claiming exemption shall file a statement thereof in a specified office. The statement mentioned in section 10 is intended to include claims for exemption by reason of physical disability, as the notice required by section 8 specifies that if any person claims exemption from military duty *for any reason*, he must file the statement of such exemption in manner and form prescribed by the 10th section.

No other authority than the County Judge is named in the law who can decide the validity of such claims for exemption, and I am of the opinion that the language of section 299 makes his decision, when duly rendered, final and conclusive. By the amendments of 1865, this section has been changed, and the power vested in the regimental commander.

I am, therefore, of the opinion that the certificate of the County Judge was final and conclusive in discharging you from the draft of 1864, the same having been obtained without fraud, and the statute having been duly complied with by you.

Very respectfully, yours,
ALEX. W. HARVEY,
Judge-Advocate-General.

## THE AMERICAN BORGIA.

### EXECUTION OF MARTHA GRINDER.

### She Confesses to Having Poisoned Two Women, Mary C. Caruthers and Jane R. Buchanan—Brief Sketch of the Case—Test of Her Sanity.

PITTSBURGH, Friday, Jan. 19.

MARTHA GRINDER, the poisoner, was executed to-day. She made a confession admitting the murder of MARY C. CARUTHERS and JANE C. BUCHANAN, but denied the other charges of poisoning brought against her. Contrary to general expectation, her deportment on the scaffold was calm and collected.

*Special Correspondence of the Philadelphia Press.*

PITTSBURGH, Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1866.

To-morrow, Mrs. MARTHA GRINDER, the Pittsburgh poisoner, will expiate her transgression of the laws of God and man upon the gallows. For the proper understanding of the case, it will be necessary to make a short resumé of the crime for which she is to suffer:

The murder on which she was arraigned was committed in Alleghany during the latter part of July and the first of August, 1865. The administration of the poison to the victim extended through a period of several weeks, during which time the accused was unremitting in her attentions to the sufferer, and exhibited so much apparent kindness and sympathy as to completely disarm suspicion.

After the death of the person whom she with her own hands destroyed, none were more careful in the preparation for the funeral than the murderess herself. Mrs. GRINDER, during the progress of her trial, evinced the greatest coolness, giving the appearance rather of a spectator than that of the felon. When the jurors were called, she instructed her lawyers as to which of them should be challenged, and frequently suggested to her counsel questions to be asked the witnesses.

The most important witness was the husband of the deceased, JAMES S. CARUTHERS. He testified that his wife, MARY CAROLINE CARUTHERS, died on the 1st of August, 1865. The body was buried, but was exhumed on the 30th of August. His wife took sick on the evening of the 27th of June last. She was affected by vomiting, purging, affection in her throat, burning sensation in the stomach, pain in the breast and dizziness, nausea, &c. Mrs. GRINDER, who lived next door, on Gray's-alley, in Alleghany City, was among the foremost in her attentions to the dying woman. The evidence of Mr. CARUTHERS showed that immediately after partaking of the food sent by Mrs. GRINDER, himself, and whoever else partook, were affected in the same manner as his wife at the time of her first taking sick. The poisoning continuing, the physician became alarmed, and therefore advised Mr. and Mrs. CARUTHERS to leave, for a time, their residence, and go to the country. They did so, and while away both rapidly recovered, their health remaining good during the whole time they were absent. Upon their return home, however, the attentions of Mrs. GRINDER recommenced, and again the strange sickness manifested itself. The mother of the deceased was sent for, as even at this time it was thought her daughter could not recover. She arrived on the 28th of July, and, partaking of the food sent by Mrs. GRINDER, was taken sick, the same symptoms manifesting themselves as in the case of her daughter and son-in-law. The evidence of Mr. CARUTHERS was supported by that of other witnesses. There was also evidence showing that Mrs. GRINDER had poisoned the family of Mrs. MARGUERITE SMITH, who lived next door to Mrs. CARUTHERS, by a bowl of soup. The family was composed of the mother and six children, all of whom but one eat of the soup, and here, as before, all who eat were immediately taken sick—one, a child, dying. When the doctor stated to Mrs. SMITH that the sickness was the effect of poison, and Mrs. SMITH, repeating the assertion to Mrs. GRINDER, our modern Borgia quickly replied, "That man is a fool." The body of Mrs. CARUTHERS being exhumed, a chemical examination of the stomach was made by eminent chemists, and arsenic and antimony were discovered in large quantities. Articles of clothing belonging to the deceased were found in the possession of Mrs. GRINDER. The officer who arrested the condemned testified that although the wretched woman made no statement in regard to the charges against her, she said that she had had the matter fixed, and she supposed she would have to go to jail.

Another witness testified that on the morning of the arrest Mrs. GRINDER was making preparations to leave the city. The case went to the jury on Friday, Oct. 27. They agreed on Saturday, the day following. Their verdict was guilty of murder in the first degree. The prisoner was sentenced to be hung on Friday, Jan. 19, 1866, between the hours of 10 and 2.

During the reading of the verdict the prisoner maintained the same composure exhibited by her during the trial, and left the court-room with a firm, elastic step. She protests her innocence, and says she is the victim of a conspiracy.

Since her imprisonment Mrs. GRINDER has been visited almost daily by her husband, and on some occasions the interviews have been very affecting.

Until the last week she showed great courage and fortitude in bearing up against the horrors of her situation; but latterly her strong will seems to have given way, and she is sinking rapidly, both in health and spirits.

An opinion was for a time quite rife that Mrs. GRINDER is a homicidal monomaniac, that she committed the murder without criminal intent. This theory, however pretty it may be, has, as your telegraph report has by this time informed you, been unceremoniously dashed to the ground. The medical committee, composed of Dr. JOHN CURWIN, of the State Lunatic Asylum of Harrisburgh; Dr. J. R. REED, of the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane, and Dr. J. KING, of this city, late Surgeon-General of the State. It was 5 o'clock on Tuesday before Dr. CURWIN reached the city, and shortly after the members of the commission, accompanied by the District Attorney, called at the jail, and announced to the Warden the object of their visit. Mr. WHITE immediately informed Mrs. GRINDER that three gentlemen had called at the office for the purpose of looking at the jail, and, as they were desirous of seeing her, he would, if she had no objection, introduce them. She made no objection, and the gentlemen forming the commission, the District Attorney, and one or two others were admitted to her cell, where a rufining conversation ensued, which the culprit maintained with spirit for a period of nearly two hours. Dr. REED did the chief part of the talking on the part of the commission, with a word put in occasionally by Dr. KING, and semi-occasionally by Dr. CURWIN. The other spectators were mere "lookers-on," and took no part in the conversation.

Dr. REED opened the conversation by inquiries concerning her health, &c., put in that mild, insinuating manner characteristic of the man. All his questions were answered without hesitation and with remarkable spirit and intelligence. After dwelling on this subject for some time, the doctor next adverted to her age, her married life, her girlhood, &c., and to all his questions he received prompt and straightforward replies. She stated, among other things, that she was born in 1833, and was twice married, the first time in Harrodsburgh, Ind., at the early age of fourteen; that she had two children by her first husband and none by her second; that her general health had been good, and that she never used morphia, or anyt hing of the kind, though she knew the effects of such stimulants.

The Doctor next questioned her as regarded the crime with which she stood charged, and whether she regarded the taking of human life by poison as sinful, &c. She replied that she knew murder was wrong, and that it was a sin to take life. On this head her answers were exceedingly direct and intelligent. The case of Mrs. CARUTHERS, of whose murder she stands convicted, was then brought up by Dr. REED, remarking that he had glanced over the evidence, and inquiring upon what theory she could account for her death, if not upon the hypothesis that she had been poisoned. To this she answered that she did not know what caused her death, and that she had no theory about it. With a view, then, of testing her memory, the doctor referred to the case of a Mrs. HUTCHINSON, who fell on Hand-street in a sort of fit, and was removed to Mrs. GRINDER'S house, from which she was afterward sent to the asylum, crazy, it was said, from morphine administered her while there. She went over the whole affair as it occurred, detailing every incident connected with it, of which she was cognizant, in a clear and straightforward manner.

Some ordinary topics were next discussed, after which the matter of her trial was referred to, and a question put to her by Dr. CURWIN as to how long it lasted, &c. She answered that it had continued some seven days, and then, as if not quite certain, asked the warden if it was not so. But I will not pursue the conversation further. Suffice it to say that the commission interrogated her upon everything likely to develop systems of insanity, if any existed, and the nature of her answers may be inferred from what I have written above.

The unhappy woman was purposely kept in ignorance of the object for which the commission visited her until yesterday, when they informed her who they were, the purpose of their visit, and the conclusion that they had arrived at in her case, namely, that she was perfectly sane, adding that there was now no hope for her, and urging her to make proper preparations for the awful future before her. She was much affected by the announcement, and wept bitterly, but she soon grew calmer, and requested Rev. Mr. DERMOTT, her former pastor, to visit her in the afternoon, which he did, praying and conversing with her at some length. She was deeply moved by the interview, and begged him to call and see her again. He promised to do so, and will visit her this morning. In reply to an earnest appeal from him as to whether she had stated and told all she intended, she replied, with considerable hesitation, "Yes, pretty much."

While this interview was in progress, her regular spiritual adviser called upon her, and talked and prayed with her at great length. She seemed deeply affected, and more humble and penitent than at any time since her imprisonment. A great change has evidently been wrought in her, and now that her days are surely numbered, and that the false hopes which well-meaning but misguided people had raised in her breast have fallen to the ground, it is not at all improbable that her heart will yield to the smitings of conscience and her soul acknowledge the irresistible power of truth.

To-day the condemned is in good spirits. She seems to be nerving herself for the last act of the terrible tragedy. She, however, slept but little last night, and ate little to-day.

It may perhaps be of interest to know that in the history of our State is already recorded the execution of two women, both for murder. MARY TWIGGS was hung at Danville, Montour County, on the 22d day of October, 1858, for poisoning her husband. CHARLOTTE JONES, who was convicted of murdering her uncle and aunt, assisted by a man named FIFE, was hung, as was also FIFE, on the 1st of February, 1858, in this city. The murder took place at the house of the assassins, who, it seems, lived together. CHARLOTTE was about thirty-five years of age. No other woman has, I believe, suffered the extreme penalty of the law in Pennsylvania.

### THE GREAT PICTURE SALE.

### The "Hunter Collection" Sold and Scattered—Pictures, Prices and Purchasers.

Last evening was the third and last of the sale of the artistic collection of the late Mr. JOHN HUNTER, which sale has been conducted under the every-way admirable management of Messrs. HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, the well-known auctioneers. As is customary on such occasions, the choicest pictures of the collection were reserved until the last evening, although the excellence and undoubted genuineness of those disposed of on the former evenings were sufficiently well known to the world of picture-buyers to secure a crowded house each night, despite the opposing attraction of the Academy exhibition. Each evening, at a very early hour, the hall was crowded with an anxious throng, eager alike to see and admire, and also to purchase and secure some of the many gems of the art preservative. The paintings were arranged on the spacious walls in situations best calculated to display their various merits to the fullest advantage. Many ladies were in attendance, and, in the early hours, while the room was not yet crowded, these fair connoisseurs were eagerly engaged in examining the various works, in descanting on their artistic merits, speculating on their commercial value, and making private memoranda in their well-studied catalogues for instant reference in the more hurried and excited moments of bidding. The front seats were very properly mostly given up to the mud-defying, petticoated sex, and though their fair lips were not often opened in audible bidding, their hints and suggestions prompted the bids of more than one gentleman whose stronger voice was better calculated to attract the quick ear of the auctioneer.

The sale began each evening promptly at the appointed hour, and last night even a little before, for the reason that in addition to the more active competition expected, the list of paintings was numerically larger than on any prior evening, and special exertions were requisite to enable the sale to be concluded at a reasonably early hour in the evening.

As on the previous nights, Mr. LEEDS, in person, first mounted the stand, and for the first two hours or so conducted affairs, after which time his partner, Mr. MINER, succeeded him, and brought the sale to a conclusion.

As our report of the sale of Thursday night was, on account of lack of space cut particularly short, we will here and now devote a few words to it, inasmuch as a number of pictures of first-class merit were sold on that evening.

The first picture offered Thursday night was one of the German or rather Dutch school, being an "Interior, with boors gamboling," by BERGHEIM. Though the value of this picture was somewhat enhanced by the fact that the artist's autograph was signed on the back, it brought but the insignificant sum of $16, which was given by Mr. SPIES. For the next one, a "Singing Party," by nobody knows who, Mr. LELAND gave $17. From this rather unpromising beginning the bidding ran along still at low prices, ranging from $11 to $60, until number 161, and 162, its companion, were put up. These two paintings are from the brush of NICHOLAS FRAGONARD, (whose works extend over the time from 1733 to 1806,) and represent "Alexander the Great Elevating Abdalomyne, the gardener, to the Kingdom of Sidon," and "Alexander the Great after his return from Egypt, visiting the Temple of Jupiter Ammon." Both are executed on copper, and a rather brisk competition was excited, and the two were finally struck off to Mr. RANDOLPH, at $105 each. Again an interval of low prices and small or inferior pictures, until No. 181 was put up, when a spirited bidding commenced between several gentlemen, each of whom seemed determined to secure the work at all pecuniary hazard. It is a large canvas (67x64 inches) painted by FRANCIS SNYDERS—subject, "Hunting the Boar"—and it really is a production of great spirit and vigor of action. This artist was cotemporary with RUBENS, and, as the catalogue informs us, was often employed by that master to paint animals and certain minor accessories into RUBENS' own productions. Howsoever that may be, this work was evidently much desired by many gentlemen, who entered into a brisk and lively competition, which resulted in Mr. MCLAUGHLIN taking the prize at the sum of $260.

Mr. PLATT secured No. 182, by PAOLO CAGLIARI, or PAOLO VERONESE, which represents "Christ in the house of the Pharisee, the woman anointing the feet of the Savior." This is an admirable painting of the popular Venetian school, and is executed by one of its best known artists, in his very happiest manner. Price $210.

Mr. BEAUMONT secured No. 186, the "Joseph Interpreting the Dreams" of F. G. OFFELE, (1,759,) at the figure of $200.

The next work of special merit was a large painting of PETER PAUL RUBENS, entitled, "The Murder of the Innocents," and it is a most elaborate and admirable work. The purchaser was fortunate in securing it at the comparatively low mark of $340.

A Teniers, (DAVID, the younger,) representing "Monkeys," was knocked down to Mr. RANDOLPH for $56. Mr. WADE bought "The Music Party," by HORREMAN'S, (JOHN, the younger,) for $165, thereby securing an admirable and beautiful work. The "Ascension of the Virgin," by PIETRO BERRETINI, was sold to Mr. TRAVERS for $150. This gentleman also got a "Market Scene," by GIACOMO DA PONTE, for $100. A landscape by CUYP was sold to Mr. J. WARD for $110. Mr. MCLAUGHLIN secured No. 220, a "Grecian Daughter," a very well-known subject which has been treated in almost every conceivable manner by other artists. This one is from the easel of ANTHONY SCHOONJAUS, and the price was $110.

The last three pictures offered on Thursday evening were "Dead Game, Lobster and Fruit," by WEENIX, (JOHN, the younger,) and was purchased by Mr. MORRIS for $415. This same gentleman also bought the next on the list, "A Stable Yard," by GEORGE MORLAND, an undoubted original. Price $530. The last one offered on the second evening's sale was "Fox, Dog and Dead Fowl," by PAUL DE VOS, and was bought by Mr. BAKER for $370. This is a picture of great spirit and truthfulness to nature, and of unquestioned high merit. It is the best picture of the style in the entire collection, and the purchaser got it at a bargain.

On the first evening there were sold 123 pictures, which yielded $3,433. The second evening there were also brought under the hammer 123 paintings, which went for an aggregate of $6,895, or a total of 246 pictures sold, and $10,328 realized on Wednesday and Thursday nights. On Friday evening there remained to be disposed of 127 pictures, among which were many of the gems of the collection, the most valuable both in an artistic and financial point of view, though, by the way, the intrinsic and the fancy pecuniary valuation of a picture do not by any means always tally.

There were present last night a number of the leading artists of the city, an eager crowd of buyers with heavy purses and well-lined pocket-books, and, as before stated, a large number of ladies.

The entire amount of sales last night footed up $18,916 50, making a grand total of all realized for the entire collection of $29,244 50. The highest price paid was for a piece entitled, "The Swing," by ANTHONY WATTEAU, which brought $1,250, which sum was paid by Mr. D. MARLEY. Many others brought as high as $500, $700, $850, or more. On the whole the sale has been most satisfactory to those having it in charge, and, strange to say, the buyers as well as the sellers are equally well satisfied, not usually the case in any sort of bargaining.

For the accommodation extended to the press, for kindly information given and statistics furnished, we have heartily to thank Messrs. LEEDS & MINER, and their efficient corps of gentlemanly assistants, including Mr. JOHN FEEKS, the intelligent colored man in charge of the rooms.

Among the most extensive buyers on the three nights were several well-known gentlemen, most of whom purchased for private collections belonging to themselves or to others for whom they were acting merely as temporary agents; a few, however, of the works were purchased for public galleries, or by dealers for the purpose of being sold again.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

The settlement of the suffrage question is second only to that of coffee. The best in the world is KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. For sale by all grocers. Wholesale Depot No. 154 Reade-st.

### Movements of Ocean Steamers.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| FROM AMERICA. | | | |
| Erin | Jan. 20 | New-York | Liverpool. |
| City of Baltimore | Jan. 20 | New-York | Liverpool. |
| Borussia | Jan. 20 | New-York | Hamburg. |
| Arago | Jan. 20 | New-York | Havre. |
| FROM EUROPE. | | | |
| England | Jan. 3 | Liverpool | New-York. |
| City of New-York | Jan. 3 | Liverpool | New-York. |
| Hansa | Jan. 3 | Southampton | New-York. |
| Washington | Jan. 5 | Havre | New-York. |
| Asia | Jan. 6 | Liverpool | Boston. |
| Germania | Jan. 10 | Hamburg | New-York. |
| New-York | Jan. 17 | Southampton | New-York. |

### New-Orleans, Havana and S. America.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| New-York | Jan. 20 | Aspinwall. |
| Santiago de Cuba | Jan. 20 | Nicaragua. |
| Fung Shuey | Jan. 20 | New-Orleans. |

### Departure of Ocean Mails.

Mails for Europe, via Hamburg, per steamer *Borussia*, close to-day, at 10:30 A. M.; via Falmouth and Havre, per steamer *Arago*, also to-day, at 1 P. M.; via Queenstown, per steamer *City of Baltimore*, at 10:30 A. M.

### Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at............5 A. M., 1:30, 2:30 and 6 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails.5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island..........................5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River......................................3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad................................3 P. M.
North Mails..........................5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
North Mail, Way.......................5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at...........5 A. M., 4:30, 5:30 and 10:30 P. M.

### Passengers Arrived.

*In steamship Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall*—N. Jacobs, wife and 2 children; Mrs. E. C. Andrews, Capt. A. Le Page, N. H. Longworthy, H. T. Huford, wife and 2 children; H. A. Charles, wife and 3 children; Miss M. Charles, Miss J. B. Gray, James Cunningham, Frank Sievens, A. Silverstone, L. E. Morgan, L. E. Avery, Mrs. S. A. Depew, E. W. Teacle, E. Sparrow and servant, Miss Lizzie Bell, Col. G. G. Briggs, Col. Milo George, Mrs. S. B. Stevens and daughter, —— Garnet, Capt. M. Brown, M. Nickerson, A. Stevenson, J. M. Gearhart, Henry Murphy, R. C. Lee, Mrs. Lee, J. D. Wilson, G. Clements, wife and 2 children; Dr. R. A. Egbert and wife, Miss K. Gossler, Alfred Gill, P. A. Haven, P. S. Shaw, Col. A. H. Markland and wife, Mrs. C. E. Hawley, Miss D. Hawley, C. W. Bayden, W. F. Coleman, A. W. McMahon, James Hecht, A. Kattenhan, A. W. Adams, W. J. Wood and wife, M. Brennan, C. M. Jacobo, Jacob Shick and brother, H. Sawyer, A. C. Jones, L. Acklev, B. S. Bonlam, W. J. Kelly, Samuel Kelly, J. M. Asher, Jas. Johnson, E. C. Smith, J. W. Alexander, Alex. Badger, A. P. French, G. W. Pickering, Mrs. Adams, Isaac Burnes, R. G. Flint, M. Leach, Mrs. B. W. Frauh and two children, Ira Williams, N. W. Forsyth, wife and four children, Jas. Armstrong, Moore Kerr and wife, S. Foster, R. C. Buckingham, wife and child, C. L. Perkins, F. Clark, W. M. Doran, H. Barnes, Wm. Clifford, J. R. King, Mrs. O'Brien, A. Henry, wife and two children, and 58 steerage.

From Aspinwall—Mrs. H. Lorhidge, H. De Birmingham, M. Quardioli, wife and three children, Mrs. Lynch, H. A. Hatch, Jas. Bowden, W. Borda, M. Whelan, H. Tedich, T. M. Dewall, T. Jachs, D. T. Hinkley.

*In steamship Corsica from Havana.*—Mrs. Bunch and daughter, T. A. H. Brinsdon, L. A. Novas, Thomas McGran, John Brocker, James Blair, Miss Blair, Mrs. Blair and child, Capt. E. Lewis, Capt. Woodfine, Capt. Whedden, Mr. Strecker, E. Adderly, Capt. O. B. Outerbridge, Jos. McCully, Capt. H. N. Burdett, Staff-Surgeon Morphen, Mr. Van Riper, G. W. Hartley, Capt. F. Todd and 16 deck passengers. Total 38.

*In steamship Champion, from New-Orleans*—Dr. D. Schofield and servant, Lieut. Eugene L. Linn, Geo. E. Paris, H. Delano, Mrs. Potts and child, Judge E. Histand, J. P. A. Mertz, G. W. Haltz, C. W. Smith, Mrs. and Miss Betterson, Mrs. Wilkison and servant, D. A. Sterns, wife and children, W. R. Watson and wife, Geo. Wienges.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 7 20 | Sun sets..... 5 03 | Moon sets.... 9 36

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..10 29 | Gov. Island.11 18 | Hell Gate...12 40

## MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Jan. 19.

### Cleared.

Steamships Wyandotte, Sherwood, Boston, Whitney & Hathaway; Ottawa, Archer, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Borussia, (Ham.,) Schwensen, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; City of Baltimore, McGuigen, Liverpool, J. G. Dale.

Ships Memnon, Baker, New-Orleans, R. H. Drummond & Co.; Victory, Briggs, Liverpool, D. Ogden.

Barks Shallett, (Br.,) Willis, London, McCully & Marsh; Voyager, (Br.,) Wylie, Havana, W. W. Russel & Co.

Brigs Favorite, Duell, Barbados, H. Trowbridge & Son; Chebucto, (Br.,) McPherson, Halifax, Brett, Son & Co.; Jabotos, (Braz.,) De Cunna, Pernambuco, H. H. Swift & Co.; Jessie Rhynas, Jones, New-Orleans, N. H. Brigham; Ada, (Br.,) Card, Demarara, Peniston & Co.

Schooners J. S. Welden, Weaver, Plymouth, N. C., Van Brunt & Slaght; W. W. Brainerd, Pendleton, Galveston, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Isabella, Dorman, Port-au-Prince, Davison & Co.; C. S. Edwards, Garwood, Galveston, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Blackstone, Allen, Providence, G. N. Stranahan; S. Hale, Coleman, Taunton; Hope, (Br.,) Canning, St. John, N. B., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Jennie Morton, Freeholy, Savannah, I. B. Gager.

Sloop Ida Vail, Vail, New-Haven, Bentley, Smith & Co.

### Arrived.

Steamship Corsica, (Br.,) Le Messurier, Havana Jan. 13, and Nassau 15th, at 12:30 P. M., with mdse. and passengers to E. Cunard. Steamship Montgomery, Ryder, hence for New-Orleans, put into Nassau on the 13th inst. with loss of rudder.

Steamship Henry Chauncy, Gray, Aspinwall Jan. 12, 8 P. M., with passengers, mails and treasure to F. W. G. Bellows, Agent. Jan. 16, at 1 A. M., in Crooked Island Passage, passed steamship Atlanta, bound to Aspinwall.

Steamship Champion, Furber, New-Orleans with mdse. and passengers to James A. Raynor. 17th, 2 P. M., lat. 34 46 N., lon. 75 20 W., passed bark Scotland, of New-York, bound W.

U. S. steamship Memphis, W. F. Pratt, Acting Master, commanding, Key West Jan. 11, and Port Royal 16th.

Ship Hudson, Pratt, London and Portsmouth Dec. 2, with mails and 134 passengers to E. E. Morgan & Son. Jan. 7, Christene Bergen, seaman, died; 8th, in a gale, John Brown, seaman, while furling the foretopsail, fell from the yard overboard and was lost.

Ship Narragansett, Hamlin, Bordeau 72 ds., with wine, &c., to J. Atkins & Co. Has had heavy gales the entire passage.

Bark Washington, (Hamb.,) Peyn, Hamb 72 ds., with mdse. and 172 passengers to R. M. Sloman & Edye. Has had heavy northerly and westerly gales the entire passage: stove hatch-houses and bulwarks.

Bark Campanero, (of Liverpool,) Spates, Pernambuco Dec. 16, via Hampton Roads 16th inst., with sugar to Pendergast Bros. Put into Hampton Roads for orders.

Bark Annie Sherwood, (of Barbados,) Gilchrist, Leghorn Oct. 29, with marble and rags to J. W. Elwell. Put into Fortress Monroe for a supply of provisions.

Bark Ibis, Westendorff, Galveston 21 ds., with cotton and wool to Tupper & Beattie.

Bark M. & E. Robbins, Robbins, Ardrossen 52 ds., with iron to Edmonston Bros.

Bark Lunecaleta, Migals, Marseilles 68 ds., with mdse. to Simon de Visser.

Brig Hannah, (of Halifax, N. S.,) Connauton, Rio Grande 73 ds., with hides and horns to Brett, Son & Co. Was towed up to the city in distress, having three feet of water in the hold, pumps constantly going, and all hands exhausted, having, when in lat. 28 30, lon. 72 50, encountered a hurricane from N. N. W. to W. S. W., during which sprung a leak, and split and lost sails, sprung jibboom and received other damage. Jan. 11, lat. 28 43, lon. 73 20, spoke bark Persistant, of and for Havre, from New-Orleans, 10 ds. out, who supplied the H. with provisions.

Brig Hulda, (Norweg.,) Lindstedt, Malaga Nov. 24 and Gibraltar 30th, with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Has had heavy N. W. gales most of the passage; started head and received other damage.

Brig Cacique, (Braz.,) Cintra, Rio Grande Nov. 13, with hides, &c., to John Bento & Co. Has had heavy N. W. gales N. of Hatteras.

Brig Henry Means, (of Dennis,) Hall, Wilmington, N. C., 5 ds., with lumber to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig B. Smith, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Godfrey, East Harbor, T. I., 20 ds., with salt, &c., to G. F. Pennistan & Co. Left no vessels in port.

Brig Henry & Louise, Potter, Miragoane 21 ds., with logwood and coffee to H. Becker & Co.

Brig M. E. Rowland, Rowland, Mobile 18 ds., with cotton to I. B. Gager.

Brig Clio, (of Halifax,) Benson, Pernambuco Dec. 18, with sugar and cotton to Jones & Lough.

Brig Camilla, (of Bermuda,) Hollis, Manzanilla 25 ds., with mahogany, &c., to McColl & Frith. Jan. 10, lat. 29, lon. 72, saw part of the deck-frame of a vessel, not long in the water.

Schr. Charles P. Stickney, Mathias, Georgetown, S. C., 14 ds., with mdse. to Goldthwait & Overton.

Schr. Wide World, Hildreth, Charleston, with cotton, &c., to N. L. McCready & Co.

Schr. Pacific, Farrow, Washington, N. C.

Schr. W. A. Ellis, Bishop, Mobile, with cotton, &c.

SAILED—From Quarantine, steamship Matanzas.

### Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—Arr. barks Orchilla, Emma and Rachel, from Key West; brigs American Union, from New-Orleans; Randolph, from Mobile.

Also arr. steamer Dortes, Havana; Glaucus, New-York; brigs Moore, Rotterdam; Rolerson, Charleston.

FORTRESS MONROE, Jan. 19.—Arr. bark Adelaide, Rio Janeiro, leaking badly; schr. Lynchburg, for Baltimore, disabled; brig Susan West, from Cape of Good Hope for New-York; crew arrested for mutiny.

GLOUCESTER, Jan. 19.—Arr. brig Selma, from Key West, for Boston.

WOOD'S HOLE, Jan. 19.—Passed by, steamer Glaucus, from New-York, for Boston.

### Miscellaneous.

Schr. Richard Thompson, Capt. Cramner, went ashore about Jan. 14 near Chincoteague Island, Md., and will be a total loss. She had a cargo of wood. The materials will be sold Jan. 28.

Ship Escort, lately cut through by ice, has been raised by the Coast Wrecking Co., and will soon discharge. The vessel was raised with her cargo all on board.

RETURNED.—Steamer Oriole, Artazas, for Havana, from this port, returned yesterday with machinery deranged.

### Spoken, &c.

Carrier—schr., of New-Haven, hence for the West Indies, 7 ds. out, Jan. 3, lat. 27 04, lon. 71.

Minnie Miller—schr., from Portland, for the West Indies, Jan. 1, lat. 32 40, lon. 72 05.

W. B. Sawyer—brig, from Philadelphia for Savannah, Jan. 11, lat. 30, lon. 79.

### Foreign Ports.

At Pernambuco, Dec. 18, brigs Roseway, for Boston Dec. 20; Fawn, for Bahia 19th, to load sugar for Hampton Roads.

At Rio Grande, Nov. 4, brig Pessita and schr. Margaret, ready to sail for New-York.

At Manzanilla, Dec. 25, bark Persia, of and for Bristol, Eng., Jan. 10.

ASPINWALL.—Arr. Jan. 3, bark Joseph A. Davis, West, Philadelphia; brigs S. Duncan, Tyler, New-York; Clara Brown, Brown, Boston; 7th, steamship McClellan, Davis, New-Orleans; 11th, schr. Lydia, Humphreys, San Blas.

Sld. 9th, barks Idaho, Chapman, New-York; Sparkling Dew, Morgan, Jamaica; 11th, brig S. Duncan, Tyler, Cuba.

[PER NOVA SCOTIAN.]

Arr. from New-York, Nov. 12, Erwin; 19th, Mary Broughton; 23d, Magna Charta, at Buenos Ayres; 27th, Julius Dundremian; Dec. 7, Hermina, at Rio Janeiro; Nov. 21, Madeira, Maraham; Dec. 7, Clio; 12th, Fawn and Roseway, at Pernambuco; 24th, Adlar, at Naples; 26th, Sieon, at Venice; 29th, Germania and Belle Bean, at Havre; 30th, Minerva, Helvetia and Julia, at Antwerp; 31st, Columbus, at Flushing; Jan. 1, Plymouth Rock; 2d, Atalanta (steamship) and Rhine, at Deal; Dec. 31, Atmosphere and Chancellor; Jan. 2, Sir Robert Peel; 3d, William Tapscott and Mozart; 4th, Empire Queen, Wm. Gillies and Energy, at Liverpool.

Arr. from Boston, Nov. 23, Octavia, at Rio Janeiro; Jan. 1, Natapa, at Weymouth; Dec. 31, Cairo, at Queenstown.

Arr. from Philadelphia, Dec. 31, Octavia, at Falmouth; Francois Bourreuf and Thomas Killam, at Flushing; Jan. 3, R. Walsh, at Liverpool.

Arr. from City Point, Jan. 2, South America, at Deal.

Arr. from Mobile, Aurora; 3d, Casualidad, at Liverpool.

Arr. from Charleston 1st inst., Echo, in the Clyde.

Arr. from New-Orleans 29th ult., St. Paul, at Havre; 2d inst., Zephyr, H. L. Routh, and Crystal; 3d, Gettysburg, at Liverpool.

Arr. from Galveston 3d inst., E. P. Gore, at Liverpool.

Sld. for New-York 24th Nov., Bidwell, from Buenos Ayres; 25th, Catharina and Adelaide; Dec. 1, Gndine and Kanawaga; 2d, Tolkyrien; 3d, Kanova; 5th, B. Jarne from Rio Janeiro.

Sld. for Philadelphia Dec 7, Union, from Pernambuco.

Sld. for New-Orleans Nov. 24, Diana, from Rio Janeiro.

MEM.—The ship Live Oak, from Liverpool for New-York, is at Holyhead.

The South American, from Boston for London, was supplied with two anchors at Margate.

The Elizabeth Cain, from Ardrossan for Boston, was docked at Queenstown, leaky.

The Caroline, from London for New-York, was at Portsmouth on the 1st.

The Lizzie Moses, from Doal for New-York, put back on the 1st.

The ship Chattanooga, from Liverpool for Boston, put into Queenstown on the 4th, leaky, having lost bowsprit, maintopmast, &c.

The ship Pleiades, from Richibucto for Belfast, previously reported abandoned, was picked up and towed into Londonderry Jan. 3.

The ship W. F. Storer, from New-York for Liverpool, put into Rothsay Dec. 31.

*Latest Shipping Intelligence.*

Arr. from New-York, Tolleres and Columbus, at Antwerp; Agnes, at Flushing; Cleozatra, at Cuxhaven; Bremen, at Bremen; Meman, at Hong Kong; Pete Western, at Liverpool.

Arr. from Philadelphia, Francoise Rurneuf, at Antwerp; Dashing Wave, at Flushing.

Arr. from Mobile, Helen Sands, at Havre.

Arr. from New-Orleans, Barcelo, at Barcelona.

Arr. from San Francisco, Oracle, at Kong Kong.

Arr. from Maulmain, Lizzie Oakford, at Calcutta.

Arr. from Callao, Colombo, at Hong Kong.

MEM.—Bark Meridian, abandoned, is a total wreck near Valentia. Efforts were being made to save her cargo.

Bark Norma, from Richmond for London, is ashore on Goodwin Sands; crew saved.

Ship W. F. Storer, from New-York for Liverpool, which put into Rothsay, had lost part of her sails and had her cargo shifted.

Ship Gen. Williams, from Liverpool for Boston, put into Lamlash on the 2d for shelter, undamaged.

Ship Harry Werren, from Boston, was at Madras, dismasted.

Ship Albion, from Liverpool for New-York, is ashore at Stromness.

Ship Guy Mannering, from New-York for Liverpool, is reported safe at anchor off the Island of Mull, Scotland.

The ship Gustave, from Havre from New-York, put into Medford on the 2d leaky; lost her sails, bulwarks, foremast sprung.

Ship St. Mary, for New-York, while lying in the Mersey, received damage from a ship being launched.

Ship George Chaplain, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, was off Queenstown on the 5th, leaky; lost sails, and had decks swept.

CATARRH!
CURED BY INHALING
A HARMLESS FLUID
OF AGREEABLE ODOR.
The Sense of Taste and Smell
RESTORED.
DR. R. GOODALE'S
CATARRH REMEDY

Has cured more cases of Catarrh than all the other remedies put together, as thousands can testify, who have tried every other known means of cure in vain, and have been permanently cured by using

DR. R. GOODALE'S CATARRH REMEDIES.

It will certainly cure, if you follow the directions upon the bottles, which are very simple and plain.

SOME OF THE FIRST PHYSICIANS ARE RECOMMENDING IT.

Do not allow the druggist to palm off any other preparation upon you. If they do not keep it, send money to the Agent, and it will be forwarded at once. Price, $1 per bottle, each. Send stamp for Pamphlet.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of DR. R. GOODALE'S CATARRH REMEDY will please notice that the genuine article bears the signature of "R. GOODALE, M. D.," upon the wrapper, and no other signature; and that C. R. PARKER, No. 75 Bleecker-st., New-York, is his sole agent for the sale of same.

ROBBERS!

Below are the names and business address of one hundred gentlemen who are using the BURGLAR ALARM TELEGRAPH.

Any one requiring more evidence of its utility, deserves to be robbed every night:

| | |
|---|---|
| CHARLES A. MEIGS | 50 Exchange-place |
| E. HAIGHT | President Bank of the Commonwealth |
| A. A. LOW | Burling-slip |
| JAMES O. LOW | Burling-slip |
| E. H. R. LYMAN | Wall-st |
| WILLIAM E. DODGE | Cliff-st |
| WILLIAM E. DODGE, Jr. | Cliff-st |
| JAMES BROWN | Brown Brothers, Wall-st |
| C. D. DICKEY | Brown Brothers, Wall-st |
| JOHN T. LIGHTBODY | 34 Beekman-st |
| JOHN A. ROBINSON | 22d-st |
| J. H. DRAPER | 36 Pine-st |
| N. A. BALDWIN | 363 Canal-st |
| J. COOPER LORD | 139 Greenwich-st |
| H. A. MOTT | 17 Broad-st |
| S. BURRILL | 64 Pearl-st |
| J. W. ELWELL | 59 South-st |
| COE ADAMS | 164 Chambers-st |
| R. W. ADAMS | 116 Wall-st |
| ROBERT COLGATE | 289 Pearl-st |
| R. POILLON | 224 South-st |
| JACOB CAMPBELL | President Pacific Bank |
| JOSEPH MATTISON | 347 Pearl-st |
| F. CROWELL GORE | Irving Bank |
| S. J. TILDEN | 12 Wall-st |
| W. J. SCHENCK | 176 Front-st |
| W. W. EVANS | 47 Exchange-place |
| H. A. KENT | 54 Broad-st |
| J. B. TREVOR | Trevor & Colgate |
| F. SKIDDY | 101 Wall-st |
| SAMUEL SHEATHERS | Canal-st |
| R. T. MASON | North American Ins. Co |
| I. T. WILLIAMS | 79 Nassau-st |
| W. SMITH BROWN | 53 Chambers-st |
| GEO. A. WICKS | 81 Franklin-st |
| MARTIN BATES, Jr. | 51 Broadway |
| EDWARD FULLER | 53 Park-place |
| WALTER VAIL | 58 Park-place |
| C. C. SMITH | 53 Park-place |
| W. F. COLEMAN | 71 Wall-st |
| D. HODGEMAN | 27 Maiden-lane |
| J. ATKINS | 38 South-st |
| CHAS. EASTON | Pearl and Wall sts |
| J. G. OGDEN | Custom-house |
| JAMES A. EDGAR | 95 Front-st |
| JOHN M. PENDLETON | 53 Pine-st |
| HENRY W. T. MALL | 135 Duane-st |
| R. W. RUSSELL | 29 Broadway |
| C. MURRAY | Cashier Amer. Exchange Bank |
| SIMON DEVISSER | 52 Exchange-place |
| CHARLES CARVILL | Barclay-st |
| G. A. FELLOWS | 12 Beaver-st |
| J. B. NORRIS | 41 Exchange-place |
| A. W. GREENLEAF | 44 Exchange-place |
| JOHN EWIN | Pennsylvania Coal Co |
| W. C. FOWLER | 142 Front-st |
| E. A. BENEDICT | 50 Wall-st |
| GEORGE B. POWELL | 9 South-st |
| S. S. STEPHENS | 110 Broadway |
| F. H. LUMMOS | 82 John-st |
| E. H. CHAPIN, M. D | East 33d-st |
| W. M. SMITH | Park-place |
| S. F. GETTY | 115 Greenwich-st |
| R. P. GETTY | 115 Greenwich-st |
| E. WILSON | 78 Wall-st |
| GEORGE BLISS | 45 William-st |
| N. S. SIMPKINS | 29 Wall-st |
| C. H. VAN BRUNT | 63 Wall-st |
| CHAS. S. BROWN | 80 Broadway |
| P. S. CORNELL | 89 Wall-st |
| HENRY SHELDON | 81 Front-st |
| H. A. HOWE | 35 Vesey-st |
| MARTIN E. KINGMAN | 113 Chatham-st |
| S. W. THOMAS | 50 Broad-st |
| EDWARD AUSTIN | Colgate & Co., Pearl-st |
| WILLIAM THOMAS | 50 Broad-st |
| D. O. WOTHERSPOON | 6 Hanover-st |
| P. TILLINGHAST | 112 Reade-st |
| C. S. JUDSON | 84 Chambers-st |
| F. FOWLER | 142 Front-st |
| EDWARD DODGE | Clarke, Dodge & Co. |
| H. A. TUCKER | Van Vleck & Tucker, Broad-st |
| C. C. GOODHUE | Madison-av |
| C. J. MARTIN | Home Insurance Co. |
| SAMUEL COLGATE | 4 Dutch-st |
| P. T. BARNUM | Barnum's Museum |
| C. A. TOWNSEND | 43 Nassau-st |
| GEORGE W. JEWETT | 182 Front-st |
| N. WHEELER | 625 Broadway |
| R. C. BRAINARD | 44 Wall-st |
| E. HOYT | 56 Park-place |
| M. ARMSTRONG | 19 Ferry-st |
| CHARLES E. HILL | 178 Pearl-st |
| C. P. DIXON | 48 Pine-st |
| C. H. LILIENTHAL | 221 Washington-st |
| HENRY A. HEISER | 38 Wall-st |
| H. F. LOMBARD | John-st |
| THOMAS W. BIRDSALL | 31 Pine-st |
| H. J. WILLIAMS | 372 Broadway |
| J. SCOTT | Nassau-st |

OFFICE, NO. 198 BROADWAY. E. HOLMES.

Ladies & Gentlemen
OUT OF THE CITY,
TAKE YOUR OWN MEASURE AND SEND TO
E. A. BROOKS, Ag't,
Importer and Manufacturer of
BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
575 Broadway, New York.

Directions for Measuring the Foot.

*First.* Place the foot upon a piece of paper and trace the outline of same with a pencil, which will give the length and spread of the foot, as shown in figure *A*.

*Second.* Make the following measurements, in inches and fractions, with tape measure, as shown in figure *B*, viz:

1st.—The Ball of the foo
2d.—The Low Instep.
3d.—The High Instep.
4th.—The Heel.
5th.—The Ancle.
6th.—The Calf.

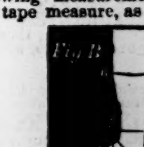

Fig. B

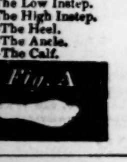

Fig. A

PHALON'S
NIGHT
BLOOMING
CEREUS.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WARD'S,
PERFECT FITTING
SHIRTS.

SELF-MEASUREMENT FOR SHIRTS.
Printed directions for self-measurement, list of prices, and drawings of different styles of Shirts and Collars, sent free everywhere.
THE CASH CAN BE PAID TO EXPRESS COMPANY. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
S. W. H. WARD, No. 387 Broadway, New-York.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 131, Jan. 19, 1866.
46, 64, 25, 14, 15, 45, 54, 24, 65, 51, 66, 36, 9, 62.
KENTUCKY—CLASS 132, Jan. 19, 1866.
75, 21, 38, 14, 58, 46, 25, 60, 10, 24, 34, 67, 72.
SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 31, Jan. 19, 1866.
33, 45, 25, 17, 11, 1, 23, 37, 26, 9, 16, 52, 8, 71.
SHELBY—CLASS No. 32, Jan. 19, 1866.
32, 27, 48, 66, 17, 30, 56, 13, 16, 51, 75, 36, 69.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY TICKETS. Price $30 in currency. Orders received. JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.

CIRCULARS IN THE ABOVE LOTTERIES sent free, by addressing SIMMONS, ROGERS & CO., No. 11 Wall-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

CONSTITUTION
LIFE SYRUP.

A positive and specific remedy for all diseases originating from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, and for all (hereditary) DISEASES transmitted from PARENT TO CHILD.

SCROFULA,

STRUMA, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS,
ULCERATION, KING'S EVIL,
ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM.

This taint, (HEREDITARY and ACQUIRED,) filling life with untold misery, is by all usual medical remedies incurable.

RHEUMATISM.

If there is any disease in which the Constitution Life Syrup is a sovereign, it is in rheumatism and its kindred affections. The most intense pains are almost instantly alleviated—enormous swellings are reduced. Cases, chronic or vicarious, of twenty or thirty years' standing, have been cured.

NERVOUSNESS.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, SHATTERED NERVES,
ST. VITUS' DANCE, LOSS OF POWER,
CONFUSION OF THOUGHTS, EPILEPSY.

Thousands who have suffered for years will bless the day on which they read these lines. Particularly to weak, suffering women will this medicine prove an inestimable blessing—directing their footsteps to a Hope which fulfils more than it promises.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.

SALIVATION. ROTTING OF BONES.
BAD COMPLEXION. ACHES IN BONES.
FEELING OF WEARINESS. DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP purges the system entirely from all the evil effects of MERCURY, removing the Bad Breath, curing the Weak Joints and Rheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is sure to produce. It hardens Spongy Gums and secures the Teeth as firmly as ever

Constitution Life Syrup

Eradicates, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, like

ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES

And all other difficulties of this kind, which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both males and females, often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP

Cures all Swelling of the Glands,

Either of the Face, Neck, or Female Breast, and should be taken as soon as the swelling is detected, thus preventing their breaking, and producing troublesome Discharging Sores, which disfigure so many of the younger portion of the community, from six to twenty years of age. Young children are very subject to Discharges from the Ears, which depends upon a Scrofulous constitution. These cases soon recover by taking a few doses of the Life Syrup.

All scrofulous persons suffering from general Debility, Emaciation, Dyspepsia and Dropsy of the limbs, abdomen, and in the female, Dropsy of the ovaries and womb, generally accompanied with Inflammation and Ulceration of the Uterus, are permanently cured by Constitution Life Syrup. The disease known as Goitre or Swelled Neck, the Life Syrup will remove entirely. The remedy should be taken for some time, as the disease is exceedingly chronic and stubborn, and will not be removed without extra effort.

Tumors of the Ovaries, Tumors of the Breast, and swelling of other glands of the body, will be completely reduced without resorting to the knife, or operations of any kind.

Epileptic Fits, Sympathetic or Organic Diseases of the Heart, as palpitation, Disease of the Valves, producing a grating or filing sound, Dropsy of the Heart Case and all the affections of this important organ, (persons suffering from any acute pain in the region of the heart) will be greatly relieved by Constitution Life Syrup.

Broken-down and Delicate Constitutions,

SUFFERING FROM INDISPOSITION TO EXERTION, PAIN IN THE BACK, LOSS OF MEMORY, FOREBODINGS, HORROR OF CALAMITY, FEAR OF DISEASE, DIMNESS OF VISION, DRY, HOT SKIN AND EXTREMITIES, WANT OF SLEEP, RESTLESSNESS, PALE, HAGGARD COUNTENANCE AND LASSITUDE OF THE MUSCULAR SYSTEM, all require the aid of the CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

FOR ALL FORMS OF

ULCERATIVE DISEASES,

Either of the NOSE, THROAT, TONGUE, SPINE, FOREHEAD OR SCALP, no remedy has ever proved its equal.

MOTH PATCHES upon the female face depending upon the diseased action of the liver are very unpleasant to the young wife and mother. A few bottles of Constitution Life Syrup will correct the secretion, and remove the deposit which is directly under the skin.

In diseases of the Liver, giving rise to Languor, Dizziness, Indigestion, Weak Stomach or an ulcerated or cancerous condition of that organ, accompanied with burning or other unpleasant symptoms, will be relieved by the use of CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

☞ As a general Blood-Purifying Agent, the Life Syrup stands unrivaled by any preparation in the world.

THE RICH AND POOR

are liable to the same diseases. Nature and Science has made the Constitution Life Syrup for the benefit of all

PURE BLOOD

produces healthy men and women; and if the constitution is neglected in youth, disease and early death is the result.

WM. H. GREGG, M. D.,
SOLE PROPRIETOR, NEW-YORK.
MORGAN & ALLEN,
Wholesale Druggists,
AGENTS,
No. 46 Cliff-st., New-York.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.
J. H. REED & CO., Chicago.
COLLINS BROTHERS, St. Louis.
J. D. PARK, Cincinnati.
JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia.
BARNES, WARD & CO., New-Orleans.
BARNES, HENRY & CO., Montreal, Canada.
HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN, San Francisco, Cal.